

POST-SCRIPTS

By GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"Tis with our judgments as our watches, none Go just alike, yet each believes his own."

The impudent use of Sixteenth street by persons whose names are not in the Blue Book constitutes the gravest traffic problem of the day, and must be dealt with rigorously. Let this outrage cease!

Senator Oddie finds that things in Haiti are not as black as they look.

The Osborne family may continue to turn out Gordon gin, but they will never catch up with the output of the American bootlegger.

A distressing accident occurred on Meridian Hill yesterday afternoon, when a milk wagon drove down Sixteenth street. Three Secretaries of Legation fainted. It is such laxity as this on the part of our officials that makes our streets so unsafe.

Ruth, lonesome in her cell and staring into eternity with no such philosophy that solitude gave to Thoreau. What is it to a mind like hers that, after all, "our planet is in the Milky Way," and lonesomeness is only relative?

There being no reason, except stubbornness and narrowness that pass for Stern Justice, why Gray shouldn't be permitted to say good-bye to Ruth (if he's willing to risk going to the chair blind and minus an ear), this small concession doubtless will be denied; but after all, even the condemned wretch on his way to Tyburn Hill was permitted to indulge himself at St. Giles' bowl. "A good drink—if a man might tarry by it!"

"We call some books immortal! Do they live?" If so, believe me, Time hath made them pure.

The pestiferous censor of today—happily given a swift kick by a Chicago jury of 12 good movie fans and true—is no new institution in our troubled midst. The holier-than-thou busybody, with a nose for smut like a setter dog, has been with us always, and if we marvel at the lofty condescension of Gen. Andrews, of the Purity Brigade, in deciding that Haroun Al-Raschid, and his Vizier Gafar, are entitled to enter the modern Bagdad—without the customary disguise—let us not forget that only as far back as 1890 Postmaster General Wanamaker declared Tolstoy's "Kreutzer Sonata" immoral!

"All seems infected that the infected spy. As all looks yellow to the jaundiced eye."

Chamberlin and Bertaud are all ready to fly in the face of Ambassador Herrick's warning.

The airman thinks he is some sky speeder, but the Virginia plover hops off from Labrador at noon and is dining on an English worm before 9 o'clock. A bird that can make a transatlantic flight at 245 miles an hour comes mighty near being in the national emblem class.

"I dwell in a city enchanted, And lonely, indeed, was my lot."

In the old days when Washington was a series of villages connected by bob-tail street cars, the chances are your lot was lonely, but now even the suburbs are overcrowded. Time to take stock and see how abominably we have disgraced our lots with the kind of houses that make our town far from a city enchanted. The American Institute of Architects can be very useful if it doesn't take it all out in talk.

Even the critic, contemplating our far-flung environs, will admit that from a City of Magnificent Distances ours has become a City of Distant Magnificences.

Uncle Joe Cannon leaves an estate of \$347,320. When they were hot on the trail of the "Czar" 20 years ago, the reformers would have made out that this simple "plutocrat" owned Wall Street, but it has long since been clear that he didn't—and that Wall Street didn't own him.

Though Teggart has another pal, George Brennan still is true to Al; And when he sees his Woolen shrink, Tom will be for Al, too, we think.

The Yaguis and the Second Division are engaging in their regular annual summer war maneuvers.

Mr. W. H. Stayton fears that after Wayne B. Wheeler gets through with the American Medical Association convention it'll be all doctored up.

George Washington University debaters are defeated by Oxford when they argue in favor of the Monroe Doctrine. The only chance an American team has over there is to take the affirmative of the question: "Resolved, That the debts should be canceled."

LAWYERS IMPEDING U. S. CRIMINAL LAW ATTACKED BY TAFT

Failure to Administer It Stirring the Country, He Tells Institute.

REPORTS HIGH COURT NEARLY UP TO DATE

Legal Marriage Principles Are Stated to Session for Its Adoption.

Lawyers who seek to prevent the "effective operation of criminal law" were criticized by Chief Justice William Howard Taft before the American Law Institute at the Mayflower hotel yesterday. Asserting that he did not want to be "invidious," the Chief Justice said, "We have them. 'We love our profession,' he said, 'but we know it. 'No lover of his country can have gone through the last three or four years without having been stirred deep in his heart over the failure of the administration of our criminal law,' the Chief Justice said. But, he added, he was not a pessimist, because of the 'deep feeling that has evidenced itself all through the country among the people of the country, among the legislators, and among the people at large as distinguished from those gentlemen of our profession whose chief function in the matter of legislation has been in the past to interfere with the effective operation of the criminal law by special provisions to save the case.'"

For Protecting Forgotten Man. "If there is not some body or some organization to look after the Forgotten Man—that is, society at large—we are not going to have an improvement in the administration of the criminal law as we ought to have."

It is the "Forgotten Man" which the institute is trying to help by gathering together the greatest array of legal talent in the country and re-stating the common law wherever there is ambiguity or conflict. The association is headed by former Attorney General George W. Wickersham. It does not seek to have its restatements incorporated into statutory law, but the fact that the institute is so representative of the legal profession, embracing jurists and practicing attorneys alike, gives its conclusions a considerable weight of authority.

Conflict in the marriage, legitimacy, adoption, guardianship and corporation laws of the various States were discussed yesterday and the indications were that the restatement of corporation laws as presented by the reporter would be materially changed before accepted by the institute.

Supreme Court Nearly Up to Date. The work of the United States Supreme Court has been considerably facilitated by Congress, especially by its act of February 13, the Chief Justice told the institute, but just how far this act will go to place the court abreast of its docket remains to be determined. There has been some delay, he pointed out, in putting it into operation. But he was recently advised by the solicitor general, he said, "that if we had another week we should have been hearing cases which were begun in our court the first of the term, that is, since the first of October."

"Now, I do not know whether that will continue," he said. "You can't always tell. But I think that it is an indication that by the extended exercise of the court's jurisdiction."

De Pinedo Completes Flight to Charleston

Charleston, S. C., May 12 (By A. P.).—Commander Francesco de Pinedo, the Italian flier, continuing his four-continent air voyage, arrived in Charleston at 1 p. m. today from Philadelphia, making the trip in his giant seaplane in 5 hours and 35 minutes. After circling the city several times, De Pinedo landed in the Cooper river, off the customs house, where a welcoming committee awaited him. He left Philadelphia at 7:25 o'clock this morning in his seaplane, Santa Maria II, for his nonstop flight to Charleston.

De Pinedo plans to hop off about 6 o'clock tomorrow morning for Pensacola, Fla.

Vaccination Required To Enter Harvard

Cambridge, Mass., May 12 (By A. P.).—Vaccination has been made a requirement for entrance into Harvard university. The board of overseers adopted a resolution that beginning with the academic year 1927-28, a certificate of successful vaccination be required of all new students allowed to register in any department of the university.

Canada Swim Blanks Demand Bathing Garb

Toronto, Ontario, May 12 (By A. P.).—Grease coating will not be sufficient for swimmers in the \$60,000 water marathon to be held in connection with the Canadian national exhibition this fall. The entry forms, issued today, specify that participants must wear regulation bathing suits.

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SNYDER-GRAY EXECUTION WEEK OF JUNE 13 SEEN

Condemned Couple to Hear Date of Their Death Set by Court Today.

UNCLE SEEKS LORRAINE

By GRACE ROBINSON. New York, May 12.—When Ruth Snyder and Henry Judd Gray stand at the bar of justice at 10 a. m. tomorrow—Friday, the 13th—to hear they must die in the electric chair for their sins, another 13—a fatal 13—will be handed them.

Justice Scudder will order the blond murderer and the coreset salesman to execution during the week of June 13. This was learned tonight. It means that the electricity which will send Ruth and Judd to the hereafter probably will be turned on by Sing Sing's deathhouse some time during the night of Thursday, June 16.

Thursday is the favorite day for electrocutions. Those doomed to die at Sing Sing. But thirteen—thirteen now and thirteen later—is to be the official doomsday of the wife who wrote, "This is my lucky day," and her lover. Unless the pleas of their attorneys prevail, Judd and his "Monsie" will be on their way to Sing Sing's one-way gate by 11 a. m. tomorrow morning. They will march from their cells into Queens county courthouse for the last time at 10 a. m. to stand at attention and hear that the extreme penalty is to be exacted of them for the murder of her husband, Albert Snyder, the art editor.

It probably will be the last time Judd will be able to look face to face at the woman who plotted murder while she was in his arms.

For, after Justice Scudder says something about "You shall be taken to Sing Sing prison and there put to death in accordance with the law," it is not likely that Judd will see anything but his "Monsie's" back. Doomsday eve found Ruth once more wearing her marble mask in her cell to (CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 5.)

Jury Approves Film Banned by Censors

Chicago, May 12 (By A. P.).—A preview of a moving picture, classed by Chicago censors as unfit for city spectators, satisfied a superior court jury that the censors were wrong. The jurors returned a verdict today favoring the exhibition of the film. Producers of the questioned picture, "A Night of Love," sought a writ of mandamus directing the city to issue a permit.

Superior Judge David had told attorneys, "I wish you would raise the constitutional question of censorship. 'If we are living in an age of censorship, as we seem to be,' said the judge, 'ought we not to have censorship for everything, and not discrimination, as there seems to be against the moving picture?'"

Dorothy Mackaye Admits Drinking Before Fatal Fight

Actress Says Gin Was Served by Paul Kelly, on Trial in Death of Ray Raymond—She Denies Advance Knowledge of Fight.

Hall of Justice, Los Angeles, Calif., May 12 (By A. P.).—Dorothy Mackaye, stage actress widow of Ray Raymond, for whose murder Paul Kelly, film actor, is on trial, took the witness stand for the prosecution this afternoon and denied she was aware of the defendant's intention to visit her husband the day the two men engaged in a fist fight.

The State contends the fight resulted in injuries causing Raymond's death and that it was waged by Kelly over the affections of the actress. Miss Mackaye, as she is known on the stage, faces trial herself on charges of attempting to cover up facts surrounding Raymond's death and being an accessory after the fact.

Mrs. Raymond, who testified that she married her husband at Gretna Green, Md., August 1, 1921, said she had no knowledge of Kelly telephoning to her husband while she was at the former's home late Saturday afternoon, April 15, the day the prosecution charges Kelly beat Raymond, causing the injuries which resulted in the latter's death.

BRITISH SEARCHING OFFICES OF SOVIET; PROTEST IGNORED

Spectacular Raid Under Way Against Trade Delegation.

OFFICIALS ARE HELD INSIDE THE BUILDINGS

Search Warrant Obtained on Evidence That Laws Have Been Violated.

London, May 12 (By A. P.).—One of the most spectacular raids in London's financial district took place today, when 45 men from Scotland yard swooped down upon the soviet house in Moorgate and took charge not only of the Arcos offices, but the quarters occupied by the Russian trade delegation, whose officials are supposed to be immune from arrest.

The Scotland yard men were reinforced by 60 uniformed policemen, who surrounded the five-story building, and no one was permitted to enter or depart without permission. Acting under the instructions of the home office, they took complete charge of the entire building, and well on to midnight the search was continuing.

The raid, which began shortly before 5 o'clock in the afternoon, was carried out under the authority of a search warrant issued by a Guildhall magistrate upon request of Whitehall officials, who presented evidence designed to convince the magistrate that the laws of the country had been violated, and that on this account drastic steps were deemed necessary in the interest of public safety.

The raid on the soviet house, the Daily Mail says it learns, was due to information which led Sir William Johnson-Hicks, the home secretary, to believe Arcos to have possession of certain British state documents which should not properly have passed out of the possession of the British government.

The Westminster Gazette says that the Arcos raid was a sequel to representations made to the home secretary Wednesday by Sir Wyndham Childs and other police heads regarding alleged political propaganda.

Sir William Johnson-Hicks, the secretary, authorized the police to act immediately to a magistrate for a search warrant. Application was made Thursday to the city court and the warrant was duly executed.

Taken by Surprise. The employees of Arcos, a corporation which controls Russian trade, as well as the employees of the trade delegation, were taken completely by surprise. Before they had time to realize what had happened the building from attic to cellar was in the hands of detectives, who endeavored to gain control of papers and documents and took measures to prevent any slipping from their grasp.

Consternation prevailed among the clerks and typists, girls and young men, and for more than an hour not one of them was permitted to leave the premises. They were allowed to go, however, before the search in earnest began, but (CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 6.)

Woman's 59 Day Fast As Liver Cure Fatal

Denver, May 12 (By A. P.).—Miss Irene Gimbel, 26, of Lincoln, Ill., died last night after fasting 59 days and then subsisting seventeen days on a liquid diet. The coroner said death was due to pneumonia, with her general weakened condition a contributory cause.

Miss Gimbel began her fast in February, originally planning to fast ten days in an effort to correct a liver disorder. She was a student at a chiropractic university here.

Previous issues portray him as a curly-headed baby, at the time of Queen Victoria's diamond jubilee, 1897, and later as a cadet at Osborne naval college on the 3-cent stamp of the series issued in honor of the coronation of King George V, 1911.

"Uncle Joe's" Heirs Pay \$10,439.20 Tax

Danville, Ill., May 12 (By A. P.).—Heirs of "Uncle Joe" Cannon, veteran statesman, will pay a State inheritance tax of \$10,439.20 on the basis of final settlement of the estate, made today in county court here. The two heirs, both daughters, were allowed exemption of \$20,000 each.

The value of the estate, as fixed by the appraiser, after administration expenses had been deducted, was \$247,520.

Broker Goes to Death By 15-Story Plunge

New York, May 12 (By A. P.).—Sanger B. Steel, 35, vice president and director of the J. G. White Investment Co., Wall street brokers, jumped to his death from the fifteenth floor of the Hotel McAlpin this afternoon. He had registered, hotel authorities said, as George P. Rich, of Chicago. His rise in financial circles was said to have been extraordinary. He was an actor and musician as well as a financier. As a student at Harvard, he was a cartoonist for the Lampoon, university comic magazine. (CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 2.)

LEEVE'S COLLAPSE FREES INLAND SEA; MANY CALL FOR AID

Bayou Rouge, Louisiana, Suffers Dike Failure; Effect in Doubt.

DANGER IS INCREASED BY WIDESPREAD RAIN

Smallpox Has Broken Out in Boeuf River Section Among Flood Refugees.

New Orleans, May 12 (By A. P.).—The first break in the levee system guarding central and southern Louisiana came today when an embankment along Bayou Rouge crumbled near Cottonport. It released a part of the inland sea which had spread over north-eastern Louisiana.

Grave apprehension was felt for a 20-mile stretch of levee along the big bend section of Bayou des Glaises. The water had mounted to within a few inches of the tops of the embankments and at points was trickling over.

The effect of the Bayou Rouge break was problematical. The New Orleans weather bureau renewed its warning that every precautionary measure should be taken along the Mississippi in the lower valley to guard against stages previously forecast.

The crest of the flood still was in the Tenness basin today, moving slowly southward. It remained stationary at Allulah, but was rising at Winnboro, Waterproof and Ferriday as it moved on the ramparts protecting the south central portion of the State below Bayou des Glaises.

Most of Residents Out. Authorities said that the break probably would not affect a large area and that most of the inhabitants and live stock already had been removed.

Different opinions were expressed as to the course the water would take. Engineers said the natural drainage systems should take care of it and that its effect would be local, only Cottonport and other communities in that immediate vicinity being affected. They believe a portion of it would flow into Indian Bayou, return to Bayou Rouge and then flow down the Atchafalaya basin into the Gulf of Mexico.

The crevasse was said to be 500 feet wide, with a stream of water from 2 to 3 feet deep flowing toward Bayou Choquette and Plaquemine, Evergreen and Eunice. None of the three towns was believed in danger and a protection levee at Cottonport was sufficient to hold the water out of that place.

Guards were withdrawn from the levees in the neighborhood of Bordolville and the work of topping the embankments halted after the crevasse at Cottonport because of the danger of flood waters from the break.

Rains Increase Danger. That part of the State faced the double threat of rains and flood water and topping along the Big Bend stretch proceeded slowly, with workmen unable to labor on the levees top because of the danger of the crown toppling into the Bayou under the softening influence of the rains.

Work had been abandoned at the point where the break occurred a short time before the water forced its way (CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 6.)

Newfoundland Again Puts Wales on Stamp

London, May 12 (By A. P.).—A modern portrait of the Prince of Wales is included in the designs of a new series of postage stamps now being prepared for Newfoundland, Britain's oldest colony. Newfoundland is the only British possession upon whose postage stamps the mature head of the prince has appeared.

Previous issues portray him as a curly-headed baby, at the time of Queen Victoria's diamond jubilee, 1897, and later as a cadet at Osborne naval college on the 3-cent stamp of the series issued in honor of the coronation of King George V, 1911.

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NOVA SCOTIANS SEE AERO, MAY BE NUNGESSER PLANE; BELLANCA DELAYS FLIGHT

Fishermen Say Machine Was Heading Toward Bay of Fundy.

6 IN NEWFOUNDLAND HEAR HUM OF MOTOR

Conflicting Reports Puzzle to Ottawa Officials; No Canada Flier Out.

Halifax, Nova Scotia, May 12 (By A. P.).—The correspondent of the Halifax Herald, in Freeport, Digby county, reported tonight that two lobster fishermen told him they had seen an airplane pass over St. Marys bay early last Monday morning while attending to their lobster traps.

The men declared that they had only a brief glimpse of the plane through the morning mist. It was heading in a westerly direction across the mouth of the Bay of Fundy, they said.

The correspondent of the Herald said that the fishermen told him this when they learned, for the first time today, of the search being made for the French transatlantic flier, Nungesser and Coll.

In R-34's Course. The time the fishermen saw the plane was not reported to the Herald. Another fisherman, unidentified by the correspondent, also reported seeing a plane.

The lobstermen said that the plane was following a course similar to that of the British dirigible R-34, which passed over the Bay of Fundy on its round trip from England to America in 1919.

Inadequate telephone service in the vicinity hampered the gathering of much information there tonight, the Herald said.

Not Government Plane. Ottawa, Ontario, May 12 (By A. P.).—Officials of the Canadian air board, commenting tonight on the report that an airplane had been seen passing over St. Marys bay, Nova Scotia, Monday morning, said no Canadian aircraft had been flying over Nova Scotia on Monday.

It is therefore possible, they thought, that the plane seen might have been the Nungesser craft. They said, however, that the plane seen over Nova Scotia could not have been the same one which six persons have said they heard over Harbor Grace, Newfoundland, between 9 and 10 o'clock that morning, because it would take from two to three hours to fly from Harbor Grace to St. Marys.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 3.)

Argument Over Bible Causes Double Killing

Atlanta, Tex., May 12 (By A. P.).—Charles Preston, 65, and George Shields, 42, brothers-in-law, are dead following an argument over the Bible, which ended in a gun battle at the Shields home at Midway community, 9 miles northeast of here. Shotgun fired almost simultaneously brought near instant death to each.

Shields and Preston were married to twin sisters and each was the father of three children. The former was a farmer and the latter a mechanic. The men met in the yard at the Shields home Tuesday and the shooting followed.

Jurors Deadlocked Over Chaplin Film

New York, May 13 (By A. P.).—Unable to agree on whether Charlie Chaplin's motion picture, "Shoulder Arms," was pirated from "The Rookery," a scenario written by Lee Loeb, defendant salesman and author, the Federal court jury hearing the case was discharged early today.

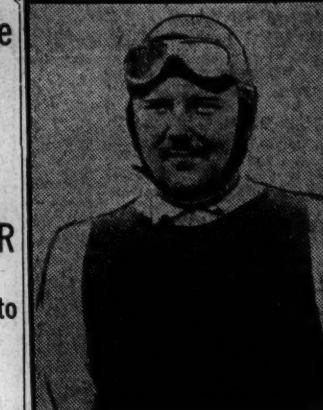
Jurymen said they stood ten to two for Loeb when they reported they were hopelessly deadlocked after almost eight hours' deliberation. They said the ten jurors were in favor of awarding the full amount sought by Loeb, \$50,000.

Capital Girl, on Air Trip West for Work, Is Held

Dayton, Ohio, May 12 (By A. P.).—Fred Parker, president of an Anderson, Ind., aircraft company, tonight was released after government agents investigated his aerial trip to Dayton with Dorothy Bevins, 16 years old, of Washington.

Parker and Ernest Burns, a pilot employed by his company, and the girl were detained by police today upon word from Miss Bevins' mother at Washington. Parker explained that he was accompanying the girl to Anderson, where he intended to give her work in his factory. They were detained when their plane landed at Wilbur Wright field here.

The pilot also was released tonight but the girl was held in Dayton until tomorrow when she will return East. Alarmed because she had not heard from her daughter since she left with Parker for Anderson, the girl's mother



CAPT. CHARLES A. LINDBERGH.

CAPT. LINDBERGH FLIES TO NEW YORK IN 7 HOURS

Transatlantic Aspirant Is Not Certain, However, of His Final Hop-Off.

TO TRAVEL BY COMPASS

Roosevelt Field, New York, May 12 (By A. P.).—Capt. Charles Lindbergh landed here at 5:37 o'clock this evening, preparatory to hopping off for Paris.

Lindbergh hopped off from St. Louis at 8:12 o'clock this morning, making the 950-mile journey in a little more than seven hours. Yesterday he made the 1,550-mile nonstop flight from San Diego, Calif., to St. Louis in 14 hours 5 minutes.

He flew across the country alone in his Ryan monoplane and will attempt the New York to Paris flight for the \$25,000 Orteig prize without a companion, the only entrant to try the flight unattended. Lindbergh is 25 years old, is a former St. Louis-Chicago air mail pilot and is flight commander of the Missouri national guard.

The aviator appeared perfectly fresh and in good spirits. When he climbed out of the machine at the field he responded to questions concerning the likelihood of an early hop-off across the Atlantic.

Exactly when he would go, he said, "depends upon a great many things." Shortly after his arrival, Lindbergh announced that he would not hop off for Paris either tonight or tomorrow. "I do not know just how soon I will go," he said, "but I will not be ready to leave by tomorrow and my departure will not be contingent upon the action of any one else."

St. Louis, May 12 (By A. P.).—Capt. Charles Lindbergh, only lone pilot entered in the \$25,000 Orteig morning transatlantic contest, left here this morning on the second lap of his transcontinental flight, for Roosevelt field, L. I., where he expects to put his Ryan monoplane into shape for the New York-to-Paris hop.

He said he would fly across the Atlantic by compass and would need to take no observation. In the event of a (CONTINUED ON PAGE 2, COLUMN 5.)

Americans at Oxford Lose Monroe Debate

Oxford, England, May 12 (By A. P.).—The Monroe doctrine suffered a defeat tonight at a meeting of the famous university debating society of the Oxford union, held in its historic hall. The subject of the debate was "That this house can not support the Monroe doctrine."

An American debating team of three participated. Two of the Americans, William McGowan and William Williamson, both of George Washington university, Washington, D. C., spoke in favor of the doctrine, while John Trimble, also of George Washington, and one English and one Peruvian student opposed it. The house was evenly divided at the start, but in the final pool of the audience of 200, the vote was nearly 4 to 1 against the doctrine's defenders.

The United States weather bureau this afternoon sent word to Chamberlin and Bertaud that there is unsettled weather but no storms on the western half of the Atlantic and fair weather on the eastern half.

The unsettled and cloudy weather, the weather forecaster said, extends from the Grand Banks to longitude 35. There was a fog blanket extending from the Grand Banks off Newfoundland southerly probably to the steamship lanes this afternoon, he added.

The Bellanca monoplane was kept behind closed doors in its hangar where mechanics replaced a metal propeller with a wooden one.

America to Be Tested.

Roosevelt Field, L. I., May 12 (By A. P.).—The Fokker monoplane America arrived here from Hasbrouck Heights this evening, followed by another Fokker plane in which Commander Richard E. Byrd, Bert Acosta, Lieut. George Norville and Anthony Fokker were passengers.

Tomorrow the plane will be put through a series of factory tests, including weight carrying capacity in which the plane will be tried for varying loads up to 14,000 pounds. If these tests prove satisfactory the plane will be turned over to the American Transoceanic Co., headed by Rodman Wanamaker, which is sponsoring Byrd's proposed nonstop flight from New York to Paris.

Grower A. Whalen, vice president of the company, who was on the field when the plane arrived, said the date for the proposed transatlantic flight was indefinite. He said preparations for the departure of the Bellanca plane, piloted by Lloyd Bertaud and Clarence D. Chamberlin, had nothing to do with the arrival of the plane at Roosevelt field today.

The pilot who will accompany Byrd on his transatlantic attempt will be named when the plane is accepted by the Transoceanic Co., Whalen said.

Report of Squal Over Ocean Causes Delay Until Tomorrow.

LINDBERGH MAY THEN BE READY TO START

Byrd's Ship on Field, but It Must Be Tested First by Pilots.

New York, May 12 (By

GASOLINE PRICE WAR TO BENEFIT DISTRICT MOTORISTS, CLAIM

Oil Company Predicts \$200,000 Saving a Month During Hostilities.

ALL LARGER COMPANIES ANNOUNCE REDUCTIONS

Penn Oil First to Cut Rate to Public; Standard Down to 19 Cents.

Washington motorists will have about \$200,000 a month during the gasoline price war which quietly began last Monday between the large gasoline companies in the District, according to Paul Himmelfarb, president of the Penn Oil Co. They are getting their gasoline at 6 or 7 cents less than Baltimore motorists, he declared last night.

According to Mr. Himmelfarb, his company began the hostilities some time ago with a 2-cent reduction in the price of gasoline which was matched last Monday by the Standard Oil Co., making a price of 19 cents a gallon. The Penn Oil Co. is expected to drop another 2 cents today, Himmelfarb said. John S. Walker, District manager for the Standard Oil Co., was said last night to be out of town by members of his household.

Mr. Himmelfarb declared that the larger companies had been making rebates to small dealers and winning them from his company and that the Penn Oil Co. decided to make its rebates to the public.

The Texas and the Tidewater Oil Co., both wholesale firms, also have dropped their prices to conform to the lower levels set by the other companies. The American Oil Co. and the Columbia Oil Co., which maintain service stations, also are involved in the war. It is predicted by station managers that the war can not last long, but that the motorist will be the beneficiary during the battle.

The Standard Oil Co. last night denied that there is a price war on but admitted that the retail price of gasoline at their service stations will be dropped 2 cents today making the price the same as that quoted by the Penn Oil Co., 17 cents a gallon. The wholesale price will not be affected, it was said.

Increase Is Reported In Motor Car Deaths

Although automobile fatalities are slightly lower for the four-week period ended April 23 than the corresponding period in 1926, the deaths for the year ended April 23 still exceed the deaths for the year ended April 24, 1926, the report compiled by the Department of Commerce covering automobile fatalities in 78 large cities of the United States shows.

Altogether there have been 103 deaths from automobile accidents during the last year, and 55 the year before in Washington. During the four-week period ended April 23 there were five deaths, and six for the same period in 1926. New York city leads the list with 81 deaths during the four-week period and 1,119 deaths during the year ended April 23.

Over the Coffee Cup John Wilkins

When some grocery clerk says to you—

"No, ma'am, we don't sell Wilkins, but have you tried our—?" It's just as good!

Just remember that, if it was as good as Wilkins, Wilkins couldn't continue to outsell other brands as it does!



MISSING 21 DAYS

DOUGLAS SEALOCK.

SEALOCK KIDNAPED, POLICE NOW BELIEVE

Parents of Boy, Missing 21 Days, Also Doubt That He Was Drowned.

Special to The Washington Post.

Front Royal, Va., May 12.—The disappearance of Douglas Sealock, 9 years, missing since April 21, remains a mystery. Just before the severe storm swept this section on that evening, several persons saw the boy running toward the bridge which spans the Shenandoah river, over which he had to cross going to and from school. His book was found the next morning in the middle of the bridge. The river has been dragged to no avail.

In the last few days the police have learned that at the time of Sealock's disappearance a boy was seen evidently struggling to leave an automobile near the bridge, where the driver had halted to inquire about the route to Indiana.

The Texas and the Tidewater Oil Co., both wholesale firms, also have dropped their prices to conform to the lower levels set by the other companies.

The American Oil Co. and the Columbia Oil Co., which maintain service stations, also are involved in the war.

It is predicted by station managers that the war can not last long, but that the motorist will be the beneficiary during the battle.

The Standard Oil Co. last night denied that there is a price war on but admitted that the retail price of gasoline at their service stations will be dropped 2 cents today making the price the same as that quoted by the Penn Oil Co., 17 cents a gallon.

The wholesale price will not be affected, it was said.

Increase Is Reported In Motor Car Deaths

Although automobile fatalities are slightly lower for the four-week period ended April 23 than the corresponding period in 1926, the deaths for the year ended April 23 still exceed the deaths for the year ended April 24, 1926, the report compiled by the Department of Commerce covering automobile fatalities in 78 large cities of the United States shows.

Altogether there have been 103 deaths from automobile accidents during the last year, and 55 the year before in Washington. During the four-week period ended April 23 there were five deaths, and six for the same period in 1926. New York city leads the list with 81 deaths during the four-week period and 1,119 deaths during the year ended April 23.

Over the Coffee Cup John Wilkins

When some grocery clerk says to you—

"No, ma'am, we don't sell Wilkins, but have you tried our—?" It's just as good!

Just remember that, if it was as good as Wilkins, Wilkins couldn't continue to outsell other brands as it does!

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STREETCARS VOTED BY ISSUERS HERE

New Building Will Be Background for Famed Octagon House Madisons Occupied.

EXPLOITING OF LAND IN CITY DEPRECATED

Resolution Says It Must Be Stopped if Beautification Is to Be Realized.

A \$500,000 headquarters building for the American Institute of Architects, the design of which will represent the genius of 5,000 of the nation's greatest architects, is to be erected on the famous old Octagon house at Eighteenth street and New York avenue northwest.

The institute, which is meeting here for its sixtieth annual convention, adopted a resolution at last night's session authorizing its building committee to raise the money and to go ahead with plans for the proposed new building.

The Octagon house, which was used as the executive mansion by President Madison and Dolly Madison after the burning of the White House by the British in 1814, is now owned and used as a headquarters by the American Institute of Architects. However, it is too small, and there is a great need for a new building to house a library, offices and a convention hall. The famous old octagon-shaped house itself will not be disturbed, the new building being erected so as to serve as a background for it.

To Be Best in Architecture. The new building will represent all the best in the art of architecture in America, and for that reason, it is being erected on the famous old Octagon house, which is the best in architecture.

Exploitation of the land here must be stopped if the plans for beautifying Washington are to be realized. The institute declared in a resolution adopted yesterday. This truth, the resolution said, applies to other cities as well.

The institute authorized a study in this and other centers of the problem of land development and regulation. The study will be in charge of Mr. Wright, of New York, who will report his findings and urge appropriate action at the 1928 convention.

The institute's action yesterday said: "To face the issue and meet the requirements of city planning not only must the size of the houses and lots be regulated but also the quality and quantity of architecture. This problem will reflect tremendously upon the architecture of the future."

Disgrace to Any City. New York city, Mr. Wright said, is suffering from a scourge of small-house building that is an absolute disgrace to any city. The city, he said, is making a fight to replace its East side slums, but this is as nothing compared with the fight it must make against small, cheap, poorly constructed buildings.

Under action by the 57 chapters of the institute to insure the future greatness of the National Capital was urged in the report of the committee on the plan of Washington.

The committee on the plan of Washington, which was organized by the institute, is a body of 57 chapters, one in each of the 57 chapters of the institute. The committee is a body of 57 chapters, one in each of the 57 chapters of the institute.

Mr. Pease, speaking feelingly about a rider on the public buildings bill which he said permitted a "boogie-woogie" of hotels, office buildings and shops to be erected around Lafayette square.

Would Save Lafayette Square. "The need is urgent," said Mr. Pease. "The situation as regards the White House and Capitol frontages stands as a challenge to one of the most important elements of the MacMillan plan. The alternatives are abandonment of the plan, immediate purchase of the properties involved, or subsequent purchase with millions of dollars added in improvements."

Let us not think of the effort, of the cost, or of the thankless task. Let us rather regard it as our unique privilege to grasp decisions in advance the vision of a glorious Capital to be our great opportunity, our greater obligation, to work for the realization of that vision.

And let us keep humbly in mind how little we can do compared to the offering in genius, in enthusiasm, in self-sacrifice of the young people of this city, who are the future of the nation, and who are the future of the nation.

Let us not lend our support to any casual memorial to Charles Pierre L'Enfant until by our own efforts we have brought to full realization his vision of 130 years ago.

Each Chapter Must Do Its Part. "If each chapter of the American Institute of Architects will do its part in reaching all of its representatives in Congress and in stating the facts clearly and frankly, its technical advice and its weight as a constituent group will be heeded."

The notable contributions of many eminent architects toward the development of Washington have created a deep impression that the profession as a whole is watching the Capital's development as a patriotic service. We like to believe that this is the case, but it is not fully borne out by our works.

As a profession we have accomplished much for Washington, but the efforts of those who work are not infrequently nullified by the shortcomings of those who are supposed to be pulling and are not.

We are in no position to stir up the public or to assail the shortcomings of Congress, while many of us who ought to understand and to flame with indignation ignore conditions or are indifferent to them. It will be recalled by delegates to the 1928 convention that the chairman of this committee was given special opportunity to bring before the convention a rider on the public buildings bill, potent with dire consequences, if enacted.

The rider would have permitted the buildings from the area north of Pennsylvania avenue, being aimed directly at the defeat of the MacMillan plan in so far as it concerned Lafayette square.

Bill and Rider Passed. "The bill and rider passed and the resulting complications have occupied the full time of the committee during the year. The passage at once removed the protecting arm of the plan, and the commercialization of the White House frontage began with a hotel and two projected office buildings. Two bills were offered to relieve the situation, one establishing control of facades facing government property and one specifically authorizing the purchase of the hotel site and Sixteenth and H streets."

Both bills were lost and we now submit to this convention for its consideration the situation that one of the chief national monuments should be surrounded by an architectural hodgepodge of cheap buildings, hotels, shops, all opposed in character to St. John's church, which stands for a tradition all of its own. The historic residences which are falling by the wayside of their owners and to the half-begun monumental plan for the square as typified by the great white column, the treasury annex and by the corresponding Chamber of Commerce.

The subject has been aided by the fact that the district of Columbia is being forgotten, while the commercialization process proceeds. Soon another element of the plan will have been lost for the most part complete, and we today struggle against the handicaps of the veterans' bureau, of the State Department building, the Navy and the State building, and of the blocked vistas and lost parks."

Admiral Lord W. T. Kerr Dead. Derby, England, May 12 (By A. P.).—Admiral of the Fleet Lord Walter Talbot Kerr is dead. Born in 1839, he entered the navy at the age of 14. He was named admiral of the fleet in 1904.

Maintenance Suit Dismissed. The bill for maintenance filed by Mrs. Rosa Rodbar against her husband, Isaac Rodbar, was dismissed yesterday by Chief Justice McCoy in equity court after a hearing. Attorney A. Leftwich Stedler appeared for the husband.

MEMORIALS ABROAD ARE HELD UNSIGHTLY

Repair Urged for Many American War Monuments by the Commission.

A majority of memorials erected by Americans in Europe prior to the creation of the American Legion believe the commission are now in a more or less unsightly condition and need attention.

The condition is caused by disintegration of material used in their construction, mechanical injuries, growth of weeds and vegetation about them, and accumulation of rubbish in their vicinity.

The appearance of all such memorials, regardless of who erected them, reflects upon the people of the United States, the commission believes it would be unfortunate if the conditions referred to should continue, the report states.

It is hoped, therefore, that all American organizations which have erected monuments of any merit in Europe will take steps, if they have not already done so, to insure that their memorials be maintained in an attractive condition.

The commission announced the question of maintenance of existing American memorials has been seriously considered a number of times and that it favors government care for such of them as are in its opinion worthy of preservation. However, new legislation will be required from Congress, and the commission is not disposed to ask for such an action outside the scope of its consideration after the details of its project have been definitely decided on.

The commission some time ago expected itself to be urged to approve erection of any future memorials of this class unless their maintenance in proper condition is assured in advance.

Dr. George W. Morey, of the geophysical laboratory, was awarded the prize for the best paper on a chemical subject during 1926, last night by the chemical society of Washington, meeting in the Cosmos club.

The award was a scientific book, entitled "The Constitution of Glass." The award was made by the committee on the Constitution of Glass.

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WOMAN HURT IN CAR Accident Recovering

Mrs. A. T. Thompson, of 3746 Jocelyn street northwest, who was injured in an automobile accident near Spangburg, S. C., Monday, is recovering in a hospital in Spartanburg, according to word received here yesterday by Mrs. Estelle Thompson, of 1330 Columbia road northwest, a friend.

The message was sent by Miss Thelma Thompson, daughter of the injured woman, who was with her at the time their car was wrecked. It was reported Mrs. Thompson would suffer the loss of a foot, but physicians have made amputation unnecessary, it was said.

Mrs. Thompson, her daughter and Miss Janice Ehrmantrout, of Tampa, Fla., were returning to Washington from Florida, where they had passed the winter.

600 DELEGATES HERE FOR ZONTA SESSIONS

Commissioner Daugherty Will Address Clubs' Members at Opening Today.

Six hundred delegates to the National Confederation of Zonta Clubs convention opening at the Raleigh hotel today, will be officially welcomed to Washington this morning when District Commissioner Fredrick L. Daugherty addresses the opening session. President Coudelle will receive the delegates at the White House at 11:30 o'clock.

The morning session will be opened at 9:30 o'clock with invocation by the Rev. Ulysses G. B. Pierce, Miss Louise C. Coudelle, president of the convention, will preside, and Miss Jane Bartlett, president of the Zonta club of Washington, will deliver an address of greeting. The afternoon session will be taken up with committee reports. There will be a dinner for all club presidents at the hotel, Washington, at 1:30 o'clock.

NOGALES DISTURBED AS ARMY OF AQUIS MOVES ON THE CITY

Military Leaders Scout Belief
Indians Will Attack, but
Guns Are Placed.

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS VIEWED FROM U. S. SIDE

100 Rebels Killed in Jalisco;
Business Men Reject
Moratorium Plan.

Nogales, Ariz., May 12 (By A. P.).—General headquarters of the Mexican rebels in Jalisco, today announced that they had decided to attack Nogales, Sonora. The military authorities declared that the border town is sufficiently fortified to defeat any attempt of the Indian rebels to invade the community. Gen. Francisco Manero, federal commander in the Yaqui war, said prior to the departure for Ortiz, Sonora, where a body of 14,000 federal troops is located, that the Nogales garrison could muster 3,500 men if needed to repulse attacks by the Indians. Gen. Manero stated that he leaves Nogales "perfectly armed and equipped," but added that he held no fear of a Yaqui raid upon the border city.

Despite the reassurance from official sources, residents of Nogales appear noticeably perturbed over the report current last night that Chief Luis Sotelo, at the head of 1,000 warriors, would advance upon the city if it was not surrendered by federal military forces before Sunday.

Defense Preparations Go On.

Preparations for the defense of the city continue despite emphatic denials by Mexican military authorities of possibilities of an attack upon Nogales. Today no fewer than fourteen gun positions could be counted on the hills overlooking the city, while it is estimated that more than 800 federal are heavily entrenched at regular intervals in a semicircular line of defense, this body continuing sentinel duty. A short engagement was officially reported as having occurred yesterday near Camp Chicharri, southeast of here, in which the casualty list was not made known.

However, it was stated that six Yaqui women, four children and an old man surrendered after they had been promised safety by the camp commander. The official statement says they were transported to Hermosillo, capital city of Sonora, which is a centralization point for prisoners of war. From there the prisoners probably will be moved to Toluca, Mexico.

While no major change in the routine of American military activities has occurred since the presence of Yaqui tribesmen in the vicinity was reported a fortnight ago, a patrol was put out yesterday under orders of the intelligence department. The patrol remained on duty today.

More Than 100 Rebels Killed.

Mexico City, May 12 (By A. P.).—More than 100 rebels have been killed in two combats with federal forces at Toluca, Del Rio and San Jose de Paz, state of Jalisco, says a report received by President Calles from War Minister Amaro last night. This report informed the president that the majority of the "gangs of Catholic extremists" are concentrated at Juchipila, Yavon and that the war minister has ordered a concentration of troops for a drive on these bands.

Forty-five women and children, relatives of rebels who are hiding in the mountains, have been captured by the federal soldiers.

The business men's conference, called here to consider a moratorium on the commercial depression, adjourned early this morning after a lengthy session. A permanent commission was appointed to study commercial problems and suggest methods for their solution.

A resolution proposing that the government assume the moratorium on commercial obligations because of the business depression was rejected.

Mrs. Helen Sonneborn Wins a Reno Divorce

Reno, Nev., May 12 (By A. P.).—Alleging her husband deserted her in Atlantic City, N. J., in 1925, Mrs. Helen N. Sonneborn, granddaughter of the late Admiral George W. Melville, of the United States navy, has been granted a divorce in district court here. She is the daughter of Mrs. Melville-Neel, of Los Angeles, and was formerly well known in Philadelphia and Washington. The decree was made public today.

Woman Who Wounded Mussolini Quits Italy

Rome, May 12 (By A. P.).—The Hon. Violet Albina Gibson, who attempted to assassinate Premier Mussolini in April, 1926, and subsequently was adjudged insane, left here this afternoon for Great Britain accompanied by her sister and four nurses. Italian police will escort her to the coast.

Miss Gibson, a sister of Lord Ashbourne, and a British subject, shot the Italian premier on April 7, 1926. The premier escaped without a scratch, but the bullet which struck his arm was slightly wounded near the tip of his nose.

British Near Home From Spain.

London, May 12 (By A. P.).—Looking bronzed and healthy, the Prince of Wales returned today from his trip to France and Spain, which kept him away from home about a month. He was accompanied on this return by Prince George.

AMERICAN FLIERS AND PLANE READY FOR PARIS FLIGHT



WOMAN, "MISSING" FROM SHIP, IS FOUND

Mrs. Marshall, Believed Lost in Bay, Held With Norfolk Man at Cleveland.

Cleveland, May 12 (By A. P.).—Mrs. Mary B. Marshall, who disappeared from the Old Bay State line steamer State of Virginia, March 21, today was found in Cleveland, where she is being held as a material witness in a Federal violation case. H. Staples, 40, Norfolk, also is being held in connection with the charge.

The couple were arrested here last Tuesday by Federal officials after they had been traced through letters received at the postoffice here by Staples. Bond of Staples was set at \$3,000 and that of Mrs. Marshall at \$500. Staples, when taken into custody, had \$1,500 in cash on his person. Hearing has been set for next Tuesday.

Norfolk, Va., May 12 (By A. P.).—Mrs. Mary B. Marshall left her home in Norfolk after telling relatives she intended joining her husband in a Northern voyage. She boarded a steamer for Baltimore, but was not aboard when the vessel reached that city. Her purse, traveling bag and some of her clothing were found in her stateroom.

Go Visiting Week Decried in Georgia

Atlanta, Ga., May 12 (By A. P.).—Gov. Clifford Walker today called upon Georgians to set aside the week of June 11-19 to "go visiting."

In a proclamation designating "See Georgia Week," the executive suggested that his fellow citizens take advantage of it for "visits to their friends and relatives," as well as to acquaint themselves with the physical attributes of Georgia.

DOROTHY MACKAYE ADMITS GIN DRINKING

(Continued from page 1.)

before Kelly appeared at the Raymond home and engaged in a fist fight with the dead actor.

She had known Kelly ten or twelve years, having met him in New York City.

MacDonald related that she visited Kelly's home with Miss Helen Wilkinson, a friend, and others about an hour after her husband returned home on Friday, April 15, and that she again visited there the following afternoon with other people.

On an objection by the State, the court ruled that it was a matter of record that the witness was in custody of a policeman at the time.

Miss Lee pressed her argument, and asked by the defense if she identified it. She replied it was a photograph of the photograph.

The photograph, with the subject stripped to the waist and posed to emphasize his chest and arm muscles, was passed among the jurors.

A second negro maid and a Japanese house boy were announced as on the State's list of witnesses to be called to furnish new evidence.

Baltimore, May 12 (By A. P.).—Testimony given by Dorothy Mackaye in the trial of Paul Kelly, charged with the murder of her husband, Ray Raymond, that she and Raymond were married in Maryland in 1921 could not be confirmed tonight. There is no "retina green" in the State, although several towns—particularly Elkton—are so called because of lenient marriage laws.

The courthouse at Elkton being closed tonight, marriage records were unavailable.

A search of the files of local newspapers of August 1, 1921, revealed no notice of the marriage.

Ramsay MacDonald to New York

Philadelphia, May 12 (By A. P.).—J. Ramsay MacDonald, former premier of Great Britain, who had been ill in a hospital here for more than two weeks, left for New York this afternoon. Mr. MacDonald was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Isabel MacDonald.

The former premier will be the guest in New York of Miss Lillian Wald, director of the Henry Street Settlement house. Mr. MacDonald expects to sail for England next Tuesday.

British Flying Officer Killed.

London, May 12 (By A. P.).—Flying Officer William Alan Foot, of the royal air force reserve, was instantly killed today when his plane crashed near Maidenhead while on a cross-country flight.

Co-operative Apartments

Homes

66 CRESCENT PLACE

Washington's Most Desirable Co-operative Building

1409 H STREET

APARTMENT FOR GENTLEMEN

Goldhelm's

WARREN

AIRPLANE SEEN ON MONDAY BY NOVA SCOTIA FISHERMEN

(Continued from page 1.)

The plane heard at Harbor Grace, therefore, would not have reached St. Marys bay until about noon.

Six Hear Ace Motors.

St. John's, Newfoundland, May 12 (By A. P.).—Whether the great island colony of Newfoundland, long known as the "sentinel of the St. Lawrence," holds the key to the mystery surrounding the disappearance of Capt. Nungesser and Col. Galt, French transatlantic fliers, is a question which its inhabitants are bending every energy to answer. The problem hinges on sounds heard in the air by six residents of Harbor Grace, second largest town in Newfoundland, last Monday morning.

Without knowledge that the fight was in progress, each of the six has reported hearing "sounds like an airplane" passing overhead in the vicinity of Harbor Grace between 9 and 10 o'clock in the morning. The list of witnesses includes:

Mrs. Hinto, wife of the manager of the Imperial Cable Co.; Mrs. R. S. Munn, Peter O'Brien, John Stapleton and a man named Moriarty, field worker, and a woman living north of the town.

Quizzed by Judge.

Questioned by a local magistrate, O'Brien and Stapleton stuck firmly to their story that they had distinctly heard the whirring of an airplane motor. The sound seemed to come from the northwest. Because of a dense fog they were unable to see anything. The two men were in different parts of the town at the time. Mrs. Hinto also said that she plainly heard the sound and was sure that it was that of an airplane.

Sir William Horwood, acting governor of Newfoundland, received reports of the sighting of the plane.

Higgins, attorney general. After hearing from Magistrate Casey, of Harbor Grace, the result of his examination of O'Brien and Stapleton, Higgins ordered him to extend his investigation over the whole area on the northwest side of Conception bay, which separates Harbor Grace and other towns from the southernmost peninsula of Newfoundland, on which St. John's is located.

Los Angeles Out Today.

Lakehurst, N. J., May 12 (By A. P.).—Because of low visibility, the flight of the naval dirigible Los Angeles to search for the French fliers, Capt. Nungesser and Col. Galt, was postponed today.

Lieut. Comdr. Charles E. Rosendahl said tonight that he believed weather conditions would permit the ship to take off at dawn tomorrow. The vessel will fly as far and as long as daylight will permit.

May Be in Labrador.

(By the Associated Press.)

Naval hydrographers decided yesterday that if the missing French aviators, Nungesser and Galt, are still alive they probably are somewhere in Labrador, only a few miles from the densely wooded and mountainous wilderness.

Their decision was based on the assumption that there was no motor failure on the part of the airplane. White Bird, that the wind velocity during the flight took the aviators to the north of Newfoundland and that the machine's altimeter, because of changed conditions, did not cause them to crash against icebergs or strike land obstructions.

Report given to Secretary Wilbur late yesterday emphasized that the winds which prevailed in the north Atlantic at the time of the flight, on the whole, were the most favorable of any recorded in recent years.

On the other hand, however, it was the belief of the Naval Secretary's advisers that if the White Bird failed to reach the Labrador coast there was little, if any, chance that it still was afloat. The presumed course, plotted on the basis of official information given by the naval attaché in Paris and known weather elements, would have taken the fliers beyond Newfoundland's most northern boundaries and into a region where ice floes are numerous and the land for the most part mountainously wooded and virtually uninhabited.

Is Blow to Optimism.

The report caused optimism to give up much of the hope they had previously entertained that Nungesser and Galt had taken a more southerly course, one that would have led them across Newfoundland and away from the more dangerous regions to the north. It had the effect also of strengthening the belief that a search of waters along the New England coast was more futile than had been expected.

The navy's report was prepared by Lieut. Earl H. Kincaid, a meteorologist engaged in static and atmospheric research work, and Lieut. Logan C. Ram-

sey, in charge of aviation chart construction for the navy.

The two experts, after pointing out various conditions which might have caused the Frenchmen to swing to the north of their intended route, said it was possible that they encountered the coast of Labrador about Sunday midnight or shortly thereafter.

"In the darkness," the report added, "they probably were not expecting to sight land so early and might have passed over the coast and proceeded inland without knowing it."

Several Possible Results.

"In this case, quite a number of possibilities are apparent. First, they may have continued on until daylight and discovered themselves inland over an unknown country. Second, they may have been forced down by stress of weather inland. Third, they may have crashed into the side of a mountain."

"Their best chance of survival, the one to which, knowing the courage and resourcefulness of Nungesser and Galt, we cling as our last faint hope, is that Nungesser made a safe landing in one of the many lakes which dot the interior of Labrador. If that be true, they or even months may pass before they are able to make their way to civilization."

Fileme Will Give \$1,000 For Finding Lost Fliers

New York, May 12 (By A. P.).—A. Lincoln Fox, of Boston, merchant, offered through his attorney here today a reward of \$1,000 to the person or persons whose search for Nungesser and Galt, missing French fliers, results in their discovery or rescue.

IMPEDING LAWYERS ATTACKED BY TAFT

(Continued from page 1.)

case of the writ of certiorari we are accomplishing what we hoped by the change.

In its statement of marriage laws as formulated by Joseph H. Beale and Austin W. Scott, which it was indicated would be accepted by the institute, the following principles were laid down:

A marriage is valid if the requirements of the State where the marriage takes place are complied with. A marriage is invalid if any essential requirement of the marriage law of the State in which the marriage is celebrated is not complied with. A marriage entered into without any formal ceremony is valid only if the acts creating it took place in a State which has such a marriage law. A marriage by proxy, if permissible where celebrated, is valid only if the absent party consents to the marriage. A marriage celebrated in a foreign country, before a consul, is valid only if it is performed in accordance with the law of the country where the marriage is performed, or in accordance with a treaty to which that country is a party.

A marriage on board a private vessel on the high seas is valid only if the law of the flag is complied with, and a marriage on board a private vessel in port is valid if the law of the port is complied with.

Custom Among Nomadic Tribes.

If one of the parties to a marriage is a member of a nomadic tribe, and the marriage takes place where the tribe is at the time located, and in accordance with the tribal law, the marriage is valid. If the requirements of the law of the State where a marriage is celebrated are complied with, the marriage is valid except in case of polygamous marriages. Incestuous marriages between persons as closely related as brother and sister, and marriages between persons of different races where such marriages are at the domicile of the contracting parties regarded as odious. Such marriages are not valid. A marriage to the same person is not valid. A marriage which is void under the law of the State where it is celebrated is not valid.

A State will give to a marriage created by the law of another State the same effect it gives to a marriage by its own law, save where the effect of a marriage is contrary to its policy or where it does not allow polygamy will refuse to grant a divorce to a party to a marriage made under the law of a State which permits polygamy.

Director William Draper Lewis made a report on the progress of the institute in its work and of the method it had followed in formulating its statements.

Orin J. McMurray, of the University of California, was elected to the institute's council to succeed Edward J. McQuinn, of California, who had been nominated by a committee composed of Josiah Marvel, of Delaware; Oakley Cushing, of California; and Elhu Root, Jr., of New York.

MASSIVE GIVING, LITNESS, RED CROSS RAISED TO \$10,501,185

Local Contributions Still Are Being Received, With \$116,334 in Hand.

Nobility and Peers Present; Capt. A. S. C. Reid, M. P., Is Bridegroom.

CROWD STORMS CHURCH BIG SHOW TO BE TONIGHT

(Special Cable Dispatch.)

London, May 12.—The fashionable world of London, including Prince and Princess Andrew of Greece, the British cabinet, princes, princesses, peers, famous hostesses, soldiers and sailors, all turned up tonight to witness the marriage of the daughter of the Duke of Devonshire, Lady Louise Mountbatten, to Capt. Alex. Stratford Cunningham Reid, a conservative member of parliament.

The wedding was one of the outstanding social events of the London season. Twenty policemen kept back the crowds storming the famous church.

The bride was given away by her father, Lieut. Col. Wilfrid Ashley, minister of transport. The bride and her sister probably are the wealthiest heiresses in England, having inherited \$5,000,000 under the will of their grandfather, the late Sir Ernest Cassel. Capt. Reid, the bridegroom, is the private secretary to Col. Ashley.

Among the guests were Princess Beatrice, Princess Alexandra of Connaught, Prince and Princess Andrew of Greece, Princesses Marguerite, Theodora, Cecile and Sophie of Greece, Aga Khan, Prince and Princess Obolesky, Sir Austen and Lady Chamberlain, the Duke and Duchess of Athol and Lord and Lady Beatty.

(Copyright, 1927, by the Chicago Tribune.)

BRITISH SEARCHING OFFICES OF SOVIET

(Continued from page 1.)

The officials were detained and closely questioned by Scotland Yard men throughout the evening.

Wynne, a member of Scotland Yard, who was in charge of the raid, informed the Associated Press late tonight, "No arrests yet." Other officials were taken into custody, but none gave any intimation of the character of the evidence against them.

In the evening the officials were assembled in the large rooms and subjected to a personal search, all turning their pockets inside out. While the police took charge of any of the contents of the pockets which they thought might interest them.

Threaten to Blow Safes.

The Scotland Yard men encountered difficulties in opening the safes and threatened to blow them open, but upon the promise that those possessing the combinations would be brought forward immediately, the threat was not carried out.

In searching several rooms, according to the police, they smelled smoke and found a quantity of papers, and reports reached them that numerous documents were burned as soon as the papers were inside out. While the officials vehemently denied this assertion, saying that the police were welcome to see every paper and document in their possession.

At midnight many of the offices were ablaze with electric lights, with the curtains drawn, and the police were darting here and there behind their shadows visible from the streets.

A. P. Rosengold, Russian charge d'affaires in London, accompanied by First Secretary D. V. Bogomolov, went to the foreign office tonight in order to present Sir Austen Chamberlain, foreign secretary, a protest against the raid conducted by police this afternoon on Arco House, the headquarters of the Soviet trade delegation.

Long a Strained Feeling.

Although there have been no open manifestations in recent weeks of unsatisfactory relations between Great Britain and the Soviet Union, there has long been a strained feeling because of alleged communist propaganda in Great Britain.

Last February the British government sent a note to Soviet Russia protesting against bolshevik propaganda in Great Britain and against the use of force during the general strike in May, 1926. The note warned against the "continued" and "notoriously unsatisfactory" relations between the two governments and declared that no improvement was possible so long as the rulers of Soviet Russia persisted in publicly defaming Great Britain or advocating a world revolution.

The Soviet government, replying, denied the existence of propaganda by responsible officials against the British government and stated that anti-British sentiments expressed by individual Russians were matched by anti-Soviet expressions by British subjects, some of them in official life.

SNYDER-GRAY DEATHS SEEN ABOUT JUNE 13

(Continued from page 1.)

day, no hysterics. She passed the day quietly and ate more than on any day since the jury branded her a murderer and a liar.

But Judd had a very busy day. He heightened considerably in the morning when it was reported that Mrs. Isabella Gray, the wife he betrayed to go philandering with Mrs. Snyder, would call on him.

Later, however, when he learned that his wife did not feel able to carry off the visit, he did not appear especially dejected. But he did insist that he is reconciled with his wife.

In the afternoon, when Adj. Agnes McKernan, the Salvation Army's angel, came to pay a visit, he became very serious and devout. She paged through the Bible and read him comforting passages.

In talking to her of the after-life, the Salvation Army told Judd that he would see Ruth in the hereafter. His reply, according to the lassie, was only: "I have made my peace with God and I do not fear the hereafter."

Fight for Lorraine in Sight.

Mrs. Snyder's patient, loyal mother, Mrs. Josephine Brown, confronted now with the loss of her granddaughter, Lorraine Snyder, feels her cup of bitterness is full.

A prolonged and expensive court contest for custody of little Lorraine looms. For William Schneider, brother of the child's murdered father, has started action to take her away from Mrs. Brown. And Mrs. Brown, approaching her sixtieth birthday, lacks the physical and financial resources with which to fight.

On Monday, Schneider's attorney, Waldemar F. Tamm, will file a petition asking that the uncle be appointed Lorraine's guardian. Unless Edgar F. Hasleton, who tried to save Mrs. Snyder from the electric chair, steps forward to oppose the granting of the petition, Mrs. Brown will be forced to submit helplessly to this latest blow.

(Copyright, 1927, by the News, New York.)

American Dies on Vesuvius.

Naples, Italy, May 12 (By A. P.).—John Leonard, 67 years old, fell dead yesterday while visiting the crater of Mount Vesuvius in company with a group of American tourists. He came from Denver, Colo. It was learned today Mr. Leonard was just beginning to climb from the crater when he was stricken with cardiac paralysis.

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than we have seen in recent years is now shown here in a specially arranged display for this particular time of the season.

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F STREET CORNER OF 13TH

TORNADO, BLIZZARD DEATH LIST NOW 255

Poplar Bluff, With Total of 103 Known Killed, Seeks for Dozen Missing.

Kansas City, May 12 (By A. P.).—The death list from the series of tornadoes and storms that swept the middle West over last week-end stood at 255 today. Nine States had reported deaths. The injured were estimated at more than 1,000.

Missouri had 118 dead, 103 being in Poplar Bluff.

Wyoming reported today that six persons had been frozen to death in that State, while Montana entered the casualty list with one death by freezing.

Poplar Bluff, Mo., May 12 (By A. P.).—Mayor John W. Berryman today issued a proclamation calling for a public funeral services for the many victims of Monday's tornado here. This service will be held at the courthouse square Friday morning, with all ministers in the city participating.

"The situation is so confusing," said Mayor Berryman, "we considered it best that this public service be held. Following the service, which will be conducted for every one killed by the tornado, burial will begin, and short religious rites will be held at the graves."

The list of dead had grown to 103 this morning, with a dozen or more unaccounted for.

Ibanez Is Candidate For Chile Presidency

Santiago, Chile, May 12 (By A. P.).—Gen. Carlos Ibanez, vice president of Chile, has issued a manifesto to the public accepting the presidential candidacy to succeed Emilio Figueroa-Larriain, whose resignation has been accepted by the Senate.

Gen. Ibanez, who became premier early in February and immediately began a reform campaign, was named vice president several weeks ago when Figueroa-Larriain asked for a leave of absence.

In his manifesto Gen. Ibanez declares that he has issued a manifesto to the public accepting the presidential candidacy to succeed Emilio Figueroa-Larriain, whose resignation has been accepted by the Senate.

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Saks



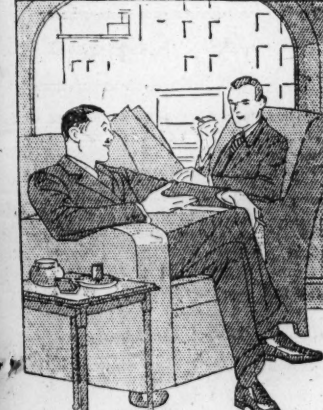
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SUCH praises rise spontaneously from men and women who have just changed over to Arnold Glove-Grips. What is different; what is superior about these shoes... to win such enthusiastic wearers?

An entirely new sensation of comfort—sprited, activated, vivacious comfort—that is the Glove-Grip feature that intrigues. It comes from the patented Glove-Grip arch design which you can never find in any other shoe. See how glove-like it fits about your instep and the arch of your foot. See how it gives that well-tailored, custom-made look.

You will want to feel these shoes at once. And see them to your feet. Let us show them to you. Let us fit you with Glove-Grips.

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OIL INTERESTS ASK GOVERNMENT'S AID TO RIGHT MARKET

Overproduction in Midcontinent Fields Held Embarrassing to Administration.

MOTORISTS POTENTIAL OPPONENTS OF RELIEF

Work Believes Help Might Be Extended, but Mellon Feels Otherwise.

By NORMAN W. BAXTER.

The problem of farm relief transferred to the oil fields were added yesterday to the worries of the Coolidge administration. Leading producers of the country, brought shabby and the age-old law of supply and demand by overproduction in the midcontinent fields, have appealed to the government for some form of assistance.

The statutes of the nation and all of the arguments that were used by President Coolidge in vetoing the McNary-Haugen bill apply, many officials believe, with equal force in the present situation, and added to these elements is the fact that every user of gasoline—both rural and urban—is a potential opponent of governmental favors extended to the oil industry.

Developments of the day, following a meeting Wednesday of the oil interests of the country in New York, included a difference of opinion between two members of the President's cabinet as to what might be done.

Hubert Work, Secretary of the Interior and member of the Federal oil conservation board, indicated, following a conference with Walter C. Taggart, president of the Standard Oil Co., and W. S. Farish, former president of the American Petroleum Institute, that some way might be found for an agreement limiting production without bringing down upon the producers penalties under the antitrust law.

Mellon Sees No Aid.

Andrew W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury, however, is of the opinion that there is nothing that the Federal

DIED

CAMERON—On Wednesday, May 11, 1927, in the city of New York, DUNCAN, beloved husband of Miss Cameron and the late Sir Roderick Cameron and the late Sir Roderick Cameron.

FUNERAL SERVICES at St. Thomas church, New York, on Friday, May 13, at 10 a. m.

DAWSON—Suddenly, on Sunday, May 8, 1927, WALTER A., beloved son of the late Charles E. Dawson, age 24, died at his home, 1400 14th St. N.W., Washington, D.C.

FUNERAL services at St. Andrew's church, Washington, D.C., on Friday, May 13, at 10 a. m.

GOULD—Suddenly, on Wednesday, May 4, 1927, in the city of New York, HARRY C., beloved husband of Mrs. Gould and the late Mrs. H. C. Gould.

FUNERAL services at St. Paul's church, New York, on Friday, May 13, at 10 a. m.

MARINELLI—Suddenly, on Friday, April 29, 1927, in the city of New York, VICTOR E., beloved husband of Mrs. Marinelli and the late Mrs. V. E. Marinelli.

FUNERAL services at St. Paul's church, New York, on Friday, May 13, at 10 a. m.

MAYS—On Thursday, May 12, 1927, at his residence, 2007 14th St. N.W., Washington, D.C., NELLIE E., daughter of Percy H. and Nellie W. Mays.

Notice of funeral later.

RONSEVILLE—On Thursday morning, May 12, 1927, after a brief illness, three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Sebastian Ronseville.

Services will be held in the Italian Apostolic church, Thirtieth and G streets, northwest, at 10 a. m., May 14, 1927.

Notice of funeral later.

SCHIFFER—Entered into eternal life on May 12, 1927, at his home, 1400 14th St. N.W., Washington, D.C., CAROLINE MARIE, beloved wife of Adolph J. Schiffer, and devoted mother of Viola L. Schiffer and Mildred K. O'Leary.

Notice of funeral later.

TANSEY—On Wednesday, May 11, 1927, at 11 p. m., at the residence of her mother, 6016 Sixth St. northwest, ANNIE TANSEY (nee Conner), beloved wife of Edward Tansey.

FUNERAL services at St. Paul's church, New York, on Friday, May 13, at 10 a. m.

YOUNG—On Thursday, May 12, 1927, ANNIE M., beloved wife of Scott K. Young, aged seventy-one years.

FUNERAL services at St. Paul's church, New York, on Friday, May 13, at 10 a. m.

Notice of funeral later.

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Will Rogers Calls Justice Too Slow In Vanzetti Case

Special to The Washington Post. Boston, Mass., May 12.—I am the only person in Boston who has not expressed an opinion on the Sacco-Vanzetti case. All I know is that it should not take a nation or a State seven years to decide whether any one committed a crime or not. It's a good thing they were young men when the crime was committed, otherwise they wouldn't live long enough for justice to make up its mind.

The Mayor in the Cradle of Liberty. WILL ROGERS.

government can do and that a cure, if one is to be found, must come through regulation by the State.

What has taken place in the oil fields during the last five or six months is not a new condition, for there have been cycles of overproduction and underproduction, but the present flow of petroleum from the ground is greater in volume than ever before, due principally to the development of new fields in Oklahoma and Texas.

The present price of crude oil is such that the navy, which became a large holder of oil through the court decisions in the Doherty case, has been unable to exchange its crude output for refined oil on a profitable basis and has as yet been unable to obtain any benefit from the Elk Hills deposits.

The hardest blow has fallen upon the independent producers. The bigger producers and refiners, such as Standard Oil, have storage facilities of such immensity that they are able to buy on the depressed market and hold the oil until production decreases. The smaller elements in the industry can, however, do nothing but throw their oil on the market and even the big fellows are worried at the rate at which oil is now coming out of the ground.

Would Limit Production.

The proposal of the oil men, which does not jibe with the antitrust laws, is for voluntary agreements limiting production until the stocks of oil have reached more normal levels. The same proposal was made at the last period of overproduction and that time no less an authority than Charles E. Hughes, appearing for the Petroleum Institute, argued that it would be impossible to bring about any agreement which would be legal.

An agreement to limit production would serve, too, to fix the price so that the solution which the oil men now seem to favor would, if carried out, bring about almost the identical situation which was subject to so much criticism when the McNary-Haugen bill was up in Congress.

The gravity which the oil industry regards the present situation, some of its members have their doubts about any limiting agreement, should such a course be found possible, for fear that it would lead to the renewal of a demand for governmental regulation of the oil industry as a whole.

There is already some sentiment in Congress, among those who would nationalize the waterpower of the country, for Federal control of oil. Both the oil men and members of the administration think that friendly hand to the oil industry might lead to a coalition between the farm bloc and the governmental regulation advocates which would remove the production and refining of oil from private hands.

There is another policy, the plan of the question to be considered by the President and his advisors. Aid to the oil industry, even if designed to prevent economic disruption, is not a very easy thing to explain to the consumer of oil, including every driver of an automobile.

The price of gasoline, although it has decreased somewhat in the East by the drop in crude oil prices, due to the fact that the gasoline which has been on the market until very recently has been made from bog before crude prices had collapsed.

The ultimate consumer would, therefore, have some difficulty possibly in understanding the soliciting of aid to the administration toward an industry that had shown the buyer no favors.

The feeling of Treasury officials as regards the problem is that the present overproduction is a cycle through which the oil industry will have to pass with such aid as it can get from the State.

The view expressed by the financial officials yesterday was that overproduction is a cycle through which the oil industry will have to pass with such aid as it can get from the State.

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CLASH WITH CANADA LOOMS IN PROPOSED IMMIGRATION RULES

Dominion Resents Plan to Put Foreign-Born Canadians in Quota Class.

LABOR MEN IN DETROIT ARE BLAMED FOR RIFT

Conference Begun Here to Snuff Out Trouble, Said to Threaten Reprisals.

By ALBERT W. FOX.

The friendly and neighborly relationship which has existed between the United States and Canada for more than a hundred years is about to be jeopardized by disagreement between the two governments over control of immigration to the United States over the Canadian border.

The first of a series of conferences between Canadian and American officials was held at the State Department yesterday with a view to snuffing out, if possible, the seeds of dissension before they continue to sprout and spread intense bitterness and ill feeling throughout the Dominion.

Vincent Massey, the Canadian Minister; Hume Wrong, first secretary to the Canadian legation here; the Canadian Commissioner of Immigration, J. J. Joliffe, Assistant Secretary of State Wilbur Carr, Assistant Secretary of Labor, White, Court, and the Canadian Charge in the Department of State, and Richard W. Flournoy, Jr., assistant to the solicitor and expert on citizenship matters, attended the conference.

For two hours these officials discussed the new problem which admittedly is more serious than appears on the surface and may lead to reprisals, wounded Canadian pride and economic warfare besides producing an agitation throughout the Dominion against Canada rendering any assistance whatever to the United States in the enforcement of the prohibition law.

New Regulations Decided On.

The controversy has sprung up from what first appeared to be a trivial matter. The Department of Labor here, in response to suggestions from union leaders in Detroit, Buffalo and other American cities on the border, decided to issue new regulations governing the entry of Canadians who habitually cross and recross the border in pursuit of employment in American offices, factories and shops.

As several thousands of Canadians in Great Britain are covered by members of the American labor unions in Detroit, for example, and as these Canadians are not in the good graces of the labor unions, the idea was conceived of interpreting the American immigration laws in such manner as to deprive them and their families of their employment.

It was decided at the Labor Department to put new regulations into effect on June 1 next, differentiating between native-born Canadians and naturalized Canadians or Canadians born in Great Britain or other countries. The plan is to subject these foreign-born Canadians to the restrictions which apply to the so-called quota countries in their birth and prevent them from crossing the border until their numbers are reduced to the quota.

Other restrictions, such as a head tax of \$8 and a visa fee of \$10, are included in the plan aimed at the foreign-born Canadian workmen.

Many Foreign Born in Canada. As a substantial percentage of the residents of Canada are foreign-born, this class has aroused instant and widespread resentment in Canada.

The Canadian newspapers have already characterized the American plan as an unfriendly act and a reflection on the friendly relations of the two governments.

Officials here would not discuss the matter after yesterday's conference except to say that another conference would be held in a few days. Among the suggestions understood to have been made was that the new regulations be held in abeyance until Secretary of Labor Davis can make a full study of the situation. Canadian representatives are confident that if representatives of the State Department and the Labor Department investigate the question there will be no doubt as to the outcome.

The immigration laws of the United

States make special provision to cover the cases of Canadians who work in the United States.

Identification Cards in Rule. Paragraph 1 of subdivision B of rule 3 reads as follows:

"With a view to avoiding delays and embarrassment in cases of aliens and citizens who, residing upon either side of the line, habitually cross and recross the boundary upon legitimate pursuits, an identification card shall be furnished such persons upon application to the immigration official in charge at the place of ingress and egress. The applicant for such a card shall be required to furnish two mounted photographs of himself of appropriate size, for attachment to the card, and shall supply the data necessary to fill out the card in complete form. To guard against the use of the card by any other person than the one to whom furnished (through its being lost or stolen or otherwise improperly acquired), the official issuing the card shall require the applicant to sign his name partly on the margin of the photograph and partly on the body of the card itself. Provided, That such card may be taken up or canceled at any time within the discretion of the proper immigration official."

Thus there is a loophole for immigration officials to embarrass rather than facilitate the habitual crossing and recrossing of the border by Canadian workmen. It is pointed out, but the Canadians declare that so far the immigration laws have never been interpreted in this manner.

Foreign Born Not Nonquota. But foreign-born Canadians, even though they have lived in Canada for many years and become naturalized Canadians are not nonquota aliens under the American immigration laws and the new regulations propose to make use of this fact by placing restrictions upon them.

A sample of the press comment in Canada is found in the Border Cities Star, published at Windsor, Ontario, under date of May 9, as follows:

"It is almost beyond comprehension that the demands of a little group of labor agitators in Detroit—insane demands—should be taken as a basis for the new regulations proposed to make use of this fact by placing restrictions upon them."

This newspaper, like others in Canada, hints at boycott of American goods and reprisals in case the slight against Canada is put into effect.

BAN ON BOOKS, HELD OBSCENE, IS LIFTED

Andrews Rules That Copies of "Arabian Nights" Can Enter the U. S.

(By The Associated Press.) Copies of "The Arabian Nights," held up at the port of New York as obscene, will be allowed to enter the United States. Assistant Secretary Andrews, in charge of prohibition and customs, announced yesterday that the books would be admitted inasmuch as the publishers and importers were not given a notice that they would be barred.

An informal hearing was held yesterday by Andrews at which the question of suspension of importations of certain editions of classical literature, including the unexpurgated editions of "The Arabian Nights" and Boccaccio's "Decamerone" was discussed. Representatives of E. P. Dutton and Boni Liv- ingston, New York publishers, attended the hearing.

It is expected that out of the discussion a standard of judgment of the offensiveness of books coming from abroad will be fixed. Andrews said that the books in question had been imported through the port of New York for several years without question. Instructions will be given for release of the books but the importers will be asked to order further importations until the Treasury Department has had time to complete its investigation and make a ruling.

BRENNAN FOR SMITH, IGNORING WOOLLEN

Democrats of More States Are Turning to New York Governor, He Holds.

French Lick, Ind., May 12 (By A. P.). Illinois Democrats here today for Smith of New York for the Democratic presidential nominee next year, despite the recent loss of the nomination for Evans, Woolen, Indianapolis banker, according to George E. Brennan, of Chicago, Democratic national committeeman from Illinois.

"Gov. Smith now is supported by Montana, Utah and Colorado Democrats, who backed McAdoo in 1924. I have been assured by Senator King of Utah," Brennan declared today, "Idaho and Nevada, once for McAdoo, are turning to Smith. Supporters keep coming to Smith because they believe he can lead the party to victory."

Brennan has been here resting for several days. Discussing the Woolen boom, which was fostered by Thomas Taggart, of French Lick, Brennan said: "Tom Taggart always has his water-buckets out in case it should rain."

Cadet Instructor Named. Maj. Alexander M. Malish, U. S. A., retired, Key Gardens, has been restored to active duty, with his consent, as an instructor of military science and tactics at the Washington high schools cadet corps, effective June 1, this bringing the number of instructors to five, and enabling Eastern and Western high schools to have regularly assigned instructors. Maj. Malish is a Pennsylvanian and a graduate of West Point, retaining the grade of lieutenant colonel during the war.

WHEELER TRYING TO 'FIX' CONVENTIONS, IS CHARGE

Stayton Sees Plan to Fight Alleged Wet Propaganda of Physicians.

HEALTH OFFICIALS CITED

The Antislavery league was charged with attempting to stack the forthcoming convention of the American Medical Association and Public Health Officials in a statement last night by W. H. Stayton, national chairman of the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment. In a letter to Surgeon General Cummings, Mr. Stayton enclosed what purported to be a copy of a letter written by Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the league, to all State superintendents, urging them to stimulate the attendance of physicians at the convention who are "right."

An extract quoted by Mr. Stayton urged the State superintendents "to get in touch with any of your State health officials who are right on this question and get them to attend this meeting if possible. If not, have them send Dr. Hugh S. Cummings, surgeon general of the United States, Washington, D. C., their opinion to be brought before the convention."

Another paragraph quoted Mr. Wheeler as saying: "It will take quick action to meet this situation and I trust that you will do your best. Please let me know who is coming from your State if you can get the information and what their attitude is on this question."

Regarding the medical association, Mr. Wheeler was quoted as expressing the hope that "there will be some physicians sent as delegates from your State this year who will help check this tendency (the circulation of wet propaganda)." The association has been circulating this wet propaganda for a year or two, Mr. Wheeler is represented as saying.

Nothing can be more depraved, said Mr. Stayton, than this effort to control a scientific question.

Edwards Backs Union For U. S. and France

(By The Associated Press.) Indorsement of the proposal of Premier Briand for a union between the United States and France for world peace was given yesterday by Senator Edwards (Democrat), New Jersey, in a letter to the Woman's Club of Upper Montclair, N. J., which also had indorsed the suggestion.

"Of course, all thinking Americans must realize that the negotiating of any treaty between the French and American republics looking to the amicable settlement of all international differences would not insure a lasting world peace," the New Jersey senator's letter said. "But to my mind it would be a beginning toward discountenancing war by all nations."

Summerrall Greeted Veterans' Reunion

Greenwood, S. C., May 12 (By A. P.). Addressing Confederate veterans of South Carolina at their thirty-sixth annual reunion here today, Gen. Charles P. Summerrall, chief of staff, United States Army, brought "a sincere and heartfelt greeting from the army of the United States" to the soldiers of the 60's.

"If our nation is great today," said Gen. Summerrall, "it is not because soldiers and men are suddenly created and inspired to their task but because they inherited traditions and standards of honor and courage and duty."

Wu Chao Shu Named Nationalist Minister

(By The Associated Press.) Appointment of Wu Chao Shu as minister of foreign affairs for the moderate nationalist government set up at Nanking by Chiang Kai-Shek was reported to the State Department yesterday by American Consul Day.

Who is the son of Wu Ting-fang, one-time Chinese Minister to Washington, has long been identified as a moderate in Chinese political affairs. He was educated in Washington and London.

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Friday, May 13, 1927.

HELPING HAITI.

Senator Oddie, of Nevada, has returned from a visit to Haiti, during which he made a thorough inspection of conditions under the American occupation. He has issued a statement which emphatically controverts the sensational allegations made by Haitian politicians and often repeated by Senator King, of Utah.

The condition of Haiti prior to American occupation was discouraging from every aspect. The people were diseased, half starved, and trampled upon by bandits and revolutionary marauders. There were no roads, and farmers had no inducement to plant crops, which were seized as soon as matured. Sanitation was unknown, and the ordinary conveniences of civilization were lacking. Life and property were under constant menace. The violation of the French legation brought about a climax which threatened to end in occupation of the country by a European power. The United States was then compelled to step in, for the sake of maintaining the Monroe doctrine as well as to befriend Haiti.

Sensor Oddie states that since American occupation took place in 1915 the country has been regenerated. Finances have been reorganized, resources developed, roads built, hospitals and schools established, agriculture stimulated, live stock improved, disease diminished, and the public health and order largely restored. The native constabulary, with only a few American officers, maintains peace and order. Natives are trained and placed in official positions as rapidly as possible. They are becoming engineers, physicians, surgeons, nurses, carpenters, builders, and experts in other activities. Mr. Oddie says:

Where we to withdraw our forces now, revolution, bloodshed, oppression and a return to the former conditions of barbarism and misery would quickly follow, and all the work we have accomplished in twelve years would be undone. We can not and we will not allow such a calamity to come. Our treaty and humanitarian obligations will not permit us to neglect our duty in this manner.

The charge of imperialism, brought against the United States in its relations with Haiti, is circulated by Haitian politicians and agitators who are prevented from exploiting the country. The Americans who take up these charges and repeat them are throwing mud at their own flag. No more unselfish work was ever done by a nation than that which the United States is doing in behalf of the Haitian people. The Haitians themselves are the best witnesses to the benefits that they are receiving. They have joined enthusiastically in the work of rehabilitation, secure for the first time in their lives in the possession of homes, and if assisted a while longer will have passed the stage where they would be in danger of a lapse into old conditions. They are learning the art of self-government, as well as the art of living.

In due time the United States will withdraw from Haiti and restore to the people their full sovereignty. An arrangement similar to the Platt amendment will doubtless be made, authorizing the United States to intervene in case of revolution or other mortal danger. With that safeguard the people of Haiti will, in a comparatively short time, be capable of governing themselves and developing their country.

TRAFFIC ON BOULEVARDS.

Residents in upper Sixteenth street have asked again that a police ban be placed against trucks and solid-tired vehicles using that thoroughfare, basing their arguments on the residential character of the street, the noise of the trucks and the vibrations caused by their operation which are said to shake buildings and cause plaster to fall from the ceilings of residences. Those opposed to the measure object to forcing the traffic to other streets and increasing the congestion therein, and advance the counter-argument that vehicles large and heavy enough to shake buildings on Sixteenth street ought not to be tolerated on any street.

Heavily loaded trucks driven at high speeds undoubtedly cause street vibrations that are transmitted to residences. Damage to the structures may result, damage to the road surface itself is inevitable. At lower speeds, however, vibration is not produced and, therefore, regulations should be issued controlling both the weight and speed of heavy vehicles throughout the city.

Upper Sixteenth street should be freed from heavy, slow-moving traffic. As far north as Florida avenue this important thoroughfare is reserved for the exclusive use of pneumatically tired vehicles, the exclusion of others being based on the fact that the street is a boulevard to accommodate high-speed traffic. Above Florida avenue the same condition obtains; the street is light controlled, and further out the 30-mile speed limit is permitted. Heavy vehicles hamper the free flow of high-speed traffic and, if they are to be barred at all, it should be for this reason.

Solid-tired trucks should be barred from all high-speed boulevards whenever it is possible. When the boulevard is not paralleled by other streets a regulation should be drawn up to

compel such vehicles to drive at all times immediately beside the curb, for only by making possible an even and swift-flowing traffic can boulevards accommodate the volume already at hand and the greater volume promised for the future.

THE PROBLEM OF SURPLUS.

The American producers of petroleum are facing a problem of production and are planning to steps to control the output. American manufacturers are producing more than the markets can consume, and in many lines plans for a curtailment are under way. The farmers are overproducing and are anxious to devise some way to dispose of the surplus.

Is the United States producing more than it can dispose of profitably in the domestic and foreign markets combined? Is overproduction possible, or is the trouble underconsumption?

Perhaps the time has arrived when overproduction, which is usually the result of excessive competition, may face the antitrust laws. Not a few students of economics and many business men contend that combinations to prevent the waste of overproduction are necessary. Manufacturers, farmers and oil producers are trying to evolve combinations to restrict output, in order to prevent destructive competition, waste, and higher prices.

Antitrust laws are enacted to protect the public against monopolies and high prices. In operation they encourage waste and destructive competition. Too much of any commodity is as uneconomic and disastrous as too little. Combinations, or "good trusts," may be the only method available to prevent the waste of wealth due to overproduction.

Theoretically, there can be no such thing as overproduction or oversupply for the needs of the consuming public. Practically it is seen that production outstrips consumption, and will continue to do so until population increases and the consuming power of the people is enhanced. If there is a surplus of food it may be wasted, although many people may starve or go underfed. If there is a surplus of clothing it is likely to be wasted or salvaged at a loss, while many suffer.

Control of output to meet this new situation must be within the circle of producers, and not within the realm of government activity. But the government may be obliged to abandon the policy of checking combinations to prevent monopoly, and adopt a policy of permitting combinations to curtail output.

The Supreme Court long since adopted the "rule of reason" in the interpretation of antitrust legislation and antitrust executive activity. Perhaps the time has come when this "rule of reason" may be the only sane and safe course for legislatures and courts to adopt.

THE CHURCH AND POLITICS.

The Rt. Rev. James E. Freeman, bishop of Washington, struck a note in his annual convention address that should meet with widespread commendation when he urged that the church keep out of politics and added that it "stultifies itself where it attempts through an organized lobby to influence legislation." Bishop Freeman also deplored the tendency to convert the Christian pulpit into a rostrum for the discussion of political themes. "The Episcopal Church deals with principles rather than policies," he said, "and men and women will follow better the leadership of a man who refuses to become entangled in controversies and contentions that belong to the forum and the halls of legislation."

Other religious leaders would do well to follow Bishop Freeman's example in this regard. What is needed from the Christian church is the daily exposition by precept and example of the old-fashioned religion and a setting of high moral standards, not only for the young but for all the people. That is a gigantic task in itself, enough to occupy all the time and energy of all the churches.

GIN IN THE PEERAGE.

The death of George Godolphin Osborne, Duke of Leeds, has revived interest in the enterprise out of which he built an enormous fortune. Upon the death of his father he inherited with the title some 25,000 acres of land in Yorkshire, which was covered to a large extent by a growth of juniper bushes. The land was of little value for agricultural purposes, but the duke found plenty of use for the berries on the bushes.

Real gin is distilled from juniper berries. "Hollands" is another name for a variety of the intoxicant more in favor with the ladies of the "Sary Gamp and Betsy Prigg" type than it is among the givers of cocktail parties on the other side of the Atlantic.

But it was not so much in connection with gin of the "Holland" type that the Duke of Leeds won fame. He had an excellent military and civic record, was an enthusiastic yachtsman, and a great entertainer in his London house. In this country he was best known as the distiller of that brand of gin called "Gordon," no longer distilled for American trade, from the fruit of the bushes which cover his vast holdings in Yorkshire, but, since 1920, produced in every city in this country by a mixture of grain alcohol, water and "oil of juniper."

The Osborne family name has been in the British peerage since the days of Henry IV, and in spite of the passing of the eleventh Duke of Leeds the distillery will continue operations and will go on turning out Gordon and Hollands in the same old way, thereby adding to the income of the next Duke of Leeds, and incidentally to the gawdy of some nations, though its product is barred from the U. S. A.

THE FRENCH BIRTH RATE.

There is a persistent but erroneous popular belief that there is a striking decline in the birth rate of France. This belief has been time and again disproved. It is once more very effectively disproved by the publication of the preliminary statistics of births, marriages and deaths for the year 1926. The number of births in 1913, the year before the war, was 790,355, or 19.1 per 1,000; in 1926 the number was 766,226, or 18.8 per 1,000, surely not a very striking discrepancy. In 1925, it is true, there was a decrease, but in 1922, 1923 and 1924 there was an increase. The conclusion to be drawn is, therefore, that the birth rate is, on the whole, satisfactory enough.

What is really wrong is the comparatively high infant death rate. Taking the death rate at all ages, and bearing in mind the increase and decrease of the population, one finds that

there has been scarcely any notable movement since the war. In view of this fact, it is sad to read that the number of children who died before attaining the age of 1 year was 74,698 in 1926, as compared with 68,367 in 1925. In twenty departments the infant death rate was lower than in the previous year, in two it was stationary, but in 68 it rose. Still, modern sanitation and hygiene are doing something to reduce infant mortality, for whereas the rate was 112 per 1,000 in 1913, it was down to 85 per 1,000 in 1924 and to 89 per 1,000 in 1925.

The total population of France is given as 40,745,000 in 1926. This is less than that computed for the same area in 1913, which was 41,470,000, but it is greater than in 1920, when the figure was 39,300,000. As a matter of fact, there has been a slight but steady rise each year since the war ceased to affect the numbers.

The marriage figures have, however, gone down considerably since 1920, although they show an increase over 1913. In 1913 there were 312,036 marriages, or a rate of 15.1 per 1,000 inhabitants; in 1920 there were 623,859, or 31.8 per 1,000, the large increase being obviously due to postponement caused by the war; but in 1926 the number of marriages was 346,126, or 17 per 1,000, the lowest figure and the lowest average shown since the war.

There are some discouraging facts about these figures, but, by and large, they prove that France is working out her own salvation.

STANDARDS OF MEASURE.

Resolutions passed by the second Pan-American standardization conference calling for a campaign to further the adoption of the metric system throughout this country and Latin America are both timely and wise. It is generally admitted that the metric system is superior to any other method of measuring weights, volumes and lengths. Other systems have survived only because of tradition and because of the natural tendency to refuse to cast aside anything so firmly and fundamentally entrenched.

The basic unit of the metric system is the meter, the unit of length, which is equivalent to the distance between the defining lines of the international prototype meter at the international bureau of weights and measures when this standard is at the temperature of melting ice, or zero centigrade. From this the unit of capacity, the liter and of weight, the gram, are derived. All other units are the decimal subdivisions or multiples of these and all are simply related. For all practical purposes 1 cubic decimeter equals 1 liter and 1 liter of water weighs 1 kilogram.

Contrast this system with the measures in use in the United States, where to ascertain weight are used troy pounds, avoirdupois pounds, kilograms, short tons, long tons and metric tons, all absolutely unrelated. For measuring space the American uses the inch, link, rod, perch, chain, furlong, the hand, the point, the span and several varying types of miles.

World commerce has become so important that it would be of great value to have a standard system of weights and measures in general use. Quite aside from this, however, is the benefit to be derived at home. Educating the public up to the point of adoption of a new system will be a long process, but it is to be hoped that those interested in the matter will not lose heart before their task has been completed.

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS.

Advocates of government ownership of public utilities and commercial enterprises generally have something to think over in the news from Manila, where Governor General Wood has announced his intention to sell to the highest bidders all the holdings of the government in the commercial enterprises of the islands. The nominal value of these holdings approaches \$50,000,000, but if one-tenth of that sum is realized from the sale the United States will be fortunate.

Already Gen. Wood has handed over to the Filipinos the entire control of the Manila railroad, in which the government owns a majority of stock. This was accomplished by giving the natives a majority of the board of directors and by placing the management in native hands.

Because of bad crop conditions and heavy losses in the conduct of the business in two sugar centrals located respectively in Occidental and Oriental Negros provinces, loans made by native banks are at present unrecoverable. Gen. Wood has an offer for these centrals from New York interests, and will probably dispose of the government's holdings to the New Yorkers.

Other enterprises in which the government is interested and which will be sold, or perhaps given away by the general, are the Cebu Portland Cement Co., capitalized at 5,000,000 pesos, which holds many thousands of acres of agricultural and timber lands in the province of Nueva Ecija, and the National Coal Co., which had a capital of 8,000,000 pesos.

This action of the governor general is based on a recent ruling of the insular supreme court, which held that he has full power over government-controlled institutions. Gen. Wood is quoted as expressing the belief that the economic atmosphere of the islands will be materially cleared by the new policy and that there will be a revival of business, which in turn will offset the millions of losses sustained through governmental operation and ownership of the railroads and manufacturing enterprises.

The abandonment of government control of business in the Philippines brings to an end another attempt on the part of Federal authority to engage in commerce, which is, and should be by right, the function of private firms, individuals and corporations.

Paris is making special preparations for receiving and entertaining the American Legion convention this summer. Among other conveniences, the police authorities are providing a special jail for the exclusive occupancy of the legionnaires. It will be centrally located, so that the inmates may be readily accessible to their friends. "All the comforts of home" is hospitality, even in jails.

There is a welcome lull in murder news, due to the fact that the best exponents of the system are well on the road to punishment.

The heart of America is bigger than the biggest foot since the days of Noah.



Every Little Bit Helps.

PRESS COMMENT.

A Classic.
Rochester Times-Union: A classic is any book of which the average purchaser reads the first 30 pages.

Absolutely.
Detroit News: With television in full force, it is expected that one corner of the night club will have to be fixed up to look like a directors' meeting.

Helpful Hint.
Boston Transcript: If Mr. Coolidge has not yet decided on Wisconsin for the summer he may be interested to know that in Missouri there is a place called Silent Dell.

Killing Competition.
Troy Times: That plan by United States customs officials to bar an imported edition of "Arabian Nights" may be well advised on the theory that the books would conflict with Broadway nights.

Travel as an Educator.
Ohio State Journal: Among the other proofs that travel is a great educator is what you learn when you pay your bill at a hotel that advertises 150 outside rooms, every room with a bath, as low as \$2.50.

By-Product of Culture.
Boston Globe: The student worker in the summer time has become one of the features of American vacation life. Indeed, it seems quite impossible to do without such help. Students run motorboats at lake resorts, tend hot-dog counters, fetch and carry in hotels, wait on tables, cut lawns and do almost anything and everything that other people are willing to pay for. It is true that some of the students play in orchestras, but that is because a lot of other people pay them for playing.

Who Is Their Friend?
Hokah Chief: The farmers should stop a while and think. They should quietly ask themselves who their friends are. Who is their natural and logical well-wisher? Is it the business man who lives with them and deals with them every day, or is it the politician who wants their votes? Is it the man who knows their problems and who realizes the necessity for their welfare, or is it the blatant orator with a scheme for relief from their ills? Farmers have troubles which we all deplore. So have other people. But no relief will come in legislation which drags people deeper into the hole than they are now.

Commendable Diversion.
Rochester Democrat and Chronicle: In a number of cities the building and installation of bird houses by school children has been undertaken on a large scale in recent years. Denver, Pittsburgh, Rochester, all have done their bit to atone for the destruction of forest homes of the native birds and to make the feathered visitors feel at home in cities. Building of bird houses is not only a fascinating and useful diversion for both children and adults, but serves the even more commendable purpose of teaching thousands of town-bred children, and their parents, the value of bird life and the desirability of encouraging the birds to become neighbors and friends.

Calm Amid the Tumult.
Omaha World-Herald: To combat the weak voices of the political heralds who thumb jewsacks instead of blasting fanfare what is there?
Flood to begin with, such as the United States has never before known. Then prohibition, with Borah and Butler, and Darrow and Wheeler. Then religion. Charles Marshall and Al Smith battling it out in the East, while the whole country looks on, over Catholicism. Hundreds of clergymen fighting in the West against Sinclair Lewis and Henry Menckens and Rabbi Cohn over their Protestant ministry, with

Proof of Tolerance

By ROBERT QUILLEN

MAN writes a book to indict and shame preachers. Before a word of comment has been written or spoken, you know that clergymen will say the book is untrue and blasphemous. You know that agnostics and cynics will read it gleefully and praise the author.

These agnostics and cynics, now commonly grouped as "young intellectuals," are without exception advocates of tolerance. Almost without exception they deride, denounce and vilify certain preachers and reformers, and the thing that arouses their fury is the belief that these preachers and reformers are intolerant.

To the casual reader their point seems well taken; but by every bitter word they utter, they strengthen the indictment against themselves. The "young intellectuals" love liberty, as every proper man must; and they affirm the truth that the measure of a man's tolerance is the measure of his civilization.

Some of them—the more ardent lovers of liberty—assert that to qualify freedom at all is to destroy it, and that freedom is not genuine unless it gives every man the right to be wrong.

Let us grant as much. Now assume that all the preachers and the millions who cooperate with them are in the wrong!

Is it not their privilege in a free land?

Is it evidence of tolerance to sneer and jeer at those whose convictions do not harmonize with ours?

It will be answered that religion, throughout all history, has nursed intolerance and thrived upon it.

Does one crime excuse another? If Jones, who delights in religion, would suppress his neighbor who disbelieves, does the neighbor prove himself more tolerant by endeavoring to suppress Jones in retaliation?

You will find few tolerant men on either side of any controversy—few even tolerant enough to discuss tolerance without loss of poise and temper.

If you have intelligence, you will have convictions—and defend them with calm reason when necessary.

But if you have tolerance, you will remember that men are a product of heredity and environment; you will forgive their weaknesses and stupidity; you will be patient and kind; you will grant them freedom and retain freedom for yourself; and you will not sacrifice your dignity in a brawl.

Old wine is best. Old friends are best. And also, despite divorce records, old mates are best.

A man has reached middle age if he had rather forget a few things he can't forget than to remember any number of things.

Correct this sentence: "We may argue after we are married," said one to the other, "but never in the presence of other people."

(Copyright, 1927.)

"Elmer Gantry" as the target of attack. And even out in sunlit California, the land of eternal peace and temperature, the great Almee McPherson totters. . . . Meanwhile the calm and placid sphinx of Northampton, Mass., and Plymouth, Vt., continues silent in the White House, goes on with the homely business of having his roof repaired, and won't even answer an open letter on the third time.

An Interesting Case.
New York Evening Post: The supreme court of Arizona has just handed down a decision which will interest all moralists, whether they are wet or dry. A resident of Arizona, while in Mexico, bought a quantity of intoxicating beverages and returned home without having paid for his liquor. The vendor sought to enforce his contract in the Arizona courts, and when the vendee obtained judgment the Mexican appealed. The Arizona man contended that the courts of that State could not compel him to pay for intoxicating liquors obtained elsewhere, since that would be in contravention of the public policy of the United States and of Arizona as expressed by the eighteenth amendment, the Volstead law and the laws of Arizona. The justices of the supreme court, however, held that "there is no public policy that will justify the refusal of a court to extend comity under such a state of facts unless the transaction would present to our people a pernicious and detestable example—shocking to the prevailing moral sense." As no such condition exists in this case, the court declared that when an American tourist purchases and consumes wines or liquors in a foreign country his con-

tract to pay for them is as enforceable in our courts as if he were to purchase ordinary wearing apparel. This may be a shock to reckless travelers, but it sounds very much like common sense.

ON TIPPING HATS.

Boston feminist leaders are in disagreement with British feminist leaders—and that sort of thing must often recur, we sadly suppose—over a point of civility in man, comments the Kansas City Star. With sorrow we note that the point is stated in most regrettable terms in a London dispatch and what is more depressing, goes uncorrected in Boston. The London news writer records that feminism over there has deplored and rejected as a sign of inequality the man's custom of "tipping" the hat to women.
If the Boston feminists had retorted that man does not "tip" his hat to women but raises it, the controversy might have occupied a higher plane, we think. Unfortunately this advantage was overlooked in Boston, and feminism there is content to defend its claim to this tribute from man and to assert that it surrenders nothing of principle in accepting it; it is so willing to accept it that it doesn't care whether the hat is tipped or raised.
On the main question our feeling is with Boston. Man removes his hat in the presence of death and the ladies because they are the only two mysteries that ever have baffled him. If he should ever solve them the creature couldn't be lived with; his arrogance would be insupportable. This is the vice of equality; it leaves man nothing to pay homage to.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Yes, It's a Bore.
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Why does WRC repeat right after a speaker, verbatim, that speaker's announcement, which WRC announcer had himself previously announced?
Three announcements every time!
It's a deuced bore. He talks too much.
We all know to whom and of what we have listened.
P. L.

"A Genuine War Memorial."
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: To a good many of those who have an immediate personal interest in a genuine war memorial for the District of Columbia, Mrs. McCoy's letter, appearing in your paper this morning, is of the greatest possible interest and value.
It is intolerable to be accused of forgetfulness and ingratitude because we refused to "sign on the dotted line."
CONSTANCE WILLIAMS.

Ben Butler and Grant.
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The passing to the government of the old Ben Butler building, on Capitol Hill, has called forth a number of stories of the original owner. One of the best I have not seen in print. When Grant was President one of the foreign governments sent him a very rare bush, noted for the beauty of its foliage and flowers. Grant was very proud of it and had it replanted in a choice section of the White House grounds. He paid almost daily visits to it to watch its growth, and distinguished visitors were sure to be taken on an inspecting tour.

One day Gen. Butler and Senator Sumner had business with the President. On arriving at the White House they found him engaged. Leaving word as to where they were going they walked out on the grounds, continuing their conversation. They happened to stop close to Grant's bush. Butler happened to have his knife in his hand, and during the earnest conversation thoughtlessly cut the bush in several places. After a time Grant came to them. He quickly noticed how his bush had been marred, and in angry tones declared he would like to know the one who had thus hacked it. Butler looked him in the eye, and said: "Mr. President, I can't tell a lie. It was Sumner."

BOOTLEGGERS' TAX.
There is a charming paradox in the case of the South Carolina bootlegger who objected to the attempt of the collector of internal revenue in his district to make him pay a tax on his illegal income, says the Chicago News. Several courts have considered the issues in the case and now it has reached the United States Supreme Court.
The Federal revenue act makes no distinction between incomes from legitimate business and those from unlawful or criminal operations. Still, it has been held that a bootlegger may refuse to file an income tax schedule on the ground that he would incriminate himself by doing so.
Congress might overcome that difficulty by explicitly granting bootleggers and other offenders immunity from prosecution on account of information revealed in income tax schedules, but it has not done so.
Manifestly, as the government contends, if bootleggers and other law-breakers need not file income tax schedules they constitute a favored class of persons and escape burdens borne by the law-abiding. Such a result does not strike the average citizen as harmonizing with reason or justice, yet courts have ruled that way under the constitutional provision against self-incrimination.
It will be interesting to mark the Supreme Court's solution of the legal puzzle.

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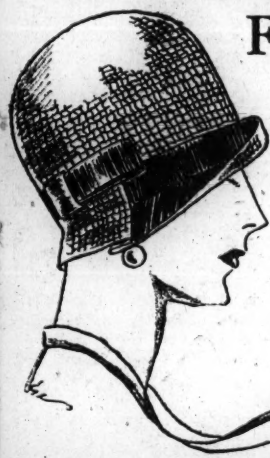
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\$5 Straw Hats FOR FRIDAY

\$2



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 11 Dresses (formerly priced up to \$45). Now, \$22.50
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 11 Dresses (formerly priced up to \$130). Now, \$65
 10 Dresses (formerly priced up to \$150). Now, \$75

All Hats reduced to half their former prices



1c Sale Roses

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6 Roses, \$1
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The much-wanted deep yellow Claudius Pernet that usually bring \$2, Very Special, 98c each.

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LEGISLATION MARKS END OF EPISCOPAL MEETING

St. John's Chapel, Mt. Rainier, Placed Under Bishop of Washington.

NEW ST. MARY'S PARISH

Diocesan legislation occupied the closing hours of the thirty-second annual convention of the Episcopal diocese of Washington in the Church of the Ascension yesterday. After considerable discussion St. John's chapel, Mount Rainier, Md., was placed under the bishop of Washington instead of being part of St. Matthew's parish, Hyattsville, in which it is geographically located. In order to do this the Brookland parish relinquished some of its rights to St. Matthew's parish, by order of the convention.

Upon motion of the Rev. W. L. DeVries, chancellor of Washington Cathedral, a new St. Mary's parish, a colored congregation, was formed, the first independent colored parish in the city. Canon DeVries told of the good work of St. Mary's church when known as the chapel of St. John's church, Lafayette, and of the interest of its chief benefactors, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bancroft Davis. The report to make the new St. Mary's parish was brought in by the committee on new parishes and congregations, headed by the Rev. H. C. Parkman, chairman.

The results of the elections held during yesterday's session of the convention were announced as follows: Standing committee of the diocese, clerical members, the Rev. G. F. Dudley, the Rev. Herbert Scott Smith, the Rev. E. M. Thompson, the Rev. Joseph Fletcher, librarian of Washington Cathedral; lay members, H. M. Bowen, William C. Rives and Marcus Benjamin. The deputies to the provincial synod elected were the Very Rev. G. C. F. Bratenahl, dean of Washington; the Rev. G. W. Atkinson, the Rev. C. W. Whitmore, the Rev. W. W. Shearer, H. P. Blair, S. E. Kramer, W. S. Bowen and E. L. Stock.

The personnel of the executive council of the diocese for the year will be composed of the Very Rev. G. C. F. Bratenahl, the Rev. W. L. DeVries, the Rev. Robert Johnston, the Rev. G. F. Dudley, the Rev. T. W. Cooke, H. P. Blair, W. S. Bowen, Byron S. Adams, H. E. Ross, William Stanley and S. E. Kramer. Among the additional members appointed to the executive council by Bishop Freeman were Maj. Gen. John A. Le Jeune and the Rev. Herbert Scott-Smith.

A resolution was adopted giving seats in the diocesan convention to the chancellor and treasurer of the diocese. The place of meeting for the 1928 convention of the diocese of Washington will be St. Philip's church, Laurel, Md. After a brief talk by Bishop Freeman the convention adjourned.

Mrs. Lamar Honorary President of Dames

Declining the offer of a fourteenth consecutive term as president of the National Society of the Colonial Dames, Mrs. Joseph R. Lamar, of Georgia, yesterday was elected an honorary president of the society. Mrs. Lamar, a native of Connecticut, was elected national president. Mrs. William Adams Brown, of New York, was elected first vice president. Mrs. Christopher L. Ward, of Delaware, was elected second vice president, and Miss Margaret Foster third vice president.

Mrs. William Holland Wilmer, of the District, was elected secretary, and Miss Elizabeth Chew Williams, of Maryland, assistant secretary. Mrs. Charles MacFarrell, of Virginia, was elected registrar and Mrs. Charles Elliot Furness, of Minnesota, historian. The session of the council was held as usual behind closed doors in the Mayflower hotel. It will close today.

Ancient Milestone Bone of Contention

Rye, N. Y., May 12 (By A. P.)—A milestone resurfaced from a heap has become a bone of contention. George Palmer Putnam, arctic explorer and publisher, found the stone and imbedded it as a historical monument in the foundation of his porch. When the village of Rye decided to restore the milestones to their original positions, Mr. Putnam offered to have a copy made. Village trustees then voted to take steps to recover the marker.

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 Let us explain our service.

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 At 12 o'clock Noon

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 QUEEN ANNE DUCKFOOT TABLE, REF.
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 Practically new desirable household furniture and effects, by order U. S. Marshal, commencing 10 a. m.

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 —your TOWN HOUSE for the season, let M. T. & S. Co. become responsible for the Moving, Packing, Shipping or Storage of your household effects.
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CAPITAL SOCIETY EVENTS

MRS. CURTIS D. WILBUR will depart today for Wayne, Pa. From there she will go to New Haven to visit her daughter, Miss Edna Wilbur. Later Mrs. Wilbur will join Secretary of the Navy Charles G. Messersmith in Newport where they will remain for the graduation at the Naval War college. Secretary Wilbur will go to New York, Saturday.

The Secretary of the Interior, Dr. Hubert Work, will entertain at luncheon today at the Chevy Chase club in honor of the visiting physicians to the convention of the American Medical association. His guests will be personal friends, including officers of the association.

Mrs. de Puyredon, wife of the Ambassador of Argentina, entertained at luncheon Tuesday at the embassy.

The Ambassador of Peru, Dr. Hernan Velarde entertained at luncheon yesterday in the presidential dining room of the Mayflower, having as his guest his brother, Senator Carlos Velarde, and Mr. J. J. Bravo and Mr. J. Cordacho, who were delegates from Peru to the Pan-American commercial conference, also the following members of the embassy staff: Mr. Alfredo Gonzalez Prada, Mr. Alvarez Busnabista, Dr. Santiago F. Bedoya, and Col. Jose Urdanivia Gines.

The Ambassador of Japan and Mme. Matsudaira will entertain twenty guests at dinner tomorrow evening in honor of the American Ambassador to Japan, Mr. Charles MacVane.

The Minister of Egypt and Mme. Samy Pasha will entertain sixteen guests at dinner tomorrow evening at the legation.

Senator Don J. Rafael Oreamuno, Minister of Costa Rica, who is at present in Paris, will not return until July.

The Minister of Haiti and Mrs. Hanibal Price entertained at dinner last evening for the Haitian delegates to the third Pan-American commercial conference. Among the guests were Mr. Biazaukas, Mr. Eliazaukas, Mr. Lianke, and his brother, Mr. Maurice Lianke.

The Albanian Minister, Mr. Koniz, will entertain this evening at dinner in honor of the Lithuanian Minister, Mr. Biazaukas, who will sail on the Leviathan on May 21.

In New York Today

Dr. M. Bagdonas, newly appointed secretary of the legation of Lithuania, will arrive in New York today on the George Washington from Europe. After the departure of Mr. Biazaukas, the retiring Minister, he will be charge d'affaires of the legation until the arrival of the new Minister, Mr. Narushevicius, who is expected in June.

Mr. Alex Wahaby, of the Egyptian legation, will sail May 21 on the Leviathan for Europe.

Col. and Mrs. Arthur O'Brien will entertain at a dance May 21 in honor of their house guest, Miss Laura Palmer.

Representative Theodore E. Burton, of Ohio, and his niece, Miss Grace Burton, are at Hot Springs, Va., for a three weeks' visit. Mrs. Charles Boughton Wood also is there for a short stay.

Mme. Pezet, wife of the former Ambassador of Peru, is in New York with her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Alfonso Washington Pezet.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lansing have as their house guests Mrs. Christian Herter and Mrs. Richard Emmett, who will arrive today.

Miss Adelaide Douglass entertained at a dinner dance last evening at the Congressional Country club in honor of Miss Rebekah Lipscomb and her fiancé, Lieut. Thomas Dresser White, and Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Rosenbaum.

Miss Marjorie McCoy, of Covington, Ky., is the guest of Miss Douglass.

Miss Esther Frager will arrive tomorrow from New York to pass a week in Washington.

Visits Atlantic City

Mrs. Logan Peland, wife of Brig. Gen. Peland, U. S. M. C., is in Atlantic City for several weeks. She is accompanied by her sister, Miss Hazel Cudura, of Columbus, Ohio.

Mr. Harry K. Dougherty, assistant solicitor of the Treasury, and Mrs. Dougherty have visiting them at the Wardman Park hotel their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Graham Murray.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Duncan McKenney and their daughters, Mrs. Elaine Mallan and Miss Virginia McKenney, will sail from New York May 21 on the Leviathan for Europe, where they will remain until August.

Maj. and Mrs. Edward Roth departed yesterday for Martins Vineyard.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Frelinghuysen Dumont entertained at a small dinner party last evening at the Mayflower.

Mrs. Sidney Cloman entertained a party of fourteen at a bridge luncheon yesterday in the presidential suite of the Mayflower.

Mrs. Eugene Collier will entertain at tea in honor of the Mrs. Ernest Thompson Seton Tuesday afternoon from 4:30 until 7 o'clock.

Mrs. Frank J. Hogan entertained informally at luncheon yesterday at the Willard.

Mr. D. R. Crissinger, governor of the Federal Reserve Board, also was host.

LUNCHEON TODAY

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BEACON INN

1145 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Club Luncheon and a Light Service

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Opposite Ambassador

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Tonight!

When you rise in the morning you'll be delighted to find a new freshness to your skin.

Write the ENSEMBLE CO., Washington, D. C., for FREE Sample Jar.

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to a small company at luncheon yesterday at the Willard.

Mrs. George W. Wallerick, of Chicago, who, with her husband, Col. Wallerick, of the medical reserve corps, is at the Mayflower, entertained a party of ten at luncheon Wednesday in the presidential dining room.

Mrs. Edwin C. Gregory, of Salisbury, N. C., is in Washington to attend the eighteenth biennial council of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America.

Hostess at Luncheon

Mrs. C. J. Williamson entertained at luncheon yesterday in the Florentine room at the Wardman Park hotel for her daughter, Mrs. William Lloyd Linton, in honor of Miss Rebekah Lipscomb, who is to be married to Lieut. Thomas Dresser White on May 28.

Her guests were Mrs. Elaine Lipscomb, Mrs. David H. Blair, Mrs. Harry Perry, Mrs. Elizabeth Northrup, Mrs. Edward Graves, Mrs. Charles Roth, Mrs. Thomas Clarke, Mrs. A. D. Kula, Mrs. Leslie M. Shaw, Mrs. J. E. Moffatt, Mrs. Dean, Mrs. Alexander Bentley, Mrs. John W. Price, Mrs. Boyd Carpenter, Mrs. A. J. Hafford, Mrs. Sidney Andrews, Mrs. Stephenson-Scott, Mrs. Hobart Hawkins, Miss Evelyn Gordon, Miss Katharine Wilcox, Mrs. Corneille Hatch, Mrs. Danthies Moffatt, Miss Margaret Orme, Miss Sally Phillips, Miss Mildred Clarke, Mrs. Carleton Moran, Mrs. Russell Kelley, Mrs. Aubrey Clarke, Mrs. Lucian Clarke, Mrs. F. L. Browne, Mrs. M. B. Gore and Mrs. James W. Orme.

Mr. and Mrs. Williamson entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Congressional Country club last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Beavers are passing two weeks in Asheville, N. C., with their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Graham Magruder.

Mrs. John Allan Dougherty is in charge of the boxes at the entertainment this evening at the Willard's to the benefit of the Red Cross. Those who have taken boxes are Mrs. George Meets, Mrs. William A. King, Mrs. Peter A. Drury, Mrs. J. Arthur Jeffers, Mrs. Martin Fraser, Mrs. Sidney Cloman, Mrs. Emerson Howe, Mrs. Har- ley P. Wilson, Miss Susette Dewey, Mr. Archibald Wells and Mr. Robert Henderson.

Col. and Mrs. George Will Wallerick, of Chicago, Mrs. Col. Thos. Wallerick, of Rochester, N. Y., were joint hosts at a dinner to their fellow officers in the medical reserve corps and their Company the First dining room at the Wardman Park hotel last evening. Their guests were Col. and Mrs. Farley S. Dickinson, Maj. and Mrs. Roy Heffebauer, Maj. and Mrs. Sam S. Creighton, Maj. and Mrs. Norman L. McDermid, Maj. and Mrs. Glenn Jones, Maj. and Mrs. Thos. Flynn, Maj. and Mrs. Tasker, Capt. and Mrs. Porter, Miss Kate Hyalop and Col. Alfred Littauer.

Mrs. H. E. C. Bryant entertained at luncheon yesterday in honor of Miss Elizabeth Boyd, whose wedding to Mr. Bocco Farnes, of New Rochelle, N. Y., will take place in June.

Former Senator and Mrs. Chauncey Depew arrived yesterday at the Willard. Mrs. Harvey Cushing, of Boston, is at the Willard.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Wickersham, of New York, are at the Carlton hotel. Mr. Wickersham, who was Attorney General during the Taft administration, is president of the American Law Institute.

The marriage of Miss Frances Fenwick Griffin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bryan Griffin, of Chevy Chase, to Capt. Gustave Villaret, Jr., U. S. A., took place yesterday morning at 11 o'clock at the rectory of the Shrine of the Blessed Sacrament, Chevy Chase parkway. The Rev. Thomas Smyth officiated.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Betty Marshall Griffin. Mr. Eugene Nolan, of Baltimore, acted as best man for Capt. Villaret.

Following the ceremony a breakfast was served at the home of the bride's parents.

Miss Sayn Entertains

Miss Elena De Sayn entertained at luncheon Mrs. Charles H. Merrill, Miss Conney and Miss Sarah Maher at the St. Mark's club Wednesday.

Mrs. J. S. McGovern, of New York, has taken an apartment at the Wardman Park hotel, where she will be joined by Maj. McGovern, U. S. A., retired, tomorrow.

A benefit bridge party for St. Gertrude's School of Arts and Crafts will be held at Wardman Park hotel Friday evening at 8:30 o'clock. Mrs. D. C. Shea is chairman of the party, including Miss Letitia Emery, Miss Marguerite Orme, Miss Frances Saul, Miss Rose Saul, Miss Mary Rose Shea, Miss Mary Tumulty and Miss Elizabeth Walsh. Lady Isabella Howard, Mrs. Peter J. McGovern.

LEO HORNS FOR sports and motoring TEN DOLLARS Goldheim's 1409 H Street APPEAL FOR GENTLEMEN

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Adventure CHIC
 Concerning Sports Costumes

HERE, indeed, is an adventure! In our new Sportswear Shop you may assemble "your own," and express your personality perfectly, following only one important rule: that your skirt be pleated. Thereafter it may be flannel in white or color, it may be silk crepe, it may be plaid taffeta, and your jacket may be wool crepe, flannel or velvet—or, you may decide on a sweater, of which there are many!

AND the prices are so unexpectedly low for such smartness! That's the adventure of it!

Sportswear Shop—Fourth Floor.

A Capricious Need—Steadily Served

The hot-weather appetite of your family is capricious. Neither grown-up nor child craves his liquid refreshment at a set time. The desire for it may come at any minute—morning, noon, afternoon, evening, or even the wee small hours. Hence the ice to cool it must be at hand—plenty of it. But however capricious the appetite, the service must be regular, steady, unflinching. There is no disappointment in American Service—your American ice is delivered at the same hour daily; never a lack of ice to preserve your perishable foods; never a lack of ice to cool your healthful drinks.

American ICE Company

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 Sunday, May 22d, 1927

Special Train of First-Class Coaches and Parlor Car Lv. Washington (Union Station) 9:00 A.M. Lv. Washington (7th St. Station) 9:05 A.M.

Many outstanding features in these Caverns. Now is the time to visit them, when the surrounding country is all aglow with the fragrance of Springtime. The Caverns are roomy and capacious, as well as natural. A visit is always worth while.

Dinner and Refreshments Served at Caverns Inn For tickets, parlor car reservations, etc., apply City Ticket Office, 1510 H Street N.W., 7th Station or Union Station.

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Tans, Grays—and Tan and Gray Mixtures in

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Some say "Tan" and some say "Gray," but everyone concedes that these two tones and variations of them, are the outstanding colors in Men's Suits this season. Our WOODSHIRE line boasts an extensive variety of these pastel shades—and we confidently believe each suit to be the "best possible buy" in Two-Trouser Suits. We've taken great pains to make them just what we feel they should be, but it remains for you, the better judge, to mark them with your approval.

Always \$45

MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION, SECOND FLOOR

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Washington's Finest Men's Wear Store



This is the shoe for Spring and Summer

\$8

Fine imported black or tan calfskin. Constructed on comfortable lasts in a sturdy manner—assurance that they will be easy on the feet and will always look well.

Raleigh Haberdasher
1310 F Street

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OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
EDWARD J. STELLWAGEN
PRESIDENT

CORNER 15TH AND H STREETS

C. & O. SOUGHT VIRGINIAN, I. C. C. HEARINGS DEVELOP

Statement on Negotiations Drawn From Harahan in Cross-Examination.

TALK HELD IMPEDIMENT

(By the Associated Press.)

Steps have been taken by the Interstate Commerce Commission to acquire ownership of the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad, it developed yesterday at Interstate Commerce Commission hearings on the project of the Chesapeake & Ohio to acquire control of the Erie and Pere Marquette systems.

A bare statement as to the Virginia negotiations was drawn from W. J. Harahan, president of the Chesapeake & Ohio, during prolonged cross-examination by Henry W. Anderson, counsel for the Erie and Pere Marquette systems.

Mr. Anderson demanded that the witness tell of any steps taken by his railroad to buy the Virginia. Public discussion of the project would tend to embarrass and hamper the negotiations, Mr. Anderson insisted, though Mr. Anderson disclaimed any such purpose.

It developed, however, that the Chesapeake & Ohio had undertaken to negotiate for the Virginia after the commission had refused to allow the Norfolk & Western to acquire that system.

Various phases of the protracted series of meetings in which Chesapeake & Ohio officials arranged to purchase the controlling interest in the Erie and Pere Marquette were dealt with during preceding cross-examination. O. P. Van Sweringen, of Cleveland, it was brought out, in addition to agreeing to sell the Chesapeake & Ohio large blocks of Erie and Pere Marquette stock, attended meetings in which opposing minority stockholders participated and at which an endeavor was made to eliminate objections to the merger project.

Salemen will find Auto Bus Schedules listed in alphabetical order at the head of the Classified Ad section of The Washington Post.

Garden Hose

12c foot
16c foot

All Brass Nozzle with 25 ft. of hose or more, 40c.

Potomac Rubber Co.

724 14th St. N.W.
Main 170.

VITAL STATISTICS

BIRTHS REPORTED.

John H. and Taler G. Emery, boy.
Theresa E. and Edith P. Scott, boy.
David O. and Anne W. Scott, girl.
Milford P. and Frances L. Wheeler, girl.
George W. and Lydia S. Ellington, girl.
Wilson and Susan B. Cecil, girl.
Albert E. and Mary A. Hardy, girl.
Robert H. and Margaret C. Levy, boy.
Loris C. and Irene Hoffman, girl.
George L. and Beatrice L. Johnson, girl.
Harvey A. and Helen L. DeWitt, boy.
Wilbert and Beulah E. Neale, girl.
Harold L. and Beulah A. Watson, girl.
James F. and Mary L. Brown, girl.
Burton C. and Beatrice L. Brown, boy.
James A. and Olivia Morris, girl.
Warren and Annie Black, boy.
Robert H. and Amy Johnson, girl.
Henry and Dorothy Bell, girl.
Malcolm and Mildred Jeff, girl.

LICENSED TO MARRY.

Larkin Hurdley, 23, of Danville, Va., and Mary J. Callahan, 23, of Fort Rye, Md.
John H. Harris, Jr., 22, and Mabel E. Taylor, 18, The Rev. H. D. Orman.
Fred P. Hockett, 22, and Lily M. Jeffries, 18, The Rev. M. C. Deary.
Louis Tatro, 19, and Mary T. Pilla, 20, The Rev. A. J. Tyley.
James Jackson, 31, and Louise Clarke, 23, The Rev. A. J. Tyley.
The Rev. H. A. Dalton.
Bright, 42, both of Philadelphia. The Rev. W. M. Hoffman.
Martin L. Roshale, 21, and Sophronia Prout, 19, The Rev. L. Roshale.
Alfred X. Fallon, 23, and Yvonne L. Jones, 18, both of Richmond. The Rev. J. E. Jones.
Adolph G. Weiss, 43, of Farrell, Pa., and Nina J. Weiss, 33, of Sharon, Pa. The Rev. W. M. Hoffman.
Moses Vann, 27, and Marie H. Manley, 18, The Rev. W. M. Hoffman.
Robert W. Reynolds, 21, and Mary F. Sullivan, 19, The Rev. L. Roshale.
Herman P. Evans, 23, and Gertrude Wallace, 21, The Rev. C. E. Hawthorne.

DEATHS REPORTED.

Henry G. Gardner, 57 yrs., 1802 Kearney st. ne.
George Hughes, 25 yrs., Prov. hosp.
Charles H. Stille, 60 yrs., 3007 Ill. ave. nw.
Alfred S. Boyden, 73 yrs., 2521 Q st. nw.
George W. Summers, 81 yrs., Emerg. hosp.
Mary M. Cosgrove, 62 yrs., 1409 Harvard st. nw.
Walter Dawson, 48 yrs., rear 92 Bladenburg ne.
Louis J. McPherson, 48 yrs., 3301 Ga. ave. ne.
John P. Herman, 52 yrs., under Conn. ave. bridge, Rock Creek.
Julia Butler, 80 yrs., Garfield hosp.
Hiram Oyer, 72 yrs., Gaillinger hosp.
Mildred Kelley, 43 yrs., 1615 10th st. nw.
James M. Moore, 43 yrs., 634 Acme st. ne.
James Monroe, alias Eugene Sullivan, 38 yrs., Casualty hosp.
Thomas Wells, 60 yrs., 5812 Banks st. ne.
Bessie Colding, 34 yrs., Freedmen's hosp.
Charlotte Hawkins, 47 yrs., 908 E st. sw.
Joseph Smith, 36 yrs., Gaillinger hosp.
Hodge A. Brown, 43 yrs., 423 Del. ave. sw.
Christina Barnes, 72 yrs., Home for Aged.
Carrie L. Dixon, 38 yrs., 3151 Mt. Pleasant n.w.
Lawrence W. Dennis, 37 yrs., 820 N. H. ave. n.w.
Mary J. Early, 37 yrs., 739 Fairmont st. nw.
Mamie D. Lomax, 3 yrs., 615 2d st. sw.

Hesse Seeks Relief From X-Ray Fees

Maj. Edwin B. Hesse, superintendent of police, yesterday recommended to the commissioners that they pay out of their contingent fund, fees for X-ray examinations of policemen ordered by the board of police and fire surgeons. These examinations were formerly paid out of the police and firemen's relief fund, but Comptroller General John R. McCarl forbade continuance of that practice. Maj. Hesse said that policemen should not be required to pay for the examinations, since they do not voluntarily undergo them, but have no choice when ordered to do so.

666
is a Prescription for
Colds, Grippe, Flu, Dengue,
Billious Fever and Malaria.
It kills the germs.

THE WEATHER

TODAY'S SUN AND TIDE TABLE

Sun rises..... 4:50 High tide, 5:45 6:11
Sun sets..... 7:11 Low tide..... 12:20

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Thursday, May 12—6 p. m.

Forecast for the District of Columbia—Partly cloudy and warmer Friday; Saturday increasing clouds and possibly showers; gentle northwesterly winds, shifting to southerly.

For Maryland and Virginia—Generally fair and warmer Friday; Saturday increasing clouds, possibly showers in afternoon; gentle northwesterly winds, becoming variable and shifting to southerly.

The northwestern disturbance is central this evening over southern Manitoba, Minnesota, 20.70 inches, with a trough of low pressure extending south and southward to southern New Mexico, with secondary depressions, Colorado, Kansas, and Oklahoma. The disturbance is moving eastward and is expected to reach the vicinity of Bermuda. A small area of high pressure covers the lower Mississippi valley and the eastern seaboard. There have been light rains within the last 24 hours in the Ohio valley, the lower lake region and the middle Atlantic States, and light to moderate rains over the west gulf region and along the coast. The weather has been generally fair. The indications are for mostly fair weather Friday in the forecast district, except that there will be showers along the gulf coast and in northern New England. The temperature will be higher on Friday. On Saturday the indications are for partly cloudy to cloudy weather, with showers along the gulf coast and over the Ohio valley and the middle Atlantic and north Atlantic States.

Local Weather Report.

Temperature—Midnight, 62; 2 a. m., 58; 4 a. m., 55; 6 a. m., 55; 8 a. m., 57; 10 a. m., 57; 12 noon, 59; 2 p. m., 60; 4 p. m., 60; 6 p. m., 57; 8 p. m., 54; Highest, 60; Lowest, 54. Wind, light variable, shifting to southerly. Humidity, 70. Rainfall, 0.00. Barometer, 30.00. Direction of wind, light variable, shifting to southerly. Force of wind, light variable, shifting to southerly. State of sky, partly cloudy. Amount of rain, 0.00. Direction of rain, light variable, shifting to southerly. Force of rain, light variable, shifting to southerly. State of sky, partly cloudy. Amount of rain, 0.00. Direction of rain, light variable, shifting to southerly. Force of rain, light variable, shifting to southerly.

Temperatures and Precipitation.

Lowest. Highest. Wind. Thurs. Rain. Fall.

Washington, D. C..... 56 48 53 0.01
Asheville, N. C..... 56 48 53 0.01
Atlanta, Ga..... 56 48 53 0.01
Baltimore, Md..... 56 48 53 0.01
Birmingham, Ala..... 56 48 53 0.01
Bismarck, N. Dak..... 56 48 53 0.01
Boston, Mass..... 56 48 53 0.01
Buffalo, N. Y..... 56 48 53 0.01
Chicago, Ill..... 56 48 53 0.01
Cincinnati, Ohio..... 56 48 53 0.01
Cleveland, Ohio..... 56 48 53 0.01
Columbus, Ohio..... 56 48 53 0.01
Dayton, Ohio..... 56 48 53 0.01
Des Moines, Iowa..... 56 48 53 0.01
Detroit, Mich..... 56 48 53 0.01
El Paso, Tex..... 56 48 53 0.01
Galveston, Tex..... 56 48 53 0.01
Havana, Cuba..... 56 48 53 0.01
Helena, Mont..... 56 48 53 0.01
Indianapolis, Ind..... 56 48 53 0.01
Jacksonville, Fla..... 56 48 53 0.01
Kansas City, Mo..... 56 48 53 0.01
Little Rock, Ark..... 56 48 53 0.01
Los Angeles, Cal..... 56 48 53 0.01
Louisville, Ky..... 56 48 53 0.01
Managua, N. H..... 56 48 53 0.01
Memphis, Tenn..... 56 48 53 0.01
Miami, Fla..... 56 48 53 0.01
Mobile, Ala..... 56 48 53 0.01
New Orleans, La..... 56 48 53 0.01
New York, N. Y..... 56 48 53 0.01
Omaha, Neb..... 56 48 53 0.01
Philadelphia, Pa..... 56 48 53 0.01
Phoenix, Ariz..... 56 48 53 0.01
Pittsburgh, Pa..... 56 48 53 0.01
Portland, Me..... 56 48 53 0.01
Portland, Ore..... 56 48 53 0.01
Salt Lake City, Utah..... 56 48 53 0.01
St. Louis, Mo..... 56 48 53 0.01
St. Paul, Minn..... 56 48 53 0.01
San Antonio, Tex..... 56 48 53 0.01
San Diego, Cal..... 56 48 53 0.01
San Francisco, Cal..... 56 48 53 0.01
Santa Fe, N. Mex..... 56 48 53 0.01
Savannah, Ga..... 56 48 53 0.01
Seattle, Wash..... 56 48 53 0.01
Springfield, Ill..... 56 48 53 0.01
Tampa, Fla..... 56 48 53 0.01
Toledo, Ohio..... 56 48 53 0.01
Vicksburg, Miss..... 56 48 53 0.01

River Bulletin.

Harpers Ferry, W. Va., May 12.—Potomac and Shenandoah rivers very muddy.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS

New York, May 12.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Arabic for Antwerp.
Majestic for Southampton.
Tuscania for London.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Adriatic for Liverpool.
Cabo Torres for Lisbon.
City of Bedford for Fort Said.
Gripsholm for Gothenburg.
Liberty Land for Genoa.
Minnesota for London.
Paris for Havre.
Scythia for Liverpool.
Syndland for Barcelona.
Veendam for Rotterdam.

REPORTED BY RADIO.

Berengaria, from Southampton, due at pier 84 North river, Friday.
George Washington, from Bremen, due at pier 84 North river, Friday.
Columbus, from Bremen, due at pier 84 North river, Friday.
Roma, from Genoa, due at pier 87 North river, Friday.
Chicago, from Bordeaux, due at pier 99 North river, Friday.
Celtic, from Liverpool, due at pier 84 North river, Friday.
Nieuw Amsterdam, from Rotterdam, due at Fifth street, Hoboken, Saturday.
Lancastria, from Havre, due at pier 83 North river, Sunday.
Derfflinger, from Bremen, due at Sixth street, Hoboken, Sunday.
Leviathan, from Southampton, due at pier 86 North river Monday.
Glasgow, from Glasgow, due at pier 56 North river, Monday.
Coronia, from Liverpool, due at pier 86 North river, Monday.
Minnetonka, from London, due at pier 88 North river, Monday.
American Export, from London, due at pier 7 North river, Monday.
Lapland, from Antwerp, due at pier 61 North river, Monday.
Estonia, from Danzig, due at pier 5, Brooklyn, Monday.
Albert Ballin, from Hamburg, due at pier 88 North river, Monday.

KAPLOWITZ
ON NINTH ABOVE G ST.

\$1

ONE DOLLAR A GARMENT PROFIT
NO STORE CAN AFFORD TO SELL
MERCHANDISE ON THE SAME
BASIS

VERY FEW STORES CAN OFFER
SUCH BEAUTIFUL FASHIONS
NEW BEAUTIFUL DRESSES
DELIGHTFULLY COOL, AIRY AND
REFRESHING

FOR \$15.75

THE WHOLESALE MANUFACTURING COST IS \$14.75

FORM YOUR IDEA OR SHOP
AROUND ON \$22.50 TO \$25.00
DRESSES — AND IN SOME STORES
THEY ARE EVEN HIGHER — AND
THEN TRY ON THESE NEW SMART
DRESSES WE OFFER AT \$15.75

COPIES OF THE FRENCH
FASHIONS OF DISTINCTION
WITH DISTINGUISHED LINES
MADAMES' and MADEMOISELLES'
DRESS SHOP—OPENS AT 6

CAILLE ROWBOAT MOTORS
Lifetime Guarantee
John J. Odenwald, 1209 H St.

6% First Mortgage Notes
For safe, well secured notes. Interest paid when due. SAFE INVESTMENTS

Burned?
Fire destroys COMPLETELY and PERMANENTLY—The Federal-American National Bank Offers Complete and Permanent Protection of Money and Valuables.

UNITED STATES STORAGE CO.
FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE
STORAGE—MOVING—CRATING
615-25 10th N. W. Main 4229 Pk. 2429

Allen's FOOT-EASE
If shoes pinch or feet ache—
are tired and sore—
Just shake
ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
into Your Shoes!
At Drug and Toilet Goods Counters

Boulevard Apartments
No. 2121 New York Ave. N.W.
All Finished and Ready for Occupancy.
Phone Main 6850.
Furnished and Unfurnished Apartments.
One, Two, Three and Four Rooms All Housekeeping.
Rentals, \$55.00 to \$115.00 Per Month.
Real kitchen, completely equipped with refrigerator; built-in baths with showers; large closets; sound-proof walls and floors.
Resident manager, messenger service and valet service.
We, Frank Thyson, Sec.-Treas.
738 Investment Bldg. Main 1580.

The Fairfax
An Apartment Hotel of Distinction
Massachusetts Ave. at 21st St.
Immediate Reservations Urged
FURNISHED APARTMENTS
Parlor, bedroom and bath, or one room, kitchen, dinette and bath; \$4 to \$12 weekly; \$25 to \$30 monthly.
(Rates include Full Hotel Service)
UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS
Parlor, bedroom and bath; or one room, kitchen, dinette and bath, \$50 to \$70.

Operated by
Maddux, Marshall, Moss & Mallory, Inc.

THE 4-M HOTELS
Operated by
Maddux, Marshall, Moss & Mallory, Inc.
ARLINGTON HOTEL
Vermont 4 avenue at K and 15th Streets
CAIRO HOTEL
Q Street at 15th Street
COLONIAL HOTEL
Corner 15th and M Streets
THE FAIRFAX
Apartment Hotel
Massachusetts Avenue at 21st
HAMILTON HOTEL
Fourteenth Street at K
THE MARTINIQUE
Sixteenth Street at M
TILDEN HALL
Apartment Hotel
Connecticut Avenue at Tilden

AMUSEMENTS

ARRIVING TOMORROW!

RIALTO
Week Starting Saturday, May 14th
WITH
WILLIAM BOYD
ELINOR FAIR
JUNIOR COGHLAN
An Epoch Picture of the Era
When Romance and Adventure
Rode High in the Rigging of the
White-Winged Greyhounds of
the Deep—Teaming With Romance,
Action and the Thrill of
Mighty Achievements!

TONIGHT AT 8:15
POLI'S THEATER
THE BIG BENEFIT
PERFORMANCE
FOR
MISSISSIPPI FLOOD SUFFERERS
25-SUPER ACTS-25
A GREAT SHOW
Closing With
A "CHARLESTON-BLACK BOTTOM" CONTEST
For the Championship of
\$100.00 PRIZE
Expected to be Contested For the Purpose
Entrants Apply at Stage Door, Poli's Theater, at 5 P. M.

NATIONAL TONIGHT
\$1.10, 75c, 50c — AT 8:20
MAT. SATURDAY—50c, 75c
NATIONAL THEATRE PLAYERS
Direction Clifford Brooke, Offer
LAKE THAT OFF
Wallack Theater, N. Y. Comedy Hit.
A Laugh Every 20 Seconds.
Next Week Starts Selling
"THE ENEMY"

RIALTO LAST DAY!
BELLE BENNETT
IN
"THE 4th COMMANDMENT"

Belasco Theater
TONIGHT
8:15 P. M.
MISS HAWKE'S
Spring Dance Festival
Introducing
"Research in Circus Tent."
For the benefit Building Fund,
Episcopal Home for Children,
CALLERY SEAT \$1.75, 75c
Seats on Sale at Theater.

WATCH AND CLOCK REPAIRING
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
TRIBBY'S
615 15th St. Next to Keith's
Main 7103

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST RETAIL CLEANERS AND DYERS.
DIENER'S
Cash and Carry CLEANERS
(INC.)
Better Cleaning for Less Money
We are always looking after the best interests of the public.
SPECIAL, \$2
Ladies' Long Fur Coats thoroughly cleaned (lining included). Our process means longer life for your fur coat.
FREE
Moth-proof Bag for safely storing your apparel during summer, given free with every Lady's Long Coat, Cloth Dress or Men's Overcoat cleaned by us.
Ladies' Fur Trimmed Coats, thoroughly steamed, cleaned \$1.45
Ladies' Silk Dresses and Evening Gowns (plain) cleaned and pressed \$1.45
Silk Blouses or Waists cleaned and pressed 50c
Men's Suits cleaned and pressed 95c
Ladies' or Men's "Felt" Hats cleaned and blocked 75c
Men's Suits sponged and pressed 25c
Single Blankets cleaned 75c
Double Blankets cleaned \$1.00
Eight Conveniently Located Stores:
2415 Conn. Ave. 2415 E. St. N.W.
901 1/2 St. N.W.
4 G St. N.W., Opp. G. P. O.
1212 1/2 St. N.W.
1518 K St. N.W.
1600 Eye St. N.W.
702 Florida Ave. N.W.

LOEW'S PALACE
F St. at 13th
Continuous, 10:30 a. m. to 11 p. m.
25c Seats 10:30 A.M.-1 P.M. Seats 25c
WALLACE BEERY
IN
"CASEY AT THE BAT"
ON THE STAGE
International Tunes Favorites
SEBASTIAN AND NORD
HAL KEMP'S BAND
FROSINI
PIANOFORTE
ACCOMPIANIST
GEORGE LYONS
HARPISIT

LOEW'S COLUMBIA
F St. at 12th
Continuous 10:30 a. m. to 11 p. m.
The Greatest Comedy Team Ever Known.
KARL DANE and **GEORGE K. ARTHUR**
In the Higest Comedy of Our Times
"ROOKIES"
with
MARCELINE DAY
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture.

NO OTHER place near WASHINGTON compares with GREAT FALLS, Va., in scenic BEAUTY.
A TRIP there will convince YOU. AMUSEMENTS—PICNIC GROUNDS—ALL OUTDOOR SPORTS.
CARS LEAVE from South End of KEY BRIDGE. Round trip 50c. CITY CARS marked "Roostlyn" MAKE DIRECT connections. Washington & Old Dominion Ry.

LITTLE
Washington's Smartest Playhouse
Between F and G on 9th. Continuous 1 to 11
UFA Presents
"CHAINED"

W. & J. SLOANE
709-711-713 TWELFTH STREET, N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C.
"The House with the Green Shutters"

Our Great Spring ORIENTAL RUG SALE—Continues

offering opportunities which we would be glad to have you inspect and compare with any others offered anywhere else.

ROOM SIZE RUGS
(Guaranteed to be handwoven Orientals)

\$127⁰⁰ - \$225⁰⁰ - \$300⁰⁰ - \$350⁰⁰
12' x 9' size quoted

Also, an unexcelled collection offers large rugs in Kirmanshah—Senneh—Sarouk—Meshed—Ferrehgan—Khorassan—Bidjar—Hamadan—Kurdistan—Turkoman—Oushak and Anatolian weaves, covering a range of sizes from small scatter rugs to the magnificent examples as large as 36 feet by 17 feet. Whether you intend to spend \$15 or \$15,000, the values are equally advantageous—worthy of inspection by anyone desiring an Oriental rug of any grade.

SCATTER RUGS
from the best Oriental weaving centers

\$15 - \$20 - \$25 - \$30 - \$35 - \$40 - \$45 - \$50

If you are contemplating the purchase of a rug, you cannot afford to ignore this Sale

Charge Accounts Conveniently Arranged
STORE OPEN FROM 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. DAILY INCLUDING SATURDAY FREIGHT PAID TO ALL SHIPPING POINTS IN THE UNITED STATES
Sloane Endorsed Merchandise Carries An Assurance of Satisfaction

STUDEBAKER
Ask Us to Let You Drive It.
Phone Potomac 1631

Household Effects
of Every Description
at Public Auction
AT SLOAN'S
715 13th Street
SATURDAY
May 14th, 1927
At 10 A. M.

Household Effects
of Every Description
at Public Auction
AT SLOAN'S
715 13th Street
SATURDAY
May 14th, 1927
At 10 A. M.

FEW ISOLATED SHARES ARE BID UP SPARILY

General Course of Stocks Is Downward; Nickel Plate Gains Sharply.

STEELS APPEAR "TIRED"

Special to The Washington Post.

New York, May 12.—The general course of the stock market today was downward, many of the active shares losing from 1 to 3 1/2 points, a movement only partly offset by the sharp bidding for a few isolated shares. Both new lows and new highs for the year were established. The nickel plate stock was the only one to show a gain of 9 points. On the whole the market's movement had been irregular, with a general decline in the price of the nickel plate stock, which has been the market's real trend since the beginning of the year.

Call money rates opened and ruled at 4 1/2 per cent throughout the day. The failure of the oil company executives in conference here to make greater progress in arriving at a basis for operation, proved a depressing influence, after an early display of strength among the petroleum shares. In considerable interest was taken in railroad shares, especially in the nickel plate stock, which was bid up to 204, a net gain of 8 1/2 points. Chesapeake & Ohio fluctuated between 174 1/2 and 177, finally closing at 176 1/2, a net gain of 1 1/2 net. Erie made substantial gains in the early trading, but later sold off for a fractional net loss. Many of the carrier stocks, both impressive and speculative, fared poorly, but sold off in the afternoon to land in the minus column.

The motor shares churned about irregularly, in anticipation of dividend action by the directors of General Motors after the close of the market. The cash dividend of \$2 a share on the outstanding common stock in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of \$2 on the common stock, was announced. The automobile leader finished the day fractionally higher, but the turnover was not active. The stock of the General Motors Corp. was bid up to 101, in the last minutes of trading. The 600 shares of the common stock of the group were quite active in broad movement, but finally closed near to their opening prices.

The steel stocks acted as if tired, moving sluggishly and closing about where they left off yesterday. Some of the bright spots in the day's trading were the steel stocks, which included the further advance of Union Bag & Paper for a new high of 4 1/2 points, a net gain of 4 1/2 points. The steel stock of Union Bag & Paper, which was bid up to 133, up 5 points net, an advance of 4 points net. The steel stock of Union Bag & Paper, which was bid up to 133, up 5 points net, an advance of 4 points net.

Unusual activity broke out in the Erie stocks in the forenoon. The first strength in the Erie issues was accompanied by rumors of early dividend action. Further information in the Chesapeake Corporation plan gave a fillip to Nickel Plate shares. It is now said that holders of Nickel Plate stock get 1 1/2 shares in the new Chesapeake Corporation for each share of Nickel Plate stock. The plan, which was bid up to 133, up 5 points net, an advance of 4 points net. The steel stock of Union Bag & Paper, which was bid up to 133, up 5 points net, an advance of 4 points net.

Foreign exchange rates were firm, with the German mark the feature. The possibility of an early gold movement, which had been thought likely when the rate dropped to 23 1/2 yesterday, was not materialized. French francs were firm and Italian slightly lower.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

Baltimore, Md., May 12 (By A. P.).—WHEAT.—Close 1.47 1/2. 2 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 4 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 6 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 8 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 10 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 12 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 14 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 16 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 18 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 20 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 22 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 24 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 26 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 28 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 30 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 32 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 34 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 36 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 38 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 40 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 42 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 44 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 46 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 48 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 50 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 52 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 54 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 56 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 58 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 60 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 62 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 64 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 66 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 68 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 70 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 72 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 74 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 76 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 78 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 80 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 82 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 84 red spot, 1.47 1/2. 86 red 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BOND PRICES MOVE OFF;
NEW ISSUES HEAVYNew Chesapeake Corporation
5s Again Feature Trading;
Foreign Group Irregular.

FEDERAL LIST IS MIXED

New York, May 12 (By the Associated Press).—Bond prices on the whole showed today in today's market despite various indications that the present era of easy money may be expected to continue indefinitely. Maintenance of the 4 per cent discount rate by the New York Federal Reserve Bank late today occasioned no surprise, as expectations of a reduction had been practically abandoned.

The new Chesapeake Corporation 5s again stood out as the most feature of the day's trading, moving about 2 points above the offering price. This constituted nearly an eighth of the entire volume of sales.

Reports that efforts to effect an agreement on the unification of the New York transit systems had reached a deadlock resulted in free offerings of local traction mortgages. Interborough 5s were particularly heavy. There was a fair demand for North American Edison 5s, which appeared in the list for the first time. Public utilities generally reacted to heavy selling.

Eric D. 4s displayed further buoyancy as a rather brisk demand developed, moving up more than 2 points to 11 1/2, but later losing in afternoon. On the St. Louis and New Orleans 5s went up nearly 3 points to a new high record.

Foreign issues were irregular. German Government 5s, which had been selling at a profit, gained sharply, while Rhine Union 7s, also with warrants, yielding to profit taking.

Mixed price movements occurred in the United States government list, with fourth Liberty 4 1/2s displaying the most activity.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, May 12 (By A. P.).—Wheat took an upward slant today owing largely to reports that spring seeding in Canada is well advanced, and that normal. Besides, domestic wheat crop reports were disappointing. Wheat closed at a profit of 1/2 cent, yesterday's finish to 1/2 cent higher; corn, 3/4 cent off to 1/2 cent up; oats, 1/2 cent off to 1/2 cent up; and provisions unchanged to 40 cents down.

Best prices for wheat today were obtainable in afternoon. On the other hand, the market for wheat was not so active. In addition to reaction from Winnipeg, the market for wheat was not so active. In addition to reaction from Winnipeg, the market for wheat was not so active.

Forecast of generally fair weather both sides of the Canadian boundary indicating improved conditions for seeding grain in the north, and wheat bears in the fore part of the day, but were offset later by reports of rain in the north, and wheat bears in the fore part of the day, but were offset later by reports of rain in the north.

According to some dispatches, heavy rain will fall a heavy toll in Oklahoma and Kansas, and other hand, North American export sales today were small.

Aggressive buying sales brought about a setback, with better weather for fieldwork.

Provisions edged on account of packers' selling of lard and because of lower quotations on hogs.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 1.41 1/2 @ 1.43; No. 3 red, 1.40 1/2 @ 1.42; No. 4 red, 1.39 1/2 @ 1.41; No. 5 red, 1.38 1/2 @ 1.40; No. 6 red, 1.37 1/2 @ 1.39; No. 7 red, 1.36 1/2 @ 1.38; No. 8 red, 1.35 1/2 @ 1.37; No. 9 red, 1.34 1/2 @ 1.36; No. 10 red, 1.33 1/2 @ 1.35; No. 11 red, 1.32 1/2 @ 1.34; No. 12 red, 1.31 1/2 @ 1.33; No. 13 red, 1.30 1/2 @ 1.32; No. 14 red, 1.29 1/2 @ 1.31; No. 15 red, 1.28 1/2 @ 1.30; No. 16 red, 1.27 1/2 @ 1.29; No. 17 red, 1.26 1/2 @ 1.28; No. 18 red, 1.25 1/2 @ 1.27; No. 19 red, 1.24 1/2 @ 1.26; No. 20 red, 1.23 1/2 @ 1.25; No. 21 red, 1.22 1/2 @ 1.24; No. 22 red, 1.21 1/2 @ 1.23; No. 23 red, 1.20 1/2 @ 1.22; No. 24 red, 1.19 1/2 @ 1.21; No. 25 red, 1.18 1/2 @ 1.20; No. 26 red, 1.17 1/2 @ 1.19; No. 27 red, 1.16 1/2 @ 1.18; No. 28 red, 1.15 1/2 @ 1.17; No. 29 red, 1.14 1/2 @ 1.16; No. 30 red, 1.13 1/2 @ 1.15; No. 31 red, 1.12 1/2 @ 1.14; No. 32 red, 1.11 1/2 @ 1.13; No. 33 red, 1.10 1/2 @ 1.12; No. 34 red, 1.09 1/2 @ 1.11; No. 35 red, 1.08 1/2 @ 1.10; No. 36 red, 1.07 1/2 @ 1.09; No. 37 red, 1.06 1/2 @ 1.08; No. 38 red, 1.05 1/2 @ 1.07; No. 39 red, 1.04 1/2 @ 1.06; No. 40 red, 1.03 1/2 @ 1.05; No. 41 red, 1.02 1/2 @ 1.04; No. 42 red, 1.01 1/2 @ 1.03; No. 43 red, 1.00 1/2 @ 1.02; No. 44 red, .99 1/2 @ 1.01; No. 45 red, .98 1/2 @ .99; No. 46 red, .97 1/2 @ .98; No. 47 red, .96 1/2 @ .97; No. 48 red, .95 1/2 @ .96; No. 49 red, .94 1/2 @ .95; No. 50 red, .93 1/2 @ .94; No. 51 red, .92 1/2 @ .93; No. 52 red, .91 1/2 @ .92; No. 53 red, .90 1/2 @ .91; No. 54 red, .89 1/2 @ .90; No. 55 red, .88 1/2 @ .89; No. 56 red, .87 1/2 @ .88; No. 57 red, .86 1/2 @ .87; No. 58 red, .85 1/2 @ .86; No. 59 red, .84 1/2 @ .85; No. 60 red, .83 1/2 @ .84; No. 61 red, .82 1/2 @ .83; No. 62 red, .81 1/2 @ .82; No. 63 red, .80 1/2 @ .81; No. 64 red, .79 1/2 @ .80; No. 65 red, .78 1/2 @ .79; No. 66 red, .77 1/2 @ .78; No. 67 red, .76 1/2 @ .77; No. 68 red, .75 1/2 @ .76; No. 69 red, .74 1/2 @ .75; No. 70 red, .73 1/2 @ .74; No. 71 red, .72 1/2 @ .73; No. 72 red, .71 1/2 @ .72; No. 73 red, .70 1/2 @ .71; No. 74 red, .69 1/2 @ .70; No. 75 red, .68 1/2 @ .69; No. 76 red, .67 1/2 @ .68; No. 77 red, .66 1/2 @ .67; No. 78 red, .65 1/2 @ .66; No. 79 red, .64 1/2 @ .65; No. 80 red, .63 1/2 @ .64; No. 81 red, .62 1/2 @ .63; No. 82 red, .61 1/2 @ .62; No. 83 red, .60 1/2 @ .61; No. 84 red, .59 1/2 @ .60; No. 85 red, .58 1/2 @ .59; No. 86 red, .57 1/2 @ .58; No. 87 red, .56 1/2 @ .57; No. 88 red, .55 1/2 @ .56; No. 89 red, .54 1/2 @ .55; No. 90 red, .53 1/2 @ .54; No. 91 red, .52 1/2 @ .53; No. 92 red, .51 1/2 @ .52; No. 93 red, .50 1/2 @ .51; No. 94 red, .49 1/2 @ .50; No. 95 red, .48 1/2 @ .49; No. 96 red, .47 1/2 @ .48; No. 97 red, .46 1/2 @ .47; No. 98 red, .45 1/2 @ .46; No. 99 red, .44 1/2 @ .45; No. 100 red, .43 1/2 @ .44; No. 101 red, .42 1/2 @ .43; No. 102 red, .41 1/2 @ .42; No. 103 red, .40 1/2 @ .41; No. 104 red, .39 1/2 @ .40; No. 105 red, .38 1/2 @ .39; No. 106 red, .37 1/2 @ .38; No. 107 red, .36 1/2 @ .37; No. 108 red, .35 1/2 @ .36; No. 109 red, .34 1/2 @ .35; No. 110 red, .33 1/2 @ .34; No. 111 red, .32 1/2 @ .33; No. 112 red, .31 1/2 @ .32; No. 113 red, .30 1/2 @ .31; No. 114 red, .29 1/2 @ .30; No. 115 red, .28 1/2 @ .29; No. 116 red, .27 1/2 @ .28; No. 117 red, .26 1/2 @ .27; No. 118 red, .25 1/2 @ .26; No. 119 red, .24 1/2 @ .25; No. 120 red, .23 1/2 @ .24; No. 121 red, .22 1/2 @ .23; No. 122 red, .21 1/2 @ .22; No. 123 red, .20 1/2 @ .21; No. 124 red, .19 1/2 @ .20; No. 125 red, .18 1/2 @ .19; No. 126 red, .17 1/2 @ .18; No. 127 red, .16 1/2 @ .17; No. 128 red, .15 1/2 @ .16; No. 129 red, .14 1/2 @ .15; No. 130 red, .13 1/2 @ .14; No. 131 red, .12 1/2 @ .13; No. 132 red, .11 1/2 @ .12; No. 133 red, .10 1/2 @ .11; No. 134 red, .09 1/2 @ .10; No. 135 red, .08 1/2 @ .09; No. 136 red, .07 1/2 @ .08; No. 137 red, .06 1/2 @ .07; No. 138 red, .05 1/2 @ .06; No. 139 red, .04 1/2 @ .05; No. 140 red, .03 1/2 @ .04; No. 141 red, .02 1/2 @ .03; No. 142 red, .01 1/2 @ .02; No. 143 red, .00 1/2 @ .01; No. 144 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 145 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 146 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 147 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 148 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 149 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 150 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 151 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 152 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 153 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 154 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 155 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 156 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 157 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 158 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 159 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 160 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 161 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 162 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 163 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 164 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 165 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 166 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 167 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 168 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 169 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 170 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 171 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 172 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 173 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 174 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 175 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 176 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 177 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 178 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 179 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 180 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 181 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 182 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 183 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 184 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 185 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 186 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 187 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 188 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 189 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 190 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 191 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 192 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 193 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 194 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 195 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 196 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 197 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 198 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 199 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 200 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 201 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 202 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 203 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 204 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 205 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 206 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 207 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 208 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 209 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 210 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 211 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 212 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 213 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 214 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 215 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 216 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 217 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 218 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 219 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 220 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 221 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 222 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 223 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 224 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 225 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 226 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 227 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 228 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 229 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 230 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 231 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 232 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 233 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 234 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 235 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 236 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 237 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 238 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 239 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 240 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 241 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 242 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 243 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 244 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 245 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 246 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 247 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 248 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 249 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 250 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 251 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 252 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 253 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 254 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 255 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 256 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 257 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 258 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 259 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 260 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 261 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 262 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 263 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 264 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 265 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 266 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 267 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 268 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 269 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 270 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 271 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 272 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 273 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 274 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 275 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 276 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 277 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 278 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 279 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 280 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 281 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 282 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 283 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 284 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 285 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 286 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 287 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 288 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 289 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 290 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; 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No. 363 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 364 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 365 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 366 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 367 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 368 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 369 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 370 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 371 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 372 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 373 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 374 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 375 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 376 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 377 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 378 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 379 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 380 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 381 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 382 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 383 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 384 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 385 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 386 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 387 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 388 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 389 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 390 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 391 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 392 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 393 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 394 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 395 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 396 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 397 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; No. 398 red, .00 1/2 @ .00; 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SECURITY BANK TO ADD
TO ITS PRESENT ROOMS

Directors Approve Expansion
Plans—J. J. Roberts New
Institute President.

MARKET PRICES ARE FIRM

By F. W. PATTERSON.

The already attractive banking rooms of the Security Savings & Commercial Bank at Ninth and G streets northwest are to be further improved by a large addition to the present building, under expansion plans approved by the board of directors yesterday, according to announcement of Julius I. Peyer, president.

The plans for the work which will be done by Heggson Brothers, bank architects and builders, contemplate taking in the three store east of the present banking rooms on G street, giving the bank building a 100-foot frontage on G street and a 63-foot frontage on Ninth street, which will more than double the lobby space as well as provide room for increasing the number of tellers' cages and permit the installation of a safe deposit vault, three times larger than the present one. Further improving the banking facilities of the institution will be a large room for the sole use of women patrons, and consultation rooms for officers and patrons, and a conference room connected with the safe deposit department will be added.

The growth of the Security Savings & Commercial Bank since the opening of its doors on April 7, 1913, has been steady and constant, and the present expansion project, which the building committee has undertaken, is the fourth in its little more than twelve years of existence.

Beginning with a capital of \$100,000 the bank opened for business on April 7, 1913, and ended the day with deposits totaling \$22,222.32, twice since that date the directors have found it necessary to increase the capital stock to enable them to care for the increasing demand for funds. The growth of the healthy growth of business, the first increase being made in November, 1919, when the capital was raised to \$200,000, while a capital increase to \$300,000 was accomplished in April of last year. The bank had deposits totaling \$5,848,426.66 at the close of business yesterday, a gain of \$345,320.74 over the last call of the comptroller of the currency. Surplus and undivided profits were \$387,277.85 and total resources amounted to \$6,466,417.58.

Officers of the bank are Julius I. Peyer, president; Fred McKee and Francis G. Addison, Jr., vice presidents; Samuel R. Baulis, cashier; T. Hutton Leith, Latrobe Owen, J. Louis Shipley and Charles E. West, directors. The senior officers, with the following, compose the board of directors: Edward C. Baltz, Diller P. Groff, John B. Harrell, J. Thillman, J. H. Hudd, Harold H. Levi, Francis A. Blundon, Sol Herzig, William A. Hill, Ralph McKee, Laurence M. Morris, Simon, William W. Spalding, Sidney W. Straus and William C. Sullivan.

Roberts Elected President.

J. J. Roberts, secretary to the president of the Riggs National Bank, was yesterday elected president of the Washington chapter, American Institute of Banking for the fiscal year beginning June 1 and ending June 1, 1928, and with the other officers will be installed at a special meeting on June 1 at the Willard hotel.

Mr. Roberts is a chapter graduate, was a vice president this year and as chairman of the educational committee has been particularly active in the work of the administration which retires next month.

Other officers elected for the ensuing year were James A. Soper, Lincoln National Bank, first vice president; A. E. Hense, W. B. Hibbs & Co., second vice president; Miss Lela A. White, Federal American National Bank; H. F. Darrell, National Metropolitan Bank; treasurer; Miss Catherine Krig, Riggs National Bank, assistant secretary, and Frank M. Perley, American Security & Trust Co., chief clerk.

Those elected to the board of governors were Aubrey O. Dooley, Commercial National Bank; Elmer O'Hara, Security Savings Bank; A. W. Sherman, American Security & Trust Co.; Garrett M. Van Hosen, Second National Bank; Robert G. Whitton, First National Bank; Alexandria, Va.; Miss Mildred C. Woodcock, of the American Security & Trust Co., who was one of the nominees for the board, received a sufficient number of votes to elect her, but under the rule that a bank may have no more than one representative on the board she was deemed as not elected.

Light Trading on Exchange.

Despite the fact that light trading continued in yesterday's session on the Washington Stock Exchange, there was no appreciable change in price tone. Most of the stocks traded in remaining firm while any declines developing were but fractional.

Capital Tractor was unchanged at 105, and two small lots changed hands at this level. Potomac Electric preferred sold in a single lot at 108 1/2, while Washington Railway & Electric preferred moved at 112 1/2.

Bid price was strong in the bank stock list, but American Security & Trust shares were the only security coming out and total of 30 shares in two lots sold at 38 1/2 for the first 10 shares and 38 3/4 for a block of 20 shares. National Mortgage & Investment preferred, was firm and rose to the extent of 150 shares at 8.

Quiet reigned once again on the bond side of the market. The only transactions recorded were in Potomac Electric Power general 6s, which sold at 108 1/2, and Washington Railway & Electric general 6s, which moved at 103 1/2.

DRAINAGE BONDS BOUGHT.

Dillon, Read & Co. and Eldridge & Co. have bought \$10,000 of Everglades drainage bonds of Florida, according to announcement yesterday by Gov. John W. Martin of Florida, who is chairman of the drainage board. The bonds were purchased subject to a decision of the supreme court of Florida holding the recent act passed by the legislature valid and enforceable. "The drainage of this great area means much to the State of Florida, and its success is now guaranteed," said Gov. Martin.

S. Davies Warfield, president of the Seaboard Air Line railway, who has rendered splendid assistance in interesting the bankers in the project, in commenting on the action leading to the sale of the \$10,000,000 bonds, said: "The sale at this time will be a real triumph in result, not alone to the people of Florida, but to those who have made investments in the State," and pointing to the extensions of lines of the Seaboard Air Line across Florida from coast to coast as an evidence of the confidence the railway has in the future of Florida, he continued: "This new evidence of confidence should help to stamp out those tall tales which place apocryphal respecting conditions in Florida, part of our great Southern empire, which stands unrivaled."

COTTONSEED OIL MARKET.

New York, May 12 (By A. P.).—Cottonseed oil—Prime crude 7.50; prime summer, yellow, spot, 8.50; May, 9.00; July, 9.25; September, 9.57; October, 9.81; December, 9.92.

OIL QUOTATIONS.

Oil City, Pa., May 12 (By A. P.).—Crude balance, \$2.80; runs, \$1.97; average runs, \$2.50; shipments, \$2.03; average shipments, \$2.04.

NEW YORK
COTTON TRANSACTIONS

Selling Issue.		High	Low	Close	Selling Issue.		High	Low	Close
74,000	Cities Serv. 6s, 1928.	101	101	101	44,000	Stand. Inv. Corp. 5s, 1937.	100	100	100
1,000	Columbia Gas 5s, 1928.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	10,000	Stand. Oil N.Y. 6s, 1933.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
100,000	Cona. Pub. 6s, 1936.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	49,000	Sun. Maid Raisin 6 1/2s.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
1,000	Cona. Sec. Corp. 8s, 1936.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	10,000	Sun. Oil 6s, 1933.	100	100	100
10,000	Cona. Textile 8s, 1941.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	13,000	Swift Co. 5s, 1932.	100	100	100
10,000	Cubana Comp. 6s, 1929.	99 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	20,000	Tex. Pow. & Lt. 5s, 1935.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
15,000	Cudahy Pack 5s, 1940.	99 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	10,000	Tex. Ry. 6s, 1931.	96 1/2	110	110
10,000	Detroit C. Gas 5s, 1930.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	5,000	U.S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1930.	102	102	102
20,000	Edison Schld. 6s, 1935.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	1,000	U.S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1930.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
6,000	El. Refrig. 6s, 1936.	84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2	1,000	U.S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1931.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
9,000	Empire Oil 5 1/2s.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	1,000	U.S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1932.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
45,000	Fairbanks Morse 5s, 1942.	88 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2	1,000	U.S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1933.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
1,000	Gen. Elec. 6s, 1933.	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2	1,000	U.S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1934.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
45,000	Fla. Pow. & Lt. 5s, 1942.	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2	1,000	U.S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1935.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
10,000	Galt. Robt. 7s, 1937.	97 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	1,000	U.S. Rubber 6 1/2s, 1936.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
1,000	Galt. Robt. 5s, 1942.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	1,000	U.S. Rubber 6 1/2s, 1937.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
1,000	Galena Sig. Oil 7s, 1930.	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2	1,000	U.S. Rubber 6 1/2s, 1938.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
7,000	Gatineau Pow. 5s, 1936.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	1,000	U.S. Rubber 6 1/2s, 1939.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
10,000	Gatineau Pow. 6s, 1942.	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	1,000	U.S. Rubber 6 1/2s, 1940.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
25,000	Gen. Atty. 7s, 1932.	111 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	1,000	U.S. Smet. 5 1/2s, 1935.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
50,000	Gen. Motors Acpt. 6s, 1937.	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	9,000	Warner Bros. Pic. 6 1/2s, 1928.	104	104	104
10,000	General Pct. 6s, 1928.	101	101	101	1,000	White Sewing Mach. 6s, 1936, w.w.	97	97	97
10,000	Georgia & Fla. 1948.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	1,000	Wilmco. Gen. St. 1930.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
12,000	Georgia Pow. 6s, 1987.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	FOREIGN BONDS.				
5,000	Goodyr. T. & R. 5s, 1928.	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2	2,000	Adriatic Elec. 7s.	96	96	96
12,000	Goodyr. T. & R. 1936.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	5,000	Agri. Mtge. Bank 7s, 1947.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
10,000	Gulf Oil 5s, 1947.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	10,000	Am. Int. W. w.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
10,000	Gulf Oil 5s, 1947.	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	3,000	Antioquia 7s C. 1945.	96	96	96
10,000	Gulf Oil 5s, 1947.	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	2,000	Baden Con. Mun. 7s, 1951.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
5,000	Ill. Cent. Chi. & St. L. 4 1/2s.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	51,000	Berlin Elec. 6 1/2s, 1981.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
1,000	Independent Oil 6s, 1939.	99	99	99	20,000	Brisbane 5s, 1957.	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
10,000	Indiana Lian. 6s, 1936.	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2	10,000	Buenos Aires 1958.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
34,000	Indianapolis P. & L. 5s, 1932.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	10,000	Buenos Aires Prov. 7 1/2s, 1947.	99	99	99
5,000	Int. Ry. C. Am. 6 1/2s, 1947.	92	92	92	3,000	Buenos Aires Prov. 7 1/2s, 1952.	98	98	98
10,000	Int. Ry. C. Am. 7s, 1936.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	22,000	Chile Mtge. Bk. 6s, 1931.	97	97	97
4,000	Interstate Pow. 7s, 1946.	95 1/2	94	95 1/2	2,000	Casta Rica Rep. 7s, 1951.	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2
19,000	Kaiser J. & Co. 5 1/2s, 1947.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	2,000	Chile 5 1/2s, 1936.	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
10,000	Mar. 6s, 1936.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	7,000	Deere & Co.	137	134	135
10,000	Long Isl. Lt. 6s, 1945.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	10,000	Denmark. Kingdom 5 1/2s.	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
10,000	Long Isl. Lt. 6s, 1951.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	2,000	First Bohem. G. Wks. 7s, 1937.	96	96	96
1,000	Mass. Gas 5 1/2s, 1946.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	2,000	First Con. Mun. 7s, 1947.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
7,000	Midwest Gas 7s, 1936.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	10,000	Hamburg State 6 1/2s, 1946.	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
10,000	Montreal L. & P. 5s, 1951.	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	4,000	Hun. Land Ins. 7 1/2s, 1961.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
10,000	Montreal L. & P. 5s, 1951.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	10,000	Hun. Land Ins. 7 1/2s, 1961.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
19,000	Narragansett 5s, 1957.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	6,000	Lombard Elec. 7s, 1952.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
1,000	Nat. Dist. 6 1/2s, 1935.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	7,000	Mansfield M. & S. 7s, w. w.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
10,000	Nat. Pub. Etc. 6 1/2s, 1933.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	10,000	Medellin Col. 7s, 1951.	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2
1,000	Nev. Con. Cop. 5s, 1941.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	18,000	Mendoza Par. 7 1/2s, 1951.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
5,000	Nichols & Shep. 6s, 1933.	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	35,000	Montecatini 7s, 1937.	104	103 1/2	104
1,000	N. Ohio Pow. 7s, 1951.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	3,000	Montevideo 6s, 1959.	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2
1,000	N. Ohio Pow. 5s, 1952.	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	10,000	North Wales 7s, 1957.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
1,000	N. Ohio Pow. 4 1/2s, 1956.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	5,000	New South Wales 5s, 1958.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
1,000	N. Ohio Riv. Ed. 5s, 1951.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	10,000	Peru 7s, 1959.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
1,000	N. Ohio Riv. Ed. 5s, 1951.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	3,000	Prussia F. 5 1/2s, 1951.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
18,000	Penn. Ohio Ed. 6s, 1950, w. w.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	1,000	Rio Grande 7s, 1916.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
1,000	Penn. Pow. & Lt. 5s, B. 1952.	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	10,000	Russian 6 1/2s, 1921.	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
8,000	Phila. El. 5 1/2s, 1972.	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	2,000	Russian 6 1/2s, 1921.	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
16,000	Port Rican Am. 7 1/2s, 1942.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	2,000	Russian 6 1/2s, 1921.	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
38,000	Pub. Ser. El. & Gas 5s, 1965.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	2,000	Russian 6 1/2s, 1921.	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
10,000	Pub. Ser. N. J. 5s, 1956.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	2,000	Russian 6 1/2s, 1921.	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
10,000	Pub. Ser. N. J. 5s, 1956.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	2,000	Russian 6 1/2s, 1921.	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	100
8,000	Rem. Arms 5 1/2s, 1933.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	5,000	Saxa Falls, Ltd. 6s, 1955.	100	100	

TECH IN HIGH SERIES TODAY

Quinn to Face Forrest on Mound

Coach Guyon to Have Full Strength for Encounter.

Day's Sport Card Also Includes Track and Tennis.

THE diamond engagement today between Eastern and Tech in the interhigh series, at the Central stadium, tops the athletic card of school sports for the week-end. The Manual Trainers scored an impressive victory over the Business team in their initial appearance in the series. Eastern, last year's title winner, bowed to Western in a hard fought battle, but this reverse undoubtedly will be scratched off the records and the game replayed, following the ineffectual play of Capt. Hillery, of Western, who performed against the end-team team.

Coach Guyon announced yesterday that Eastern will have its full strength when it takes the field against the Techites. Monroe, who suffered a slight concussion of the brain when hit by a pitched ball in the Connaga game, will be back on first.

Quinn will be the probable twirling choice for Eastern, while either Forrest or Enns will pitch for the Manual Trainers.

Tech's tennis and track teams are also slated for action, being booked for a visit to College Park for competition with the Maryland Freshman harriers and courtmen.

The interhigh match between Tech and Eastern has been shifted to tomorrow morning on the sixteenth street reservoir courts.

Business will journey to Potomac today for a game with Brainerd Hall and St. Alban's will be the guest of the McDonough High school in Baltimore.

Prep play will feature the Catholic U. Frosh.

Friends will play Episcopal and DeWitt will meet Woodward in a pair of Junior Prep School league games.

In the Prep School Tennis League Woodward courtmen will clash with Georgetown Prep at Garrett Park and DeWitt will play the strong Catholic racket squad.

FOUR GOLFERS SEEK CHERRY CHASE TITLE

(Continued from page 13.)

Today over H. M. Southgate, while Hugh Selim lost the extra hole by missing his drive.

FIRST ROUND.—Harry G. Pitt (Manor) defeated Frank E. Southgate (Washington), 4 and 3; William J. Cox (DeWitt) defeated J. M. Maxwell (Manor), 4 and 3; J. M. Maxwell (Manor) defeated J. M. Maxwell (Manor), 4 and 3; J. M. Maxwell (Manor) defeated J. M. Maxwell (Manor), 4 and 3.

SECOND ROUND.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

THIRD ROUND.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

FOURTH ROUND.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

FIFTH ROUND.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

SIXTH ROUND.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

SEVENTH ROUND.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

EIGHTH ROUND.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

NINTH ROUND.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

TENTH ROUND.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

ELEVENTH ROUND.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Twelfth Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Thirteenth Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Fourteenth Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Fifteenth Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Sixteenth Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Seventeenth Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Eighteenth Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Nineteenth Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Twentieth Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Twenty-first Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Twenty-second Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Twenty-third Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

Twenty-fourth Round.—Country Club of Virginia defeated H. N. Newton (Oughden), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1; J. P. Brainerd (Columbia) defeated W. H. P. Brainerd (Columbia), 2 and 1.

LEADING THE LEAGUES

AT BAT

AMERICAN LEAGUE

NATIONAL LEAGUE

G.W.U. Pyramid Nine

Defeats Faculty, 2-9

Solving President William Mather

and continuing the bombardment

on two succeeding faculty pitchers,

the Manual Trainers of George Washington

university defeated the faculty team

in their annual baseball game

yesterday, 2-9. The game was played

on the Ellipse diamond.

"Pres" Mather weathered the first

pitcher fairly well, but was sent to the

showers in the second when the Honors

Men garnered nine runs off his delivery.

He was succeeded by Prof. Tolima.

Alden was the final faculty

pitcher.

The Honor Men, with Athel and Tolson

alternating in the box, and Holton

showers in the second when the Honors

Men garnered nine runs off his delivery.

He was succeeded by Prof. Tolima.

Alden was the final faculty

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showers in the second when the Honors

Men garnered nine runs off his delivery.

JUNIOR NINES PRIME FOR LEAGUE

Auths to Defend Title in Capital City Circuit.

CHALLENGING race for the Capital City

league senior district championship

was on foot last night when seven

leading teams of that division

gathered at the Jewish Community

center for their first meeting of the

season. The winners of the senior class

will play the Petworth league victors

for the city title and any doubt as to

the ability of the Capital City clubs to

compete with the suburban league was

erased.

Five of the seven clubs are well

known in senior league. The Auths,

last year's senior champions, will

defend their honors. The Freers, winners

of the Capital City junior title, have

represented. The Freers-Morris, Hud-

son, Terminal Ice Co., formerly the Smith-

field, St. Martin's and the Moore are

the other teams of known class.

The unlimited club league will

function in two sections.

The tournament, staged in the

original book for tonight, has been

postponed until Monday night and will

be held at the Jewish Community

center, starting at 8 o'clock.

In the event that a larger number

of clubs seek entrance, the league will

function in two sections.

The tournament, staged in the

original book for tonight, has been

postponed until Monday night and will

be held at the Jewish Community

center, starting at 8 o'clock.

In the event that a larger number

of clubs seek entrance, the league will

function in two sections.

The tournament, staged in the

original book for tonight, has been

postponed until Monday night and will

be held at the Jewish Community

Washington Cuesists Ahead at Baltimore

Baltimore, May 12.—The 123 ball-

billiard players of Washington in-

creased their lead in the intercity

billiard tournament tonight by winning

the third block of the 1,000-point

match, Frank Turton, of Washington,

defeated H. Mason, of Baltimore, 150

to 75, and Warren Hooke, of Washing-

ton, defeated C. Crooke, of Baltimore,

150 to 75. The Washington total is now

900 to 750 for Baltimore.

Baltimore's players will visit the

Louis & Kraus parlors at Washington

next Thursday for the second block

of the match.

Corinthian A. C. Nines List Meeting Tonight

All members of the Corinthian

Nines, Midgets and Insects are re-

quested to be present at a meeting to-

night at the Immovable Conception

hall, Eighth and N streets northwest,

at 8 o'clock.

Manager Newman wants a good

pitcher, and is interested in what

report at the meeting.

Imperial in Victory Over LaSalle, 8 to 7

Today's two homers were impor-

tant factors in an 8-7 victory of the

Imperial over the LaSalle yesterday.

The winners came from behind to

take the honors.

The game was played at the

Monument grounds at 3 o'clock.

The game was played at the

Monument grounds at 3 o'clock.

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Monument grounds at 3 o'clock.

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Monument grounds at 3 o'clock.

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Monument grounds at 3 o'clock.

Ten Cities Send Teams To C. U. School Meet

Schools from ten cities will send

teams to the Eastern Catholic school

meet to be held tomorrow in the

Catholic university stadium in con-

junction with the Immovable Conception

contest of the university.

Six running and four field events

will constitute the athletic contest.

The track events include the 100,

220 and 440 dashes, the 880 and

mile runs and the 320 yard hurdles, while

the field events have been limited to the

high and broad jumps, the discus and

the shotput.

BAN JOHNSON STRONG BACKER OF UMPIRES

(Continued from page 13.)

spend more time out of the game than

it takes to bat the batters would have

been swinging.

To make it finer than that, Wilson

said Cobb and Speaker in particular

had been swinging the bat so much

that they were making the umpires

the customers most desired to

win.

The Mr. Ormsby whom Cobb seems

to have about in a row over a

four home run in Philadelphia would

seem able to out-judge Cobb if neces-

sary, as he is a large young man, and

well-pulled-in by the waist, with

pink hair and a fighting, although

OLD IRONSIDES APPEAL ON WRC RADIO TONIGHT

Secretary Wilbur to Emphasize Historic Importance of Keeping Vessel.

GIRL SCOUTS PROGRAM

The National Capital will participate in an appeal being made to any city in behalf of the fund to preserve the historic Old Ironsides through WRC at 8 o'clock tonight. Secretary of the Navy Curtis D. Wilbur will be the speaker and will emphasize the importance and historic significance of keeping this ancient vessel.

Old Ironsides, which dates back to the early beginning of the United States navy, has been docked at the Charlestown navy yard, Boston, for many years. A short time ago it was planned to destroy it, but patriotic citizens throughout the country, eager to preserve this historic "man of war," began the raising of a fund for the purpose of keeping it in condition and preservation.

There will be a concert by the U. S. Navy band, which will include the playing of a composition by John Philip Sousa, dedicated to the old ship. A new feature of the W. R. C. quartet, sponsored by the Washington, Baltimore and Annapolis Electric railroad, will be heard over WRC at 8:30 o'clock. This quartet, members of which include Paul G. Ledig, first tenor; William E. Brathwaite, second tenor; Raymond D. McCarty, bass; and John C. Smith, bass, will sing popular songs. After tonight the Friday program of the quartet will be made up of numbers selected by the radio audience.

The Anglo-Perkins, signing off for the summer, will make up their program tonight at 9 o'clock over WRC entirely of those numbers which, by most frequent request for repetition, have seemed to be the favorite of the radio audience this season.

"What's in Center Market," by Anita Hawkins, a feature sponsored by Center Market Dealers association, will be heard at 9:55 o'clock. Other features include the Lord Calvert hour of music, a play-by-play account of the Washington-Chicago baseball game.

The Bonnie Laddies, well-known broadcasting trio, will include in their program from WJZ at 9:30 o'clock tonight another appeal for the relief of the flood sufferers in the Mississippi valley. They have already made five appearances at functions, all the proceeds of which were turned over to the Red Cross.

Vaughn DeLeath, who was selected as a member of the All-American broadcasting team recently designated by one of the largest newspapers in New York city, will be the soloist of the Way Down hour at 7 o'clock tonight through WJZ.

Gunny Spain will be visited via WJZ and the blue net in a program of the Royal hour at 7:30 o'clock tonight.

The Girl Scouts of New York will take the air at 6:30 tonight from station WABC. Fifteen minutes later a troupe of vaudeville stars will give an hour's bill which will be followed by a scene in the chateau of a motorboat on a stormy night. In fact, there will be a continuous performance at this station, winding up with the WABC revue, with latest quips from Broadway.

This week radio has for the first time, so far as known, been used by an author to collect data for a book. Treadwell Cleveland is engaged in writing a history of the nurses training school of Orange Memorial hospital of Orange, N. J., and seeks to include the names of all living graduates together with their addresses.

As radio seemed to be the only practical way of locating the graduates rapidly, WOB in Newark, N. J., was prevailed upon to issue a call for graduates to send in their names and addresses as well as those of their schoolmates.

A wild mallard duck "got" KOA at Denver recently, but didn't appreciate the quality of the broadcasting. Every spring an inspection of aerial wires is necessary at the station to locate any possible weaknesses caused by the weight of the ice during the winter.

When Robert Owen, engineer in charge of technical operations, reached the top of the 12-foot tower, he found the duck caught in the wires and struggling frantically to escape. Owen bent further out over the dizzy void to loose the bird, but spured on by fright, it freed itself, and winged away without so much as a "thank you."

Familiarize yourself with the Auto Bus Schedules that appear every morning at the head of the Classified section in The Washington Post.

YOU CAN if you will.
The secret of financial success is simple—spend less than you earn.

FEDERAL-AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK

America's Greatest Symphony in Brass, the

GOLDMAN BAND

TONIGHT 7 to 8 P. M. on

WRC

and 17 leading stations

by courtesy of the Cities Service organization, which operates in over 3000 communities in 30 states, serving millions of people with gas, electricity and oil products.

CITIES SERVICE COMPANY and its subsidiaries

Cities Service Company has prepared a family budget from by writing to your nearest office.

RADIO

FRIDAY, MAY 18, EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

LOCAL STATIONS.

NAA—Arlington (485)

10:05 a. m. 5:45 and 10:05 p. m.—Weather reports.

NAA—Arlington (485)

7:45 p. m.—A talk by the United States public health service, "Those Troublesome Teena."

WHEF—Washington Radio Hospital Fund.

11 a. m. to 12 noon—Program and police reports.

WMAL—Leece Radio Co. (294)

Silent.

WRC—Radio Corp. of America (469)

6:45 to 7:15 a. m.—Tower health exercises broadcast jointly with WJAF from the Metropolitan tower, New York city.

11:15 a. m.—Palais d'Or orchestra from New York.

11:55 a. m.—Arlington time signal.

12 noon—Hotel Madison orchestra from New York.

1 to 2 p. m.—Organ recital.

2 p. m.—Play-by-play account of the Washington-Chicago baseball game, sponsored by Charles Schwartz & Son.

3 p. m.—Mayflower orchestra.

6:30 p. m.—Raleigh Hotel orchestra.

8:30 p. m.—"What's in Center Market" by Anita Hawkins.

sponsored by the Center Market Dealers association.

9 p. m.—Cities Service Goldman band from New York.

9:55 p. m.—Old Ironsides program.

Addressed by the Hon. Curtis D. Wilbur, Secretary of Navy, and a concert by the John Hancock Life Insurance Co.

8:30 p. m.—W. B. & A. quartet.

sponsored by the Washington, Baltimore and Annapolis Electric railroad.

9 p. m.—"What's in Center Market" by Anita Hawkins.

9:30 to 10:30 p. m.—Lord Calvert hour of music.

DISTANT STATIONS.

CFCH—Montreal (411)

8 p. m.—Studio recital.

10:30 p. m.—Dance concert.

CNRT—Toronto (435)

9 p. m.—Studio recital.

CYZ—Mexico City (410)

10 p. m.—Talks and music.

CYZ—Mexico City (389)

10:30 p. m.—Music lectures.

HNK—Haiti (301)

8 to 9 p. m.—Program.

7:30 to 10 p. m.—Same as WJZ.

11 p. m.—Studio program.

WJAF—New York (434)

10 p. m.—Dance program.

WEAF—New York (492)

2:30 p. m.—United States Marine Band orchestra.

7 p. m.—Goldman band.

9 p. m.—Anglo-Perkins.

9:30 to 11 p. m.—Dance orchestra.

WJAF—Baltimore (246)

6 p. m.—Lady Baltimore.

10 p. m.—Staff concert.

WBZ—Springfield, Mass. (333)

7 to 10:30 p. m.—Program.

WBAT—Fort Worth (476)

8:30 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Musical program.

WBRM—Chicago (226)

9:15 p. m.—Harmony time.

WCCX—Detroit (317)

6 p. m.—Music.

9 p. m.—Studio recital.

WFAA—Dallas, Tex. (470)

10 p. m.—Staff artist.

WGN—Chicago (313)

8 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

10:30 p. m.—"The Pepper Party."

WGY—Schenectady (380)

8 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

9:30 p. m.—Dance orchestra.

WGR—New York (316)

7 p. m.—Orchestra.

WGN—Buffalo (319)

9:30 to 10:30 p. m.—Entertainers.

WHN—New York (361)

8:30 to 12 p. m.—Instrumental.

WJZ—New York (362)

3:30 p. m.—Concert orchestra.

6:30 p. m.—Bonnie Laddies.

7 p. m.—Way Down hour.

7:30 p. m.—Royal hour.

8 p. m.—Philco hour.

9 p. m.—Arm Chair hour.

9:30 p. m.—Orchestra.

WLIT—Philadelphia (395)

8 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

11:30 p. m.—Dance orchestra.

WIP—Philadelphia (508)

6 to 7:30 p. m.—Program.

WOC—Davenport, Iowa (484)

9 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

11:30 p. m.—Dance orchestra.

WOK—Chicago (238)

10 to 10:30 p. m.—Program.

WOR—Newark (405)

6 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WPC—Atlantic City (300)

7 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WHO—Des Moines (526)

8 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Program.

WMAK—Buffalo (266)

7:30 to 10:30 p. m.—Musical program.

WMAK—Chicago (448)

7 p. m.—Chimes.

WTAM—Cleveland (389)

6 p. m.—Orchestra.

9:30 to 10:30 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

10:30 p. m.—Studio recital.

WRVA—Richmond (256)

Program.

WTIC—Hartford (476)

8 p. m.—Entertainers.

WWJ—Detroit (353)

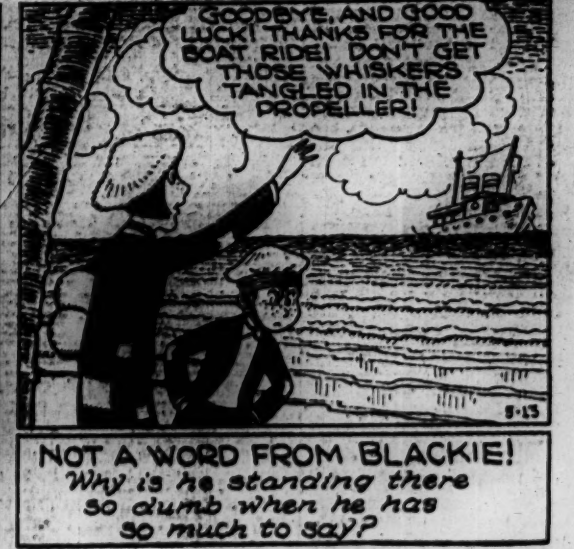
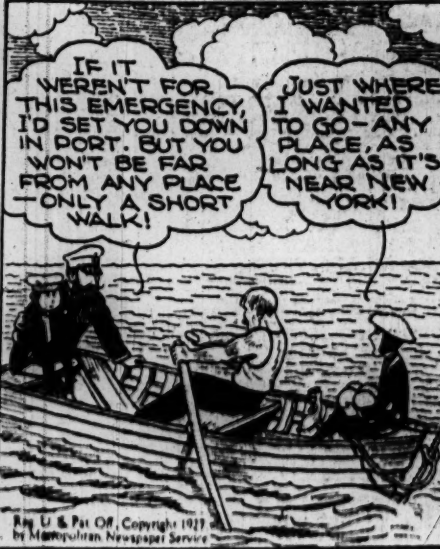
6 p. m.—Concert.

8 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

THE GUMPS



ELLA CINDERS—Still He's Silent

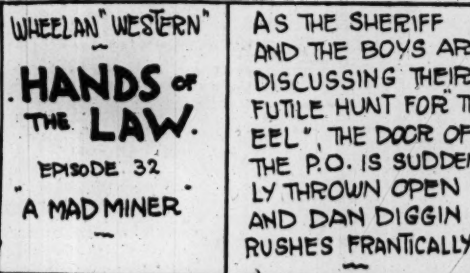


By Bill Conselman and Charlie Plumb

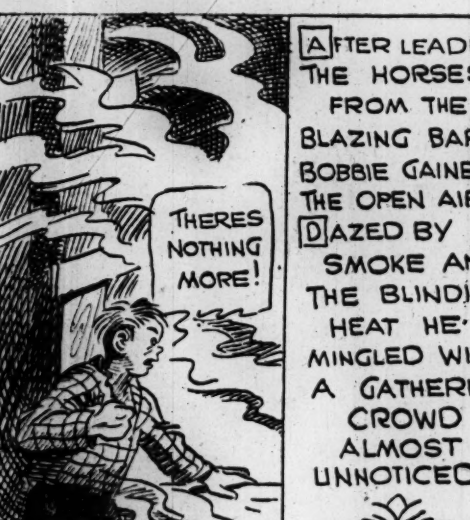
GASOLINE ALLEY



MINUTE MOVIES



BOBBY THATCHER



WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREADWINNER



TRADE IN YOUR OLD WATCH



2d Division Scouts In Big Rally Tonight



Class Day Exercises At Chevy Chase Today



Class Day Exercises At Chevy Chase Today



Class Day Exercises At Chevy Chase Today



W. S. TARVER, CADET LEADER, IS HONORED AT GEORGETOWN U.

Washingtonian Pointed Out as Outstanding R. O. T. C. Student of Four Years.

GARNER'S COMPANY B WINS DRILL CONTEST

A's First Platoon Adjudged Best Maneuvered; Riflemen Presented With Medals.

William S. Tarver, a District of Columbia cadet who rose from "buck" private to lieutenant colonel in command of the Georgetown University R. O. T. C. battalion in his senior year, received the highest individual award in the passing out of cadet honors yesterday afternoon at the annual field day exercises of the Georgetown unit.

As the senior who has been the outstanding cadet of the unit during his four years' enrollment, Tarver received from the Rev. Charles W. Lyons, S. J., president of the university, a watch donated by John F. McDonough of the class of 1922. Tarver will receive a commission in the reserve officers' corps of the army upon his graduation in June.

Under the close scrutiny of a board of army officers, the four infantry companies of the Georgetown unit held a competitive drill. Company B, commanded by Capt. W. W. Garner, capturing the honors of the day. As a result of its prowess on the drill ground, Company B will carry the battalion colors next year, an honor that fell last year to Company A. The first platoon of Company A, the first platoon of the best drilled company platoon.

Garner Given Saber. Capt. Garner, commander of the winning company, also came in for individual honors and received from President Lyons an officer's saber as the best drilled company commander. Two other outstanding cadets were Lieut. M. M. Gilbert, who was awarded a gold medal as the best drilled platoon leader, and E. J. Kelly, who also received a gold medal as the best drilled individual in the band course.

A crowd, including visiting army officers, witnesses the field day exercises which ended with a formal battalion parade as the four companies and the military band passed in review before Col. Harry E. Knight, representative of the chief of infantry, President Lyons and Dean Robert A. Parsons, S. J., of the college. At this review the senior officers advanced to the front and the juniors took command.

The board of judges who passed on the merits of the companies and individual units was composed of Capt. Frank E. Linnell and Capt. Francis A. Byrnes, detailed with the Howard university reserve officers' training camp, and Capt. William P. Scobey, of the University of Maryland reserve officers' training camp.

Lieut. Col. Augustus F. Dannenmiller, commander of the Hilltop unit, was assisted by his staff, consisting of Capt. Stewart D. Hervey and Capt. William B. Lowrey.

Other Honors Awarded. President Lyons awarded other honors as follows: Lieut. R. J. O'Malley, a gold and silver medal, respectively, for being the highest score man on the rifle team and in the third corps area intercollegiate rifle match. Sergt. T. M. Cahill, a bronze medal. As second high scorer in the third corps area intercollegiate rifle match. Minor G certificates to the five high men on the rifle team were awarded to O'Malley, M. J. McInerney, Cahill, W. S. Tarver and George A. Milne. Minor G certificates to the most valuable bandmen who demonstrated their ability to cooperate with the college authorities in organizing and promoting the R. O. T. C. band were awarded as follows: Capt. Stephen M. McKenzie, Manager H. D. Bendson, F. S. Bambee, E. S. Fish, Morris Root, Walter Graham, W. A. Marocco, J. E. Macario, J. R. Ready and J. D. Wolfe. Silver medals were awarded to the men of the first platoon of Company A, which was adjudged the best drilled company platoon. Those receiving medals were Capt. D. A. Shea, Second Lieut. J. P. Farrell, First Sergt. J. P. Cummings, E. P. Buckner, William Ward, J. F. McKenna, F. McGuigan, J. P. Meenan, J. V. Regan, D. Lawlor, William Aiken, P. Keber, T. Daley, Col. H. Reilly, J. Foley, J. G. Flannery, William McFarney, A. C. Gies, G. D. McKelvey, J. J. Schumacher, H. L. Longue, J. E. Gray, J. Bracken, E. A. O'Shea, J. Fitzpatrick, H. McManus and F. B. Brogan.

TODAY'S HAPPENINGS

Dinner—National Association of Diners and Cleaners; Hamilton hotel, 7 o'clock.

Meeting—Women's alliance of All Souls' church; Pierce hall, Fifteenth and Harvard streets northwest, 11 o'clock.

Reception—Wesley M. E. church, Chevy Chase; Connecticut avenue and Jecelyn street northwest, 8 o'clock.

Meeting—Brightwood Citizens association; Holy Comforter parish hall 3718 Georgia avenue, 8 o'clock.

Meeting—Writers League of Washington; Thomson school community center, Twelfth and E streets northwest, 8 o'clock.

Dance—Women's guild, of the Church of Our Savior; Sixteenth and Irving streets northeast, 9 o'clock.

Debate—Faction society; Gonzaga high school, 39 I street northwest, 8:15 o'clock.

Meeting—Susan B. Anthony foundation; Mrs. Charles S. Early, Brandywine, Md., 1 o'clock.

Luncheon—Alpha Delta Phi; Franklin Square hotel, 12:30 o'clock.

Luncheon—Loyal Knights of the Round Table; University club, 12:30 o'clock.

Lance—Adults special dancing instruction class; Park View community center, 8 o'clock.

Meeting—Auction bridge instruction class; Park View community center, 8 o'clock.

Card party—Lebanon chapter, O. E. S.; Hecht's auditorium, 1:30 o'clock.

Luncheon—Caravan club of Almas temple, Raleigh hotel, 12:30 o'clock.

Meeting—Bible Sisters of District of Columbia; St. Patrick's rectory, 8 o'clock.

Washington is a central terminal for Auto Bus Lines. Their schedules are listed at the base of the Classified section in The Washington Post.

Answers to questions asked on Magazine Page in "Now I'll Ask One" feature.

1. The battle of Yorktown.
2. He tied them beneath the sheep, which were permitted to leave the cave to go out to pasture.
3. Louisiana.
4. California.
5. (a) do as the Romans do. (b) Tell no tales. (c) While the sun shines.
6. Compound interest is allowing the interest to accrue. Simple interest is figured on the principal only, and not added to the sum total.
7. Henry Cochet.
8. John the Baptist.
9. The estimated proportion is 73.39 per cent.
10. Harvard, founded in 1636.

HOWARD GLEE CLUB DELIGHTS AUDIENCE

University Musicians Give an Excellent Program at Rankin Chapel.

The Howard University Glee club, directed by Roy Wilfred Tibbs, was heard in recital last night in the Rankin chapel by a large and enthusiastic audience of music lovers. The program, made up of 26 numbers, included readings by Alston Burling and a solo for piano, "The Beautiful Blue Danube," (Schubert-Etler), permitting an exhibition of execution, tone and shading by Harry G. Smith that was exceptional.

The club excelled in its rendition of "Ave Maria" by Vittoria, and "Moorish Serenade," by Frothear, "Ma Little Banjo," by Dichtmont, and "Just You," by Burling, with Livingston Smith as soloist, brought encores. The unusual vivacity and cadence of "Fireflies," a Russian folk song, proved especially pleasing. The program closed with the rendition of the spirituals, "Jacob's Ladder," "Deep River," and "Were You There?"

Among the high spots of the evening's presentations was the arduous, "Vesti la Gubba" (Leoncavallo), as sung by Barrington Guy, Lester Dorsey also scored in two numbers, "Keep Your Hand to the Plow," and "He Never Said a Mumbling Word."

ARMSTRONG CADETS WIN BATTALION DRILL

Second Leads With First and Third Following, in Annual Competition.

Cadets of Armstrong High school yesterday carried off first honors in the annual battalion competition of the Twenty-fourth regiment, when the Second battalion, commanded by Cadet Maj. Clifton Davis, accumulated 91.6 points in the drill at Howard university stadium.

Just four-tenths of a point behind the winning unit was the First battalion of Dunbar, commanded by Cadet Maj. Talbert Dowling, which placed second with a rating of 91.1. The Third battalion, composed of students of both Dunbar and Armstrong, was third, with 87.8 points. Assistant Supt. of Schools Garner G. Wilkinson presented the winning battalion with a silk flag.

Gold and silver medals will be awarded officers of the Second battalion at the company competitive drill May 27. Judges of yesterday's event were Lieut. Col. John E. Green, Lieut. Col. W. A. Hamilton and Maj. Edward L. Webster. Capt. Arthur C. Newman is instructor of military science and tactics in the public schools, assisted by Maj. H. Q. Atwood, Warrant Officer Edward York, Sergt. John Robinson and Sergt. Lloyd Muse.

Plea of Guilt Made In Slaying of Woman

George S. Davis, colored, formerly a policeman attached to the Second precinct, who shot and killed Mrs. Deedmona B. Dudley, wife of S. H. Dudley, on September 21, 1926, and who was indicted on a charge of first-degree murder, was allowed to plead guilty to second-degree murder yesterday before Justice Hitz in criminal court. He was remanded for sentence, which runs from twenty years to life in prison.

After shooting the woman Davis turned his weapon upon the eyes. Mrs. Dudley had been separated from her husband, Davis had been named in a divorce action filed in the local courts by Dudley. The shooting occurred in the Dudley apartment at 1818 U street northwest. Attorney Bertrand Emerson, Jr., appeared for Davis.

Dealers to Publish Auto Resale Prices

The passenger car section of the Washington Automotive Trade association at the City club yesterday unanimously decided to publish a list of the prices at which cars in good condition would be sold.

The market quotation is to be in a form similar to that used in the printing of stock market quotations and will contain the resale price of cars of various makes and models for three years back.

Compilation of the necessary information is to be started at once, and it is hoped to be able to begin the publication of the information within a couple of weeks.

OVER HERE—OVER THERE—



THE UNITED STATES, ON JULY 21, 1915, SENT A POINTED NOTE TO GERMANY STATING THAT "IT CANNOT BELIEVE THAT THE IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT WILL REFRAIN FROM DISAVOWING THE WANTON ACTS OF ITS NAVAL COMMANDERS."

AROUND CAPITAL WITH CAMERA



MUSIC FOR THE MASSES. John Finley Williamson, of Dayton, Ohio, director of the Dayton Westminster choir, who is in Washington to direct the civic massed choir Wednesday in Central High school, visited President Coolidge yesterday. Left to right—Thomas Moss, vice chairman of the concert committee; Mr. Williamson, Miss Esther Linkins, president of the District Federation of Music Clubs, and Mrs. Williamson.



FLOATING PROFESSOR. William Atherton De Puy, Washington newspaper correspondent, who has been appointed head of the department of journalism and editor of the daily paper on the "floating university" which will leave New York in September.



PRIZE WINNERS. Left—Capt. M. W. Garner, of Company B, Georgetown university reserve officers training corps, receiving the colors for his company, which won the university's competitive drill yesterday. Right—The Rev. Charles W. Lyons, president of the university, presenting Edward J. Kelly, of Company A, with a medal for being the best drilled individual.

COVELL MAY DIVIDE WHITEHURST'S DUTIES

Former Would Be Withdrawn as Public Utilities Commission Executive.

A proposal to withdraw Maj. W. E. R. Covell, assistant to the engineer commissioner, from his present post as executive officer of the public utilities commission and give him part of the work now done by Capt. H. C. Whitehurst, another assistant to the engineer commissioner, was canvassed yesterday at a conference of Lieut. Col. J. Franklin Bell and his three aides. The three assistants to Maj. L. E. Atkins.

It was stated that Capt. Whitehurst is overburdened with work. His principal duties are to supervise the work of the zoning commission and the surface division of the engineering department, having to do with paving and care of highways. He also supervises the office of the inspector of buildings, and it was suggested that this work be turned over to Maj. Covell, the senior assistant, who now supervises the work of the electrical

department as well as the public utilities commission. The change was not decided upon by Engineer Commissioner Bell, and if it is the change probably will not be made until after the revaluation of the Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co., now pending, has been completed.

COMPENSATION POST Appointment Made

Judge Walter W. Warwick, chairman of the personnel classification board, will become chief counsel for the employee compensation commission, it was announced at headquarters of the latter body yesterday, leaving the personnel classification board Monday, and being succeeded there by Capt. Carlos P. Van Leer, investigator for the bureau of the budget.



BEFORE THE END OF THE SUMMER, AMBASSADOR VON BERNSTORFF HAD ASSURED SECRETARY OF STATE LANSING THAT GERMAN SUBMARINES WOULD NOT THEREAFTER SINK EITHER BELLIGERENT OR NEUTRAL PASSENGER SHIPS ON THE HIGH SEAS WITHOUT WARNING.

VACANT HOMES LOOTED OF PLUMBING FIXTURES

Plumbing fixtures, valued at \$1,150, were stolen during the last two weeks from vacant houses at 3641, 3643, 3645, 3647, 3649 and 3651 Vesey street northwest. The robbery was reported to Fourteenth precinct police yesterday by T. L. Cox, an agent for the B. F. Sau real estate firm, 925 Fifteenth street northwest. The stolen articles ranged from fancy spigots to porcelain kitchen sinks.

Lawrence P. Higgins, proprietor of an iron works establishment at 2630 Pennsylvania avenue northwest, informed police of the Third precinct that burglars had looted the firm's safe of \$175 in cash.

Johnson to Address Chamber of Commerce

Representative Albert Johnson, of Washington, chairman of the House committee on immigration and naturalization, will address a meeting of the Washington Chamber of Commerce Tuesday night.

A feature will be a roll call of committees, with brief reports by each of the 28 chairmen.

CLUB PLANNING FREE CLINIC AT CASUALTY

Dr. E. C. Wilson, Cosmopolitan Member, Offers Services; Fiesta May 25.

Plans for the establishment of a free clinic in the Casualty hospital were discussed at a meeting of the Cosmopolitan club in the Lee house yesterday. Paul Brandt, chairman of the club's affairs committee, in his report on this action, stated that Dr. Edward Comstock Wilson, a member of the club, has tendered his services free of charge for this work. A vote on the subject will be made at the next meeting.

The spring fiesta of the club will be held in the Mayflower hotel on May 25. Frederick J. Rice, president of the club, announced. William King has been appointed chairman of the committee in charge, with Walter Gwiler as his assistant. In the attendance contest, the team headed by P. F. Gordon, now holds the lead over the team headed by Frank Driscoll. Memorial services will be held by the club on June 2.

Special committees of ten, which will have charge of the stag night meeting in June was announced and includes Harry Hobart, chairman; Dr. E. C. Wilson, Harry Huntberry, William King, Charles Lamm, W. Lee Martin, Leslie, Bertram Lennon, Henry Karr and Harry Hoffman.

TRADE BOARD PLANS PROGRAM FOR YEAR

Organization to Launch Study of District Needs at Banquet Monday.

Launching a comprehensive program of study of District needs, with a view of presenting definite recommendations to Congress at its next session, committee chairmen of the Washington Board of Trade will meet with executive officers of the organization at a banquet Monday night in the Willard hotel.

Officials of the board anticipate the most far-reaching fact-finding program in the history of the District will be ushered in as a result of the meeting. They hope to eliminate the necessity of long-drawn-out public hearings by presenting to Congress concise summaries of local needs.

Among the subjects which will occupy the attention of the board are fiscal relations, suffrage for the District, traffic regulation, schools, streets, tax revision and a more adequate District police force.

The board will be supplied with copies of proposed bills affecting the District. Figures included in the budget estimates for the District government for 1929 also will be placed at their disposal by the District commissioners.

Found Asleep in Car, Held on Drug Charge

An abrupt awakening from a sound sleep in an automobile in Potomac park yesterday was followed by the arrest of Samuel E. Killian, 38 years old, 516 Twelfth street northwest, on a charge of violating the Harrison law by possession of narcotics.

Park Policeman Libby came upon Killian seated at the wheel of the automobile, his head pillowed in his arms, sound asleep, and awakened him. Killian, police say, gazed into the face of the policeman, then quickly drew a small vial from his coat pocket and smashed it on the ground. Investigation by Detectives Charles Wardfield and Robert Saunders revealed that the vial contained drugs. Killian was taken before United States Commissioner Needham C. Turnage, pleaded not guilty, and was sent to jail in default of \$2,000 bail to await grand jury action.

Safety for Fliers, Aim Of Radio Tower Paint

The radio tower at the Washington navy yard is to be painted white and black in line with a Navy Department experiment to verify results of visibility tests made recently. The lower 117 feet and alternate panels from the level to the top 300 feet, will be painted black, and the remaining panels white.

As agent for the Belgian concern the plaintiff contracted with the American Lumber Co. and the Gulf Shipbuilding Co., which were operated by the alien property custodian, to build a motor schooner, but when the schooner was built, it is charged, the tonnage was less than that called for in the contract. Hence the suit in the Belgian courts. The plaintiff now seeks to establish a lien against the assets of the shipbuilders for the amount of the verdict rendered in Belgium.

KIWANIS OFFICIAL SPEAKS AT LUNCHEON

Tidewater Organizations Hold Interclub Meeting at Alexandria.

Melville T. Blassingame, lieutenant governor of the Kiwanis Tidewater district, yesterday addressed 200 members of the Kiwanis club from Washington, Alexandria, Manassas and Fredericksburg, holding an interclub relations luncheon meeting at the George Mason hotel in Alexandria.

The presidents of the four clubs, William Quintner of Washington; Nelson T. Snyder of Alexandria; Eli Swavely of Manassas, and Philip Stearns of Fredericksburg, each made brief talks. W. P. Carmichael, of Fredericksburg, extended an invitation to the other clubs to participate in the opening of the Jefferson Davis highway May 26. President Quintner, of the Washington club, invited the other groups to attend Kiwanis memorial exercises at the tomb of the Unknown, in Arlington, May 29.

A silver loving cup, which has traveled through 40 clubs of the Capital

BUS COMPANY FILES FOR NEW HEARINGS ON INCREASED FARE

Brief Does Not Admit That North American Concern Owns Stock.

SHAREHOLDERS BLAMED FOR SALE OR TRANSFER

Statutes, However, Would Uphold Possession by Firm; Says Hoover.

George P. Hoover, counsel for the Washington Rapid Transit Co., yesterday filed with the public utilities commission a brief supporting the bus company's application for resumption of the hearings on its application for permission to increase bus fares.

The brief was in reply to the points raised by William McK. Clayton, that the bus concern was without standing before the commission because nearly all of its outstanding capital stock had been acquired by the North American Co., of New York, without consent of Congress, in violation of an act of Congress.

Hoover does not pass on the legality of the North American Co.'s holding of bus company stock. In fact, he does not admit that it owns any, but says that if it does such shares, not sold by the Washington Rapid Transit Co. and that that concern should not be penalized for an act of which it was not guilty.

The brief recited that Eugene A. Thompson has registered in his name, as trustee, 21,207 of the 21,612 outstanding shares of stock, the remainder being held by 48 persons, that Thompson holds the shares as trustee for Robert Seely, treasurer of the North American Co.; that the North American Co. had made advances for purchase of the shares, but had not acquired them, although Seely recognizes the beneficial interest in the New York concern in the shares, and that no transfer of the ownership of the stock to the North American Co. has been noted on the books of the Washington Rapid Transit Co.

Violation Is Denied. Hoover's brief continues: "Even assuming that the said shares are beneficially owned by the North American Co., nevertheless we maintain that the holding of such shares by the North American Co. does not constitute a violation of the Washington Rapid Transit Co. of the statutory prohibitions.

"The Washington Rapid Transit Co. did not transfer any portion of its stock or bonds to any corporation which is prohibited from owning or holding said shares of stock.

"Whatever may be the status of the North American Co. respecting the foregoing share of stock, we desire to emphasize that the Washington Rapid Transit Co., which is the sole party before the commission, has never sold or transferred any portion of its stock or bonds to any other public utility or holding company whatsoever, and that, therefore, it can not be legally penalized for changes in the ownership of its shares, whether corporate or individual."

Utility Board Acts to Hire Valuation Experts Soon

The public utilities commission took steps at its semi-weekly meeting yesterday designed to insure organization next week of staff of experts and clerks to value, for rate revision, the property of the Washington Gas Light Co. and the Georgetown Gas Light Co., and the scores of other utility companies.

Letters were ordered sent to Andrew Sangster, of New York, valuation expert, and H. Carl Wolfe, engineer of the public utilities commission of Maryland, asking them to come to Washington to talk terms with the commission. It is the desire of the commission, if possible, to obtain the services of the two to head the investigation.

The commission also authorized the proposed changes in three one-man street car routes of the Washington Railway & Electric Co., to take place as soon as a right-turn switch is installed at Ninth and E streets northwest, for use of the rerouted Anacostia line.

The present Eleventh street-Brookland line will be divided into two routes, one from Eleventh street to Anacostia and the other from Brookland to the streetcar terminal at the Navy Yard. The Central High school-Anacostia line will be rerouted to the Navy Yard, instead of to the wharves, except during rush periods, when they will proceed to the bureau of engraving.

Authorization was voted for the Washington Railway & Electric Co. to purchase six new buses to augment service on its bus lines.

Georgian Elected Horological Head

J. P. Stevens, of Atlanta, Ga., was elected president of the Horological Institute of America at the closing session of its annual meeting yesterday in the National Academy of Sciences building. Robert F. Nattan, of New York, was elected first vice president and William Ramsey, of Washington, second vice president. Paul Moore, of the national research council, was re-elected secretary. John J. Bowman, of Lancaster, Pa., was elected treasurer.

E. H. Hufnagel, the retiring president, of Mount Vernon, N. Y.; L. W. Lilley, of Milford, Mass.; Tell B. Nussbaum, of Lancaster, Pa., and L. D. Freeman, of Atlanta, Ga., were elected to the executive committee. Paul C. Moore, of Philadelphia; Tell B. Nussbaum, P. T. Haschka, of New York; Paul M. Chamberlain, of Chicago, were re-elected, and William Ramsey, of Washington, D. C.; F. Freeman, of Atlanta, Ga., and Walter Lugin, of New York, were elected to the advisory council.

Rapid Progress Made In Jewish Campaign

Substantial progress in the drive for \$50,000 was reported yesterday at the first luncheon of workers in the \$50,000 united Palestine appeal.

More than 100 workers attended the luncheon, which was held at the Jewish Community center. Levi H. Davis and Louis E. Spiegel, leaders in the campaign, gave short talks on the need of intensifying the canvass. A dramatic recitation was given by Yvonne Levy.

Fumes Overcome Worker.

While working in a manhole at Thirty-seventh street and Wisconsin avenue northwest yesterday Ernest Dilitt, 23 years old, 604 Fifteenth street northwest, employed as an electrician by the Potomac Electric Power Co., was overcome by sewer gas. He was taken to Georgetown University hospital by fellow workmen and revived. His condition was reported not serious.

A Break in the Tension



APPARENTLY THIS WAS A CLEAR DIPLOMATIC VICTORY FOR THE AMERICAN CONTENTION FOR THE SAFETY OF INNOCENT PERSONS ON THE SEAS, AND SERVED TEMPORARILY TO RELIEVE THE TENSION IN THE UNITED STATES.



FOR SOME WEEKS THIS PLEDGE WAS KEPT, BUT OTHER AMERICAN LIVES WERE LOST AND ANOTHER CRISIS AROSE. THE SENATE AND HOUSE APPROVED THE WILSON POLICY OF REFUSING TO Surrender THE RIGHTS OF AMERICANS ON THE SEA.